

TABLE OF CONFORMITY

Regulation (EU) 2022/2065 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 October 2022 on a Single Market For Digital Services and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (Digital Services Act) CELEX number 32022R2065, Official Journal of the European Union, L 277/1, dated 27.10.2022		Albanian Legislation 1. Draft law “On digital services in the Republic of Albania” 2. Draft law “On some additions and amendments to law no. 10128/2009 “On electronic commerce” as amended F – full compliance P – partial compliance N – non-compliance (or lack of compliance)				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Article	Text	Reference	Article	Contents	Conformity	Notes
<i>This column indicates only the number of the article of the EU acquis instrument or the paragraph or subparagraph.</i>	<i>This column contains the text of the article corresponding to the number in the first column. If necessary, each article may be divided into paragraphs or subparagraphs, placing each on a separate line.</i>	<i>here is more than one legal act that has adopted it, then they are numbered and the corresponding number is noted in this column according to the order at the end of the table (*).</i>	<i>This column indicates the article number of the national act.</i>	<i>This column indicates the text of the article, or parts of the article, to which the number in the fourth column corresponds and which has approximated the requirements of the article of the EU acquis in the second column.</i>	<i>This column indicates the degree of approximation for each specific article.</i>	<i>This column provides information on the degree of approximation. When approximation is not complete, the reasons and deadlines for when full approximation will be made are provided.</i>
1.1	Article 1 Purpose The aim of this Regulation is to contribute to the proper functioning of the internal market for intermediary services by setting out harmonised rules for a safe, predictable and trusted online environment that facilitates innovation and in which fundamental rights enshrined in the Charter, including the principle of consumer protection, are effectively protected.	1	1.1	Article 1 Purpose 1. The aim of this law is to contribute to the proper functioning of the market for intermediary services in the Republic of Albania, by setting out harmonised rules for a safe, predictable and trusted online environment, which promotes innovation and protects the fundamental rights enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of Albania and the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, including the principle of consumer protection are effectively protected..	F	
1.2	2.This Regulation lays down harmonised rules on the provision of intermediary services in the internal market. In particular, it establishes:	1	1.2	2.This law lays down rules on the provision of intermediary services in the Republic of Albania,	F	

				harmonised with the relevant practice of the European Union and establishes in particular:		
1.2.a	(a) a framework for the conditional exemption from liability of providers of intermediary services;	1	1.2.a	a) a framework for the conditional exemption from liability, of intermediary service providers;	F	
1.2.b	(b) rules on specific due diligence obligations tailored to certain specific categories of providers of intermediary services;	1	1.2.b	b) rules on specific due diligence obligations for, tailored to specific categories of intermediary service providers;	F	
1.2.c	(c) rules on the implementation and enforcement of this Regulation, including as regards the cooperation of and coordination between the competent authorities.	1	1.2.c	c) rules on the implementation and enforcement of this law, including as regards the cooperation and coordination between the competent authorities in the Republic of Albania, harmonised with the practice of the European Union.	F	
2.1	Article 2 Scope This Regulation shall apply to intermediary services offered to recipients of the service that have their place of establishment or are located in the Union, irrespective of where the providers of those intermediary services have their place of establishment.	1	2.1	Article 2 Scope 1. This law shall apply to intermediary services offered to recipients of services that have their place of establishment or are located in the Republic of Albania, irrespective of where the provider of these services is established.	F	
2.2	This Regulation shall not apply to any service that is not an intermediary service or to any requirements imposed in respect of such a service, irrespective of whether the service is provided through the use of an intermediary service.	1	2.2	2. This law shall not apply to any other service that is not an intermediary service, or to any requirement related to such a service, irrespective of whether the service is provided through the use of an intermediary service.	F	
2.3	This Regulation shall not affect the application of Directive 2000/31/EC.	1	2.3	3. This law does not affect the application of Law no. 10128, dated 11.5.2009 "On electronic commerce", as amended.	F	
2.4	This Regulation is without prejudice to the rules laid down by other Union legal acts regulating other aspects of the provision of intermediary services in the internal market or specifying and complementing this Regulation, in particular, the following:	1	2.4	4. This law shall be without prejudice to the rules laid down by the legislation in force, which regulates other aspects of the provision of intermediary services, or which specifies and supplements the regulations under this law, in particular in the following areas:	F	
2.4.a	(a) Directive 2010/13/EU;	1	2.4.a	a) media and audiovisual services, according to Law No. 97/2013 as amended;	F	
2.4.b	(b) Union law on copyright and related rights;	1	2.4.b	b) copyright and related rights, according to Law no. 35/2016 amended;	F	
2.4.c	(c) Regulation (EU) 2021/784;	1	2.4.c	c) the prevention of the dissemination of terrorist content online;	F	
2.4.d	(d) Regulation (EU) 2019/1148;	1	2.4.c	ç) marketing and use of explosives precursors;	F	
2.4.e	(e) Regulation (EU) 2019/1150;	1	2.4.d	d) the promotion of fairness and transparency for business users of online intermediation services;	F	

2.4.f	(f) Union law on consumer protection and product safety, including Regulations (EU) 2017/2394 and (EU) 2019/1020 and Directives 2001/95/EC and 2013/11/EU;	1	2.4.dh	dh) consumer protection and product safety;	F	
2.4.g	(g) Union law on the protection of personal data, in particular Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Directive 2002/58/EC;	1	2.4.e	e) protection of personal data according to law no. 124/2024 and and Chapter XIX, of law no. 54/2024 on electronic communications;	F	
2.4.h	(h) Union law in the field of judicial cooperation in civil matters, in particular Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 or any legal act of the Union that lays down the rules on the law applicable to contractual and non-contractual obligations;	1	2.4.f	e) international judicial cooperation in civil matters, in accordance with the Civil Procedure Code of Albania;	F	
2.4.i	(i) Union law in the field of judicial cooperation in criminal matters, in particular a Regulation on European Production and Preservation Orders for electronic evidence in criminal matters;	1	2.4.f	f) international judicial cooperation in criminal matters.	F	
2.4.j	(j) a Directive laying down harmonised rules on the appointment of legal representatives for the purpose of gathering evidence in criminal proceedings.				Not applicable	There is no need to approximate as long as Albania does not have such rules or does not establish such rules.
3	Article 3 Definitions For the purpose of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:	1	3	Article 3 Definitions In this law, the following terms have the following meanings:	F	
3.a	(a) ‘information society service’ means a ‘service’ as defined in Article 1(1), point (b), of Directive (EU) 2015/1535;	1	3.20	20. “Information society service” has the same meaning as the definition given in point 70, of Article 4, of Law No. 54/2024, “On electronic communications in the Republic of Albania”.	F	
3.b	(b) ‘recipient of the service’ means any natural or legal person who uses an intermediary service, in particular for the purposes of seeking information or making it accessible;	1	3.10	10“Recipient of the service” is any natural or legal person using an intermediary service, in particular for the purpose of seeking information or making it accessible.	F	
3.c	(c) ‘consumer’ means any natural person who is acting for purposes which are outside his or her trade, business, craft, or profession;	1	3.3	3.“Consumer” is any natural person acting for purposes outside his or her trade, business, craft or profession..	F	
3.d	(d) ‘to offer services in the Union’ means enabling natural or legal persons in one or more Member States to use the services of a provider of intermediary services that has a substantial connection to the Union;	1	3.23	23. “To offer services in the national territory” means to allow natural or legal persons located in the territory of the Republic of Albania to use the services of a provider	F	

				of intermediary services that has a substantial connection with the territory of the Republic of Albania;		
3.e	(e) 'substantial connection to the Union' means a connection of a provider of intermediary services with the Union resulting either from its establishment in the Union or from specific factual criteria, such as: - a significant number of recipients of the service in one or more Member States in relation to its or their population; or - the targeting of activities towards one or more Member States;	1	3.2	2"Substantial to the territory of the Republic of Albania" means the connection between a provider of intermediary service and the territory of the Republic of Albania, arising from the fact that the provider is established in the Republic of Albania, or from specific factual criteria, such as: a) the provider has a significant number of recipients of the service in the Republic of Albania in relation to the population or, b) targeting activities towards the Republic of Albania.	F	
3.f	(f) 'trader' means any natural person, or any legal person irrespective of whether it is privately or publicly owned, who is acting, including through any person acting in his or her name or on his or her behalf, for purposes relating to his or her trade, business, craft or profession;	1	3.24	24. "Trader" means any natural or legal person, irrespective of whether privately or publicly owned, who is acting, including through any other person acting in his name or on his behalf, for purposes relating to his trade, business, craft or profession;	F	
3.g	(g) 'intermediary service' means one of the following information society services:	1	3.21	21. "Intermediation service" means one of the information society services as follows:	F	
3.g.i.	(i) a 'mere conduit' service, consisting of the transmission in a communication network of information provided by a recipient of the service, or the provision of access to a communication network;	1	3.21.a	a)"Mere conduit", means the service, consisting of the transmission in a communications network, of the information provided by a recipient of the service, or the provision of access to a communications network;	F	
3.g.ii	(ii) a 'caching' service, consisting of the transmission in a communication network of information provided by a recipient of the service, involving the automatic, intermediate and temporary storage of that information, performed for the sole purpose of making more efficient the information's onward transmission to other recipients upon their request;	1	3.21.b	b)'Caching' service consisting of the transmission in a communication network of information provided by a recipient of the service, involving the automatic, intermediate and temporary storage of the transmitted information, the sole purpose of which is to make the onward transmission of information to other recipients more efficient at their request;	F	
3.g.iii	(iii) a 'hosting' service, consisting of the storage of information provided by, and at the request of, a recipient of the service;	1	3.21.c	c)a ' <i>Hosting</i> ' service consisting of the storage of information provided by a recipient of the service at his or her request;	F	
3.h	(h) 'illegal content' means any information that, in itself or in relation to an activity, including the sale of products or the provision of services, is not in compliance with Union law or the law of any Member State which is in compliance with Union law, irrespective of the precise subject matter or nature of that law;	1	3.15	15. "Illegal content" means any information that, in itself or in relation to an activity, including the sale of products or the provision of services, is not in compliance with the law, irrespective of the precise subject matter or nature of that law;	F	
3.i	(i) 'online platform' means a hosting service that, at the request of a recipient of the service, stores and disseminates information to the public, unless that activity is a minor and purely ancillary feature of another service or a minor functionality of the principal service	1	3.16	16."Online platform" means a 'hosting' service which, at the request of a recipient of the service, stores and disseminates information to the public, unless that activity is a minor and purely ancillary feature of another service or a minor function of the main service	F	

	and, for objective and technical reasons, cannot be used without that other service, and the integration of the feature or functionality into the other service is not a means to circumvent the applicability of this Regulation;			and, for objective and technical reasons, cannot be used without that other service, and the integration of the feature or function into that other service is not a means to circumvent the application of this law;		
3.j	(j) ‘online search engine’ means an intermediary service that allows users to input queries in order to perform searches of, in principle, all websites, or all websites in a particular language, on the basis of a query on any subject in the form of a keyword, voice request, phrase or other input, and returns results in any format in which information related to the requested content can be found;	1	3.12	12. “online search engine” means an intermediary service that allows users to enter queries to search, in principle, all websites or websites in a given language on the basis of a query on any subject in the form of a word, voice prompt, phrase or other input and that provides results in any format in which information related to the content searched can be found;	F	
3.k	(k) ‘dissemination to the public’ means making information available, at the request of the recipient of the service who provided the information, to a potentially unlimited number of third parties;	1	3.22	22. “Dissemination to the public”, means making the information available to a potentially unlimited number of third parties, at the request of the recipient of the service who provided the information.	F	
3.l	(l) ‘distance contract’ means ‘distance contract’ as defined in Article 2, point (7), of Directive 2011/83/EU;	1	3.4	4. “Distance contract” has the same meaning as the definition given in point 22, of Article 3, of Law no. 9902, dated 17.4.2008, “On consumer protection”, as amended.	F	
3.m	(m) ‘online interface’ means any software, including a website or a part thereof, and applications, including mobile applications;	1	3.13	13. “Online interface” means any <i>software</i> , including a website or parts thereof, and applications, including mobile applications.	F	
3.n	(n) ‘Digital Services Coordinator of establishment’ means the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State where the main establishment of a provider of an intermediary service is located or its legal representative resides or is established;	1	3.6	6. “The Digital Services Coordinator” is the regulatory body designated as the Digital Services Coordinator in accordance with Article 49 and according to the criteria set out in Article 50 of this law.	F	
3.o	(o) ‘Digital Services Coordinator of destination’ means the Digital Services Coordinator of a Member State where the intermediary service is provided;	1			Not applicable	
3.p	(p) ‘active recipient of an online platform’ means a recipient of the service that has engaged with an online platform by either requesting the online platform to host information or being exposed to information hosted by the online platform and disseminated through its online interface;	1	3.8	8. “Active recipient of an online platform” means a recipient of the service that has interacted with an online platform either by requesting the online platform to host information or by exposing it to information hosted by the online platform and disseminated through its online interface;	F	
3.q	(q) ‘active recipient of an online search engine’ means a recipient of the service that has submitted a query to an online search engine and been exposed to information indexed and presented on its online interface;	1	3.9	9. “Active recipient of an online search engine” means a recipient of the service who has entered a query into an online search engine and has been exposed to information indexed and presented through its online interface;	F	
3.r	(r) ‘advertisement’ means information designed to promote the message of a legal or natural person, irrespective of whether to achieve commercial or non-commercial purposes, and presented by an online	1	3.18	18. “Advertisement” means information intended to promote the message of a legal or natural person, whether for commercial or non-commercial purposes, and presented by an online platform on its online	F	

	platform on its online interface against remuneration specifically for promoting that information;			interface for remuneration, with the specific purpose of promoting that information.		
3.s	(s) ‘recommender system’ means a fully or partially automated system used by an online platform to suggest in its online interface specific information to recipients of the service or prioritise that information, including as a result of a search initiated by the recipient of the service or otherwise determining the relative order or prominence of information displayed;	1	3.19	19. “Recommender system” means a fully or partially automated system used by an online platform to suggest specific information to recipients of the service in its online interface or to prioritise that information, including as a result of a search initiated by the recipient of the service or otherwise determining the relative order or prominence of the information displayed;	F	
3.t	(t) ‘content moderation’ means the activities, whether automated or not, undertaken by providers of intermediary services, that are aimed, in particular, at detecting, identifying and addressing illegal content or information incompatible with their terms and conditions, provided by recipients of the service, including measures taken that affect the availability, visibility, and accessibility of that illegal content or that information, such as demotion, demonetisation, disabling of access to, or removal thereof, or that affect the ability of the recipients of the service to provide that information, such as the termination or suspension of a recipient’s account;	1	3.11	11. “Content moderation” means activities, automated or not, undertaken by providers of intermediary services, with the aim, in particular, of detecting, identifying and addressing illegal content or information incompatible with their terms and conditions, provided by recipients of the service, including measures taken that affect the availability, visibility and accessibility of that illegal content or information, such as demotion, demonetisation, disabling of access to or removal of that content and information, or measures taken that affect the ability of recipients of the service to provide that information, such as the termination or suspension of the recipient’s account;	F	
3.u	(u) ‘terms and conditions’ means all clauses, irrespective of their name or form, which govern the contractual relationship between the provider of intermediary services and the recipients of the service;	1	3.7	7. “Terms and Conditions” mean all terms, regardless of their name or form, governing the contractual relationship between the provider of intermediary services and the recipients of the service.	F	
3.v	(v) ‘persons with disabilities’ means ‘persons with disabilities’ as referred to in Article 3, point (1), of Directive (EU) 2019/882 of the European Parliament and of the Council (38);	1	3.14	14. “Persons with disabilities” has the same meaning as the definition provided in Law no. 93/2014 “On the inclusion and accessibility of persons with disabilities”.	F	
3.w	(w) ‘commercial communication’ means ‘commercial communication’ as defined in Article 2, point (f), of Directive 2000/31/EC;	1	3.5	5. “Commercial communication” has the same meaning as the definition given in Article 3, of Law No. 10128/2009 “On electronic commerce” of .amended	F	
3.x	(x) ‘turnover’ means the amount derived by an undertaking within the meaning of Article 5(1) of Council Regulation (EC) No 139/2004 (39).	1	3.17	17. “Turnover” means the total income generated by an undertaking on an annual basis, in accordance with Albanian legislation.	F	
4.1	Article 4 ‘Mere Conduit’ Where an information society service is provided that consists of the transmission in a communication network of information provided by a recipient of the service, or the provision of access to a communication network, the service provider shall not be liable for the information transmitted or accessed, on condition that the provider:	1	4.1	Article 4 Simple transmission channel ‘Mere Conduit’ 1. Where the provision of the information society service consists in the transmission in a communications network of information provided by the recipient of the service, or in providing access to a communications network, the service provider shall not be liable for the information transmitted or accessed, if the provider:	F	
4.1.a	(a) does not initiate the transmission;	1	4.1.a	a) does not initiate the transmission;	F	
4.1.b	(b) does not select the receiver of the transmission; and	1	4.1.b	b) does not select the recipient of the transmission; and	F	

4.1.c	(c) does not select or modify the information contained in the transmission.	1	4.1.c	c) does not select or modify the content of the information that is transmitted.	F	
4.2	The acts of transmission and of provision of access referred to in paragraph 1 shall include the automatic, intermediate and transient storage of the information transmitted in so far as this takes place for the sole purpose of carrying out the transmission in the communication network, and provided that the information is not stored for any period longer than is reasonably necessary for the transmission.	1	4.2	2.The acts of transmission and of providing access, according to point 1, of this article, include the automatic, intermediate and temporary storage of the transmitted information, for as long as the storage serves exclusively for carrying out the transmission in the communication network and and on condition that the duration of the storage does not exceed the reasonably necessary time to carry out the transmission..	F	
4.3	This Article shall not affect the possibility for a judicial or administrative authority, in accordance with a Member State's legal system, to require the service provider to terminate or prevent an infringement.	1	4.3	3.This article does not affect the possibility for the court or a competent authority, to require the service provider to terminate, or prevent an infringement, in accordance with the legislation in force.	F	
5.1	Article 5 "Caching" Where an information society service is provided that consists of the transmission in a communication network of information provided by a recipient of the service, the service provider shall not be liable for the automatic, intermediate and temporary storage of that information, performed for the sole purpose of making more efficient or more secure the information's onward transmission to other recipients of the service upon their request, on condition that the provider:	1	5.1	Article 5 Temporary storage of information "Caching" 1. Where an information society service is provided that consists of the transmission of the information provided by the recipient of the service, , the service provider shall not be responsible for the automatic, intermediate and temporary, storage of that information, as long as the storage serves solely to make the onward transmission of the information to other recipients of the service more efficient or secure at their request, if the provider:	F	
5.1.a	(a) does not modify the information;	1	5.1.a	a)does not modify the information;	F	
5.1.b	(b) complies with conditions on access to the information;	1	5.1.b	b) complies the conditions of access to information;	F	
5.1.c	(c) complies with rules regarding the updating of the information, specified in a manner widely recognised and used by industry;	1	5.1.c	c)complies with the rules for updating information, established in a manner that is recognised and widely used in the industry;	F	
5.1.d	(d) does not interfere with the lawful use of technology, widely recognised and used by industry, to obtain data on the use of the information; and	1	5.1.ç	(ç) prevents the unlawful use of technology, known and widely used in industry, for the purpose of obtaining data on the use of information; and	F	
5.1.e	(e) acts expeditiously to remove or to disable access to the information it has stored upon obtaining actual knowledge of the fact that the information at the initial source of the transmission has been removed from the network, or access to it has been disabled, or that a judicial or an administrative authority has ordered such removal or disablement.	1	5.1.d	d) acts expeditiously to remove, or to disable access to the information that it has stored as soon as it becomes effectively aware that the information at the origin of the transmission has been removed from the network or access to it has been disabled, or that a judicial or competent authority has ordered the removal of or disabling of access to that information.	F	
5.2	This Article shall not affect the possibility for a judicial or administrative authority, in accordance with a Member	1	5.2	2.This Article does not affect the possibility that the court or a competent authority, in accordance with the	F	

	State's legal system, to require the service provider to terminate or prevent an infringement.			applicable national legislation, may require the service provider to terminate, or prevent an infringement.		
6.1	Article 6 "Hosting" Where an information society service is provided that consists of the storage of information provided by a recipient of the service, the service provider shall not be liable for the information stored at the request of a recipient of the service, on condition that the provider:	1	6.1	Article 6 Information storage service "Hosting" 1. Where an information society service consists in the storage of information provided by the recipient of the service, the provider of the information society service shall not be liable for the information stored at the request of the recipient of the service, if the provider:	F	
6.1.a	(a) does not have actual knowledge of illegal activity or illegal content and, as regards claims for damages, is not aware of facts or circumstances from which the illegal activity or illegal content is apparent; or	1	6.1.a	a)does not have knowledge of the illegal activity or illegal content and, as regards claims for damages, is not aware of facts or circumstances from which the illegal activity or content is apparent; or	F	
6.1.b	(b) upon obtaining such knowledge or awareness, acts expeditiously to remove or to disable access to the illegal content.	1	6.1.b	b)upon obtaining such knowledge, act expeditiously to remove or disable access to the illegal content.	F	
6.2	Paragraph 1 shall not apply where the recipient of the service is acting under the authority or the control of the provider.	1	6.2	2.Point 1, of this Article, shall not apply when the recipient of the service acts under authority or the control of the service provider.	F	
6.3	Paragraph 1 shall not apply with respect to the liability under consumer protection law of online platforms that allow consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders, where such an online platform presents the specific item of information or otherwise enables the specific transaction at issue in a way that would lead an average consumer to believe that the information, or the product or service that is the object of the transaction, is provided either by the online platform itself or by a recipient of the service who is acting under its authority or control.	1	6.3	3.Point 1, of this Article shall not apply with regard to liability under consumer law of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders, where such online platform presents the specific information or otherwise facilitates the specific transaction concerned in such a way that an average consumer believes that the information, product or service that is the subject of the transaction is provided either by the online platform itself or by a recipient of the service acting under its authority or control.	F	
6.4	This Article shall not affect the possibility for a judicial or administrative authority, in accordance with a Member State's legal system, to require the service provider to terminate or prevent an infringement.	1	6.4	4.This Article shall not affect the possibility for a court or a competent authority, in accordance with the applicable national law, to require the service provider to terminate, or prevent an infringement.	F	
7	Article 7 Voluntary own-initiative investigations and legal compliance Providers of intermediary services shall not be deemed ineligible for the exemptions from liability referred to in Articles 4, 5 and 6 solely because they, in good faith and in a diligent manner, carry out voluntary own-initiative investigations into, or take other measures aimed at detecting, identifying and removing, or disabling access to, illegal content, or take the necessary measures to comply with the requirements of Union law and national	1	7	Article 7 Voluntary investigations at the initiative of the provider and legal compliance Providers of intermediary services shall not be deemed ineligible for the exemptions from liability referred to in Articles 4, 5 and 6 solely because they, in good faith and in a diligent manner, carry out voluntary own-initiative investigations into, or take other measures aimed at detecting, identifying and removing, or disabling access to, illegal content, or take the necessary measures to	F	

	law in compliance with Union law, including the requirements set out in this Regulation.			comply with the requirements of national law, including the requirements set out in this Law.		
8	Article 8 No general monitoring or active fact-finding obligations No general obligation to monitor the information which providers of intermediary services transmit or store, nor actively to seek facts or circumstances indicating illegal activity shall be imposed on those providers.	1	8	Article 8 No general monitoring or active fact-finding obligations Providers of intermediary services have no general obligation to monitor the information they transmit or store, nor an obligation to actively seek facts or circumstances indicating activities that are illegal.	F	
9.1	Article 9 Orders to act against illegal content Upon the receipt of an order to act against one or more specific items of illegal content, issued by the relevant national judicial or administrative authorities, on the basis of the applicable Union law or national law in compliance with Union law, providers of intermediary services shall inform the authority issuing the order, or any other authority specified in the order, of any effect given to the order without undue delay, specifying if and when effect was given to the order.	1	9.1	Article 9 Orders to act against illegal content 1. Upon the receipt of an order to act against one or more specific items of illegal content, issued by the relevant national judicial or administrative authorities, on the basis of the applicable national law, providers of intermediary services shall inform the authority issuing the order, or any other authority specified in the order, of any effect given to the order without undue delay, specifying if and when effect was given to the order.	F	
9.2	Member States shall ensure that when an order referred to in paragraph 1 is transmitted to the provider, it meets at least the following conditions:	1	9.2	2.The order referred to in point 1 of this Article shall meet at least the following conditions:	F	
9.2.a	(a) that order contains the following elements:	1	9.2.a	a) The order contains the elements as follows:	F	
9.2.a.i	(i) a reference to the legal basis under Union or national law for the order;	1	9.2.a.i	(i) a reference to the legal basis for issuing the order under national law;	F	
9.2.a.ii	(ii) a statement of reasons explaining why the information is illegal content, by reference to one or more specific provisions of Union law or national law in compliance with Union law;	1	9.2.a.ii	(ii) a tatement of reasons, explaining why the information is illegal content, by reference to one or more specific legal provisions under the relevant legislation in force;	F	
9.2.a.iii	(iii) information identifying the issuing authority;	1	9.2.a.iii	(iii) information for the identification of the competent authority that issued the order;	F	
9.2.a.iv	(iv) clear information enabling the provider of intermediary services to identify and locate the illegal content concerned, such as one or more exact URL and, where necessary, additional information;	1	9.2.a.iv	iv.clear information, enabling the provider of intermediary services, to identify and locate the illegal content in question, one or more exact URL addresses, as well as when necessary additional information;	F	
9.2.a.v	(v) information about redress mechanisms available to the provider of intermediary services and to the recipient of the service who provided the content;	1	9.2.a.v	v.information about redress mechanisms available to the provider of intermediary services and to the recipient of the service who has provided the content;	F	
9.2.a.vi	(vi) where applicable, information about which authority is to receive the information about the effect given to the orders;	1	9.2.a.vi	vi.where applicable, information about which authority is to receive the information about the effect given to the orders;	F	
9.2.b	(b) the territorial scope of that order, on the basis of the applicable rules of Union and national law, including the	1	9.2.b	b) the territorial scope of that order, on the basis of the applicable rules of national law, and, where relevant,	F	

	Charter, and, where relevant, general principles of international law, is limited to what is strictly necessary to achieve its objective;			general principles of international law, is limited to what is strictly necessary to achieve its objective;		
9.2.c	(c) that order is transmitted in one of the languages declared by the provider of intermediary services pursuant to Article 11(3) or in another official language of the Member States, agreed between the authority issuing the order and that provider, and is sent to the electronic point of contact designated by that provider, in accordance with Article 11; where the order is not drafted in the language declared by the provider of intermediary services or in another bilaterally agreed language, the order may be transmitted in the language of the authority issuing the order, provided that it is accompanied by a translation into such declared or bilaterally agreed language of at least the elements set out in points (a) and (b) of this paragraph.	1	9.2.c	c)the order is drafted in the Albanian language if the provider is an Albanian company and when it is a foreign company, the order translated into the English language is sent to the online contact point, designated by the service provider, in accordance with the provisions of Article 11, of this law.	F	
9.3	The authority issuing the order or, where applicable, the authority specified therein, shall transmit it, along with any information received from the provider of intermediary services concerning the effect given to that order to the Digital Services Coordinator from the Member State of the issuing authority.	1	9.3	3.The authority issuing the order or, where applicable, the authority specified in it, informs the Digital Services Coordinator and sends the order together with any information received from the provider of intermediary services, regarding the effect given to that order.	F	
9.4	After receiving the order from the judicial or administrative authority, the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State concerned shall, without undue delay, transmit a copy of the order referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article to all other Digital Services Coordinators through the system established in accordance with Article 85.	1	9.4	4.For the purpose of ensuring the implementation of this article, the Digital Services Coordinator requests cooperation from the Digital Services Coordinators, or other relevant authorities of other states.	F	
9.5	At the latest when effect is given to the order or, where applicable, at the time provided by the issuing authority in its order, providers of intermediary services shall inform the recipient of the service concerned of the order received and to the effect given to it. Such information provided to the recipient of the service shall include a statement of reasons, the possibilities for redress that exist, and a description of the territorial scope of the order, in accordance with paragraph 2.	1	9.5	5. At the latest when effect is given to the order or, where applicable, at the time provided by the issuing authority in its order, providers of intermediary services shall inform the recipient of the service concerned of the order received and to the effect given to it. Such information provided to the recipient of the service shall include a statement of reasons, the possibilities for redress that exist, and a description of the territorial scope of the order, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this article.	F	
9.6	The conditions and requirements laid down in this Article shall be without prejudice to national civil and criminal procedural law.	1	9.6	6.The conditions and requirements established in this Article do not affect the application of the provisions of civil and criminal procedural law.	F	
10 .1	Article 10 Orders to provide information	1	10 .1	Article 10 Orders for the provision of information	F	

	Upon receipt of an order to provide specific information about one or more specific individual recipients of the service, issued by the relevant national judicial or administrative authorities on the basis of the applicable Union law or national law in compliance with Union law, providers of intermediary services shall, without undue delay inform the authority issuing the order, or any other authority specified in the order, of its receipt and of the effect given to the order, specifying if and when effect was given to the order.			1. Upon receipt of an order to provide specific information, for one or more specific individual recipients of the service, issued by the relevant national judicial or administrative authorities, on the basis of the applicable national legislation, intermediary service providers shall, without delay, inform the authority issuing the order, or any other authority specified in the order, of its receipt and of the effect given to the order, specifying whether and when effect was given to it.		
10.2.a	Member States shall ensure that when an order referred to in paragraph 1 is transmitted to the provider, it meets at least the following conditions: a) to contain:	1	10 .2.a	2. The order under point 1 of this Article, transmitted to the provider, shall meet at least the following conditions: a) the order contains the elements as follows:	F	
10 .2.a.i	(i) a reference to the legal basis under Union or national law for the order;	1	10 .2.a.i	i. a reference to the legal basis under national law for the order;	F	
10 .2.a.ii	(ii) information identifying the issuing authority;	1	10 .2.a.ii	ii. information identifying the issuing authority;	F	
10 .2.a.iii	(iii) clear information enabling the provider of intermediary services to identify the specific recipient or recipients on whom information is sought, such as one or more account names or unique identifiers;	1	10 .2.a.iii	iii. clear information that enables the provider of intermediary services to identify the specific recipient or recipients of services for whom information is requested, such as one or more account names or unique identifiers;	F	
10 .2.a.iv	(iv) a statement of reasons explaining the objective for which the information is required and why the requirement to provide the information is necessary and proportionate to determine compliance by the recipients of the intermediary services with applicable Union law or national law in compliance with Union law, unless such a statement cannot be provided for reasons related to the prevention, investigation, detection and prosecution of criminal offences;	1	10 .2.a.iv	iv. a statement of reasons explaining the objective for which the information is requested and the reason why the request to provide the information is necessary and proportionate, in order to determine compliance by recipients of intermediary services with the national law of applicable, except where this statement cannot be provided for reasons related to the prevention, investigation, detection and prosecution of criminal offences;	F	
10 .2.a.v	(v) information about redress mechanisms available to the provider and to the recipients of the service concerned;	1	10 .2.a.v	v. information regarding the compensation mechanisms available to the provider and the recipients of the service in question;	F	
10 .2.a.vi	(vi) where applicable, information about which authority is to receive the information about the effect given to the orders;	1	10 .2.a.vi	vi. where applicable, information on the authority that should receive the information for the execution of the orders.	F	
10.2.b	(b) that order only requires the provider to provide information already collected for the purposes of providing the service and which lies within its control;	1	10.2.b	b) the order requires only that the provider provide the information collected for the purposes of providing the service and that is under its control;	F	
10.2.c	(c) that order is transmitted in one of the languages declared by the provider of intermediary services pursuant to Article 11(3) or in another official language of the Member States, agreed between the authority issuing the order and the provider, and is sent to the electronic point of contact designated by that provider, in accordance with Article 11; where the order is not drafted	1	10 .2.c	c) the order is drawn up in the Albanian language, if the provider is an Albanian company, with a translation into the English language if the provider is a foreign company and is sent to the electronic point of contact designated by that provider, in accordance with Article 11, of this law.	F	

	in the language declared by the provider of intermediary services or in another bilaterally agreed language, the order may be transmitted in the language of the authority issuing the order, provided that it is accompanied by a translation into such declared or bilaterally agreed language of at least the elements set out in points (a) and (b) of this paragraph.					
10.3	The authority issuing the order or, where applicable, the authority specified therein, shall transmit it, along with any information received from the provider of intermediary services concerning the effect given to that order to the Digital Services Coordinator from the Member State of the issuing authority.	1	10.3	3.The authority issuing the order or, where applicable, the authority specified therein, shall transmit it, along with any information received from the provider of intermediary services in relation to the effect given to that order, to the Digital Services Coordinator.	F	
10.4	After receiving the order from the judicial or administrative authority, the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State concerned shall, without undue delay, transmit a copy of the order referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article to all Digital Services Coordinators through the system established in accordance with Article 85.	1	10.4	4. The Digital Services Coordinator shall request the cooperation of the Digital Services Coordinators, or other relevant authorities from other states for the purpose of ensuring the implementation of this article.	F	
10.5	At the latest when effect is given to the order, or, where applicable, at the time provided by the issuing authority in its order, providers of intermediary services shall inform the recipient of the service concerned of the order received and the effect given to it. Such information provided to the recipient of the service shall include a statement of reasons and the possibilities for redress that exist, in accordance with paragraph 2.	1	10.5	5.No later than the moment when the order is given effect or, where applicable, at the time provided by the issuing authority in its order, intermediary service providers inform the recipient of the service concerned of the order received and the effect that has been given to it. Such information given to the recipient of the service includes a statement of reasons and the possibilities for compensation that exist, in accordance with point 2, of this Article.	F	
10.6	The conditions and requirements laid down in this Article shall be without prejudice to national civil and criminal procedural law.	1	10.6	6.The conditions and requirements set out in this Article shall be without prejudice to requirements under civil and criminal procedural law.	F	
11.1	Article 11 Points of contact for Member States' authorities, the Commission and the Board Providers of intermediary services shall designate a single point of contact to enable them to communicate directly, by electronic means, with Member States' authorities, the Commission and the Board referred to in Article 61 for the application of this Regulation.	1	11.1	Article 11 Point of contacts for authorities 1. Providers of intermediary services shall designate a single point of contact to enable them to communicate directly, by electronic means, with the authorities of the Republic of Albania.	F	
11.2	Providers of intermediary services shall make public the information necessary to easily identify and communicate with their single points of contact. That information shall be easily accessible, and shall be kept up to date.	1	11.2	2. Providers of intermediary services shall make public the information necessary to easily identify and communicate with their single points of contact. That information shall be easily accessible, and shall be kept up to date.	F	

11.3	Providers of intermediary services shall specify in the information referred to in paragraph 2 the official language or languages of the Member States which, in addition to a language broadly understood by the largest possible number of Union citizens, can be used to communicate with their points of contact, and which shall include at least one of the official languages of the Member State in which the provider of intermediary services has its main establishment or where its legal representative resides or is established.	1	11.3	3. Competent and judicial authorities shall communicate with providers of intermediary services in Albanian if the provider is an Albanian company, with an English translation if it is a foreign company.	F	
12.1	Article 12 Points of contact for recipients of the service Providers of intermediary services shall designate a single point of contact to enable recipients of the service to communicate directly and rapidly with them, by electronic means and in a user-friendly manner, including by allowing recipients of the service to choose the means of communication, which shall not solely rely on automated tools.	1	12.1	Article 12 Points of contact for recipients of the service 1. Providers of intermediary services shall designate a single point of contact to enable recipients of the service to communicate directly and rapidly with them, by electronic means and in a user-friendly manner, including by allowing recipients of the service to choose the means of communication, which shall not solely rely on automated tools.	F	
12.2	In addition to the obligations provided under Directive 2000/31/EC, providers of intermediary services shall make public the information necessary for the recipients of the service in order to easily identify and communicate with their single points of contact. That information shall be easily accessible, and shall be kept up to date.	1	12.2	2. Providers of intermediary services shall make public the information necessary for the recipients of the service in order to easily identify and communicate with their single points of contact. That information shall be easily accessible, and shall be kept up to date.	F	
13.1	Article 13 Legal representatives Providers of intermediary services which do not have an establishment in the Union but which offer services in the Union shall designate, in writing, a legal or natural person to act as their legal representative in one of the Member States where the provider offers its services	1	13.1	Article 13 Legal representative 1. 1. Providers of intermediary services which do not have an establishment in the Republic of Albania but which offer services in the Republic of Albania shall designate, in writing, a legal or natural person to act as their legal representative for the Republic of Albania. For the purposes of this Law, the legal representative for the Republic of Albania may be located in Albania or in a Member State of the European Union.	F	
13.2	Providers of intermediary services shall mandate their legal representatives for the purpose of being addressed in addition to or instead of such providers, by the Member States' competent authorities, the Commission and the Board, on all issues necessary for the receipt of, compliance with and enforcement of decisions issued in relation to this Regulation. Providers of intermediary services shall provide their legal representative with necessary powers and sufficient resources to guarantee their efficient and timely cooperation with the Member	1	13.2	2. Providers of intermediary services shall mandate their legal representatives for the purpose of being addressed in addition to or instead of such providers, by the competent administrative or judicial authorities and the Digital Services Coordinator of the Republic of Albania, on all issues necessary for the receipt of, compliance with and enforcement of decisions issued in relation to this Law. Providers of intermediary services shall provide their legal representative with necessary powers and sufficient resources to guarantee their	F	

	States' competent authorities, the Commission and the Board, and to comply with such decisions.			efficient and timely cooperation with the competent administrative or judicial authorities and the Digital Services Coordinator of the Republic of Albania, and to comply with such decisions.		
13.3	It shall be possible for the designated legal representative to be held liable for non-compliance with obligations under this Regulation, without prejudice to the liability and legal actions that could be initiated against the provider of intermediary services	1	13.3	3. It shall be possible for the designated legal representative to be held liable for non-compliance with obligations under this Law, without prejudice to the liability and legal actions that could be initiated against the provider of intermediary services	F	
13.4	Providers of intermediary services shall notify the name, postal address, email address and telephone number of their legal representative to the Digital Services Coordinator in the Member State where that legal representative resides or is established	1	13.4	4. Providers of intermediary services shall notify the name, postal address, email address and telephone number of their legal representative to the Digital Services Coordinator in the Republic of Albania.	F	
13.5	The designation of a legal representative within the Union pursuant to paragraph 1 shall not constitute an establishment in the Union.	1	13.5	5. The designation of a legal representative pursuant to paragraph 1 of this article shall not constitute an establishment in the Republic of Albania.	F	
14.1	Article 14 Terms and conditions Providers of intermediary services shall include information on any restrictions that they impose in relation to the use of their service in respect of information provided by the recipients of the service, in their terms and conditions. That information shall include information on any policies, procedures, measures and tools used for the purpose of content moderation, including algorithmic decision-making and human review, as well as the rules of procedure of their internal complaint handling system. It shall be set out in clear, plain, intelligible, user-friendly and unambiguous language, and shall be publicly available in an easily accessible and machine-readable format.	1	14.1	Article 14 Terms and conditions 1. Providers of intermediary services shall include information on any restrictions that they impose in relation to the use of their service in respect of information provided by the recipients of the service, in their terms and conditions. That information shall include information on any policies, procedures, measures and tools used for the purpose of content moderation, including algorithmic decision-making and human review, as well as the rules of procedure of their internal complaint handling system. It shall be set out in clear, plain, intelligible, user-friendly and unambiguous language, and shall be publicly available in an easily accessible and machine-readable format.	F	
14.2	Providers of intermediary services shall inform the recipients of the service of any significant change to the terms and conditions	1	14.2	2. Providers of intermediary services shall inform the recipients of the service of any significant change to the terms and conditions.	F	
14.3	Where an intermediary service is primarily directed at minors or is predominantly used by them, the provider of that intermediary service shall explain the conditions for, and any restrictions on, the use of the service in a way that minors can understand	1	14.3	3. Where an intermediary service is primarily directed at minors or is predominantly used by them, the provider of that intermediary service shall explain the conditions for, and any restrictions on, the use of the service in a way that minors can understand	F	

14.4	Providers of intermediary services shall act in a diligent, objective and proportionate manner in applying and enforcing the restrictions referred to in paragraph 1, with due regard to the rights and legitimate interests of all parties involved, including the fundamental rights of the recipients of the service, such as the freedom of expression, freedom and pluralism of the media, and other fundamental rights and freedoms as enshrined in the Charter	1	14.4	4. Providers of intermediary services shall act in a diligent, objective and proportionate manner in applying and enforcing the restrictions referred to in paragraph 1, with due regard to the rights and legitimate interests of all parties involved, including the fundamental rights of the recipients of the service, such as the freedom of expression, freedom and pluralism of the media, and other fundamental rights and freedoms as enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of Albania and the European Charter of Human Rights.	F	
14.5	Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall provide recipients of services with a concise, easily-accessible and machine-readable summary of the terms and conditions, including the available remedies and redress mechanisms, in clear and unambiguous language	1	14.5	5. Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall provide recipients of services with a concise, easily-accessible and machine-readable summary of the terms and conditions, including the available remedies and redress mechanisms, in clear and unambiguous language.	F	
14.6	Very large online platforms and very large online search engines within the meaning of Article 33 shall publish their terms and conditions in the official languages of all the Member States in which they offer their services	1	14.6	6. Very large online platforms and very large online search engines, according to Article 33, of this law, publish their terms and conditions in the official languages of all the Member States in which they offer their services.	F	
15.1	Article 15 Transparency reporting obligations for providers of intermediary services Providers of intermediary services shall make publicly available, in a machine-readable format and in an easily accessible manner, at least once a year, clear, easily comprehensible reports on any content moderation that they engaged in during the relevant period. Those reports shall include, in particular, information on the following, as applicable:	1	15.1	Article 15 Transparency reporting obligations for providers of intermediary services 1. Providers of intermediary services shall make publicly available, in a machine-readable format and in an easily accessible manner, at least once a year, clear, easily comprehensible reports on any content moderation that they engaged in during the relevant period. Those reports shall include, in particular, information on the following, as applicable:	F	
15.1.a	(a) for providers of intermediary services, the number of orders received from Member States' authorities including orders issued in accordance with Articles 9 and 10, categorised by the type of illegal content concerned, the Member State issuing the order, and the median time needed to inform the authority issuing the order, or any other authority specified in the order, of its receipt, and to give effect to the order;	1	15.1.a	a) for providers of intermediary services, the number of orders received from the authorities of the Republic of Albania including orders issued in accordance with Articles 9 and 10 of this law, categorized by the type of illegal content concerned, the authority issuing the order, and the median time needed to inform the authority issuing the order, or any other authority specified in the order, of its receipt, and to give effect to the order;	F	
15.1.b	(b) for providers of hosting services, the number of notices submitted in accordance with Article 16, categorised by the type of alleged illegal content	1	15.1.b	b) for providers of hosting services, the number of notices submitted in accordance with Article 16 of this law, categorised according to the type of alleged illegal	F	

	concerned, the number of notices submitted by trusted flaggers, any action taken pursuant to the notices by differentiating whether the action was taken on the basis of the law or the terms and conditions of the provider, the number of notices processed by using automated means and the median time needed for taking the action;			content concerned, the number of notices submitted by trusted flaggers, any action taken on the basis of the notices, distinguishing whether the action was taken on the basis of the law, or of the provider's terms and conditions, the number of notices processed, using automated means and the average time required for taking action;		
15.1.c	((c) for providers of intermediary services, meaningful and comprehensible information about the content moderation engaged in at the providers' own initiative, including the use of automated tools, the measures taken to provide training and assistance to persons in charge of content moderation, the number and type of measures taken that affect the availability, visibility and accessibility of information provided by the recipients of the service and the recipients' ability to provide information through the service, and other related restrictions of the service; the information reported shall be categorised by the type of illegal content or violation of the terms and conditions of the service provider, by the detection method and by the type of restriction applied;	1	15.1.c	c) for providers of intermediary services, meaningful and comprehensible information about the content moderation engaged in at the providers' own initiative, including the use of automated tools, the measures taken to provide training and assistance to persons in charge of content moderation, the number and type of measures taken that affect the availability, visibility and accessibility of information provided by the recipients of the service and the recipients' ability to provide information through the service, and other related restrictions of the service; the information reported shall be categorized by the type of illegal content or violation of the terms and conditions of the service provider, by the detection method and by the type of restriction applied;	F	
15.1.d	(d) for providers of intermediary services, the number of complaints received through the internal complaint-handling systems in accordance with the provider's terms and conditions and additionally, for providers of online platforms, in accordance with Article 20, the basis for those complaints, decisions taken in respect of those complaints, the median time needed for taking those decisions and the number of instances where those decisions were reversed;	1	15.1.d	d)for providers of intermediary service, the number of complaints received through the internal complaint-handling systems, in accordance with the provider's conditions and deadlines and in addition, for providers of online platforms, in accordance with Article 20, of this law, the basis for the complaints, the decisions taken in relation to them, the average time needed for taking decisions and the number of cases when there have been changes to decisions;	F	
15.1.e	(e) any use made of automated means for the purpose of content moderation, including a qualitative description, a specification of the precise purposes, indicators of the accuracy and the possible rate of error of the automated means used in fulfilling those purposes, and any safeguards applied.	1	15.1.dh	dh) any use of automated means for the purpose of reviewing content, including a qualitative description, a specification of the exact purposes, indicators of accuracy and the possible error rate of the automated means used in the fulfilment of those purposes and any safeguards applied.	F	
15.2	Paragraph 1 of this Article shall not apply to providers of intermediary services that qualify as micro or small enterprises as defined in Recommendation 2003/361/EC and that are not very large online platforms within the meaning of Article 33 of this Regulation.	1	15.2	2.Point 1, of this article, shall not apply to providers of intermediary services that qualify as small enterprises and micro-enterprises, according to Law No. 43/2022 "On the development of micro, small and medium enterprises".	F	
15.3	The Commission may adopt implementing acts to lay down templates concerning the form, content and other details of reports pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article, including harmonised reporting periods. Those	1	15.3	3. The Digital Services Coordinator, in cooperation with the competent authorities, adopts implementing acts on determining the templates related to the form, content and other details of the reports in accordance	F	

	implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 88.			with point 1, of this article, including the reporting periods harmonised with the practice adopted by the European Commission.		
16.1	Article 16 Notice and action mechanisms Providers of hosting services shall put mechanisms in place to allow any individual or entity to notify them of the presence on their service of specific items of information that the individual or entity considers to be illegal content. Those mechanisms shall be easy to access and user-friendly, and shall allow for the submission of notices exclusively by electronic means.	1	16.1	Article 16 Notice and action mechanisms 1. Providers of hosting services shall put mechanisms in place to allow any individual or entity to notify them of the presence on their service of specific items of information that the individual or entity considers to be illegal content. Those mechanisms shall be easy to access and user-friendly, and shall allow for the submission of notices exclusively by electronic means.	F	
16.2	The mechanisms referred to in paragraph 1 shall be such as to facilitate the submission of sufficiently precise and adequately substantiated notices. To that end, the providers of hosting services shall take the necessary measures to enable and to facilitate the submission of notices containing all of the following elements:	1	16.2	2.The mechanisms referred to in point 1, of this article, shall be such as to facilitate the submission of sufficiently precise and well-substantiated notices. To that end, the providers of hosting services shall take the necessary measures to enable and to facilitate the submission of notices containing all the following elements:	F	
16.2.a	(a) a sufficiently substantiated explanation of the reasons why the individual or entity alleges the information in question to be illegal content;	1	16.2.a	a) a sufficiently substantiated explanation of the reasons why the individual or entity claims that the information in question is illegal content;	F	
16.2.b	(b) a clear indication of the exact electronic location of that information, such as the exact URL or URLs, and, where necessary, additional information enabling the identification of the illegal content adapted to the type of content and to the specific type of hosting service;	1	16.2.b	b) a clear indication of the exact electronic location of that information, such as the URL-the exact location or several exact URLs and where necessary, additional information enabling the identification of illegal content adapted to the type of content and the specific type of hosting service;	F	
16.2.c	(c) the name and email address of the individual or entity submitting the notice, except in the case of information considered to involve one of the offences referred to in Articles 3 to 7 of Directive 2011/93/EU;	1	16.2.c	c) the name and email address of the individual or entity submitting the notification, except in the case of information that is considered to include one of the criminal offences referred to in Articles 3 to 7 of Directive 2011/93/EU, a criminal offence related to the sexual abuse of children, the sexual exploitation of children, child pornography, the solicitation of children for sexual purposes or other criminal offences of a similar nature, as well as incitement, aiding, complicity and attempt to commit the aforementioned criminal offences;	F	
16.2.d	(d) a statement confirming the bona fide belief of the individual or entity submitting the notice that the information and allegations contained therein are accurate and complete.	1	16.2.d	(d) a statement confirming the bona fide belief of the individual, or entity submitting the notification, that the information and claims included therein are accurate and complete.	F	
16.3	Notices referred to in this Article shall be considered to give rise to actual knowledge or awareness for the purposes of Article 6 in respect of the specific item of	1	16.3	3.The notices referred to in this article shall be considered to bring actual knowledge or awareness for the purposes of Article 6 of this law, in relation to the	F	

	information concerned where they allow a diligent provider of hosting services to identify the illegality of the relevant activity or information without a detailed legal examination.			specific item of information in question, when they enable a diligent host service provider to identify the illegality of the activity, or the relevant information, without a detailed legal assessment.		
16.4	Where the notice contains the electronic contact information of the individual or entity that submitted it, the provider of hosting services shall, without undue delay, send a confirmation of receipt of the notice to that individual or entity.	1	16.4	4. Where the notice contains the electronic contact information of the individual, or entity that has submitted it, the hosting service provider immediately sends the individual or entity concerned an acknowledgement of receipt of the notice..	F	
16.5	The provider shall also, without undue delay, notify that individual or entity of its decision in respect of the information to which the notice relates, providing information on the possibilities for redress in respect of that decision.	1	16.5	5. The provider shall also, without undue delay notify the individual or entity of its decision, of the information to which the notification relates, by providing information on the possibilities for legal remedies for the decision.	F	
16.6	Providers of hosting services shall process any notices that they receive under the mechanisms referred to in paragraph 1 and take their decisions in respect of the information to which the notices relate, in a timely, diligent, non-arbitrary and objective manner. Where they use automated means for that processing or decision-making, they shall include information on such use in the notification referred to in paragraph 5.	1	16.6	6. Providers of hosting service shall process any notices that they receive according to the mechanisms referred to in point 1, of the this Article and take their decisions on the information to which the notices relate, in a consistent, diligent, non-arbitrary and objective manner. Where they use automated tools for processing or decision-making, they include information on such use in the notice referred to in point 5, of this Article.	F	
17.1	Article 17 Statement of reasons Providers of hosting services shall provide a clear and specific statement of reasons to any affected recipients of the service for any of the following restrictions imposed on the ground that the information provided by the recipient of the service is illegal content or incompatible with their terms and conditions:	1	17.1	Article 17 Statement of reasons 1. Providers of hosting services shall provide a clear and specific statement of reasons to any affected recipients of the service for any of the following restrictions imposed on the ground that the information provided by the recipient of the service constitutes illegal content, or is incompatible with their terms and conditions:	F	
17.1.a	(a) any restrictions of the visibility of specific items of information provided by the recipient of the service, including removal of content, disabling access to content, or demoting content;	1	17.1.a	a) any restriction of the visibility of specific elements of the information provided by the recipient of the service, including the removal of content, disabling access to content, or reducing the prioritisation of content;	F	
17.1.b	(b) suspension, termination or other restriction of monetary payments;	1	17.1.b	b) the suspension, termination or other restrictions of monetary payments;	F	
17.1.c	(c) suspension or termination of the provision of the service in whole or in part;	1	17.1.c	c) suspension or termination of the provision of the service in whole or in part;;	F	
17.1.d	(d) suspension or termination of the recipient of the service's account.	1	17.1.ç	(ç) the suspension or termination of the recipient of the service's account.	F	
17.2	Paragraph 1 shall only apply where the relevant electronic contact details are known to the provider. It shall apply at the latest from the date that the restriction is imposed, regardless of why or how it was imposed. Paragraph 1 shall not apply where the information is deceptive high-volume commercial content.	1	17.2	2. Point 1, of this Article, shall only apply where the relevant electronic contact details are known to the provider. It shall apply at the latest from the date that the restriction is imposed, regardless of why or how it was imposed. Paragraph 1 shall not apply where the information is deceptive high-volume commercial content.	F	

17.3	The statement of reasons referred to in paragraph 1 shall at least contain the following information:	1	17.3	3.The statement of reasons referred to in point 1 of this Article shall contain at least the following information:	F	
17.3.a	(a) information on whether the decision entails either the removal of, the disabling of access to, the demotion of or the restriction of the visibility of the information, or the suspension or termination of monetary payments related to that information, or imposes other measures referred to in paragraph 1 with regard to the information, and, where relevant, the territorial scope of the decision and its duration;	1	17.3.a	a) information on whether the decision entails either the removal of, the disabling of access to, the demotion of or the restriction of the visibility of the information, or the suspension or termination of monetary payments related to that information, or imposes other measures referred to in paragraph 1 with regard to the information, and, where relevant, the territorial scope of the decision and its duration;	F	
17.3.b	(b) the facts and circumstances relied on in taking the decision, including, where relevant, information on whether the decision was taken pursuant to a notice submitted in accordance with Article 16 or based on voluntary own-initiative investigations and, where strictly necessary, the identity of the notifier;	1	17.3.b	b) the facts and circumstances relied on in taking the decision, including, where relevant, information on whether the decision was taken pursuant to a notice submitted in accordance with Article 16 of this law or based on voluntary own-initiative investigations and, where strictly necessary, the identity of the notifier;	F	
17.3.c	(c) where applicable, information on the use made of automated means in taking the decision, including information on whether the decision was taken in respect of content detected or identified using automated means;	1	17.3.c	c) where applicable, information on the use of automated means in decision-making, including information on whether the decision was taken in relation to evident content or identified through automated means;	F	
17.3.d	(d) where the decision concerns allegedly illegal content, a reference to the legal ground relied on and explanations as to why the information is considered to be illegal content on that ground;	1	17.3.ç	ç) where the decision concerns allegedly illegal content, a reference to the legal ground relied on and explanations as to why the information is considered to be illegal content on that ground;	F	
17.3.e	(e) where the decision is based on the alleged incompatibility of the information with the terms and conditions of the provider of hosting services, a reference to the contractual ground relied on and explanations as to why the information is considered to be incompatible with that ground;	1	17.3.d	d) where the decision is based on the alleged incompatibility of the information with the terms and conditions of the provider of hosting services, a reference to the contractual ground relied on and explanations as to why the information is considered to be incompatible with that ground;	F	
17.3.f	(f) clear and user-friendly information on the possibilities for redress available to the recipient of the service in respect of the decision, in particular, where applicable through internal complaint-handling mechanisms, out-of-court dispute settlement and judicial redress.	1	17.3.dh	dh) clear and user-friendly information on the possibilities for redress available to the recipient of the service in respect of the decision, in particular, where applicable through internal complaint-handling mechanisms, out-of-court dispute settlement and judicial redress.	F	
17.4	The information provided by the providers of hosting services in accordance with this Article shall be clear and easily comprehensible and as precise and specific as reasonably possible under the given circumstances. The information shall, in particular, be such as to reasonably allow the recipient of the service concerned to effectively	1	17.4	4. The information provided by the providers of hosting services in accordance with this Article shall be clear and easily comprehensible and as precise and specific as reasonably possible under the given circumstances. The information shall, in particular, be such as to reasonably allow the recipient of the service concerned to	F	

	exercise the possibilities for redress referred to in of paragraph 3, point (f).			effectively exercise the possibilities for redress referred to letter f, of point 3, of this article.		
17.5	This article shall not apply to any orders referred to in Article 9.	1	17.5	5. This article shall not apply to the orders referred to in Article 9 of this law.	F	
18.1	Article 18 Notification of suspicions of criminal offences Where a provider of hosting services becomes aware of any information giving rise to a suspicion that a criminal offence involving a threat to the life or safety of a person or persons has taken place, is taking place or is likely to take place, it shall promptly inform the law enforcement or judicial authorities of the Member State or Member States concerned of its suspicion and provide all relevant information available.	1	18.1	Article 18 Notification of suspicions of criminal offences 1. Where a provider of hosting services becomes aware of any information giving rise to a suspicion that a criminal offence involving a threat to the life or safety of a person or persons has taken place, is taking place or is likely to take place, it shall promptly inform the law enforcement or judicial authorities of the Republic of Albania.	F	
18.2	Where the provider of hosting services cannot identify with reasonable certainty the Member State concerned, it shall inform the law enforcement authorities of the Member State in which it is established or where its legal representative resides or is established or inform Europol, or both. For the purpose of this Article, the Member State concerned shall be the Member State in which the offence is suspected to have taken place, to be taking place or to be likely to take place, or the Member State where the suspected offender resides or is located, or the Member State where the victim of the suspected offence resides or is located.	1	18.2	2. Where the provider of hosting services cannot identify with reasonable certainty whether the offence was committed within the Republic of Albania but has a reasonable doubt about it, shall inform the competent authority, the judicial authority and the digital service coordinator of the Republic of Albania.	F	
19.1	Article 19 Exemptions for micro and small enterprises This Section, with the exception of Article 24(3) thereof, shall not apply to providers of online platforms that qualify as micro or small enterprises as defined in Recommendation 2003/361/EC. This Section, with the exception of Article 24(3) thereof, shall not apply to providers of online platforms that previously qualified for the status of a micro or small enterprise as defined in Recommendation 2003/361/EC during the 12 months following their loss of that status pursuant to Article 4(2) thereof, except when they are very large online platforms in accordance with Article 33.	1	19.1	Article 19 Exemptions for micro and small undertakings 1. This section with the exception of point 3, of Article 24, of this law, shall not apply to: a) providers of online platforms that qualify as small enterprises and microenterprises, according to the definitions in Law No. 43/2022 “On the development of the micro, small and medium enterprises”, as well as, b) providers of online platforms that previously qualified under the status of a small enterprise and micro-enterprise, during the 12 months after the loss of that status, except when they are very large online platforms in accordance with Article 33, of this law.	F	
19.2	By derogation from paragraph 1 of this Article, this Section shall apply to providers of online platforms that have been designated as very large online platforms in	1	19.2	2. By way of derogation from point 1, of this article, this section shall apply to providers of online platforms that are designated as very large online platforms in	F	

	accordance with Article 33, irrespective of whether they qualify as micro or small enterprises.			accordance with Article 33, regardless of whether they qualify as micro or small undertakings.		
20.1	Article 20 Internal complaint-handling system Providers of online platforms shall provide recipients of the service, including individuals or entities that have submitted a notice, for a period of at least six months following the decision referred to in this paragraph, with access to an effective internal complaint-handling system that enables them to lodge complaints, electronically and free of charge, against the decision taken by the provider of the online platform upon the receipt of a notice or against the following decisions taken by the provider of the online platform on the grounds that the information provided by the recipients constitutes illegal content or is incompatible with its terms and conditions:	1	20.1	Article 20 Internal complaints-handling system 1. Providers of online platforms shall provide recipients of the service, including individuals or entities that have submitted a notice, for a period of at least six months following the decision referred to in this paragraph, with access to an effective internal complaint-handling system that enables them to lodge complaints, electronically and free of charge, against the decision taken by the provider of the online platform upon the receipt of a notice or against the following decisions taken by the provider of the online platform on the grounds that the information provided by the recipients constitutes illegal content or is incompatible with its terms and conditions:	F	
20.1. a	(a) decisions whether or not to remove or disable access to or restrict visibility of the information;	1	20.1. a	a) decisions whether or not to remove or disable access to or restrict visibility of the information;	F	
20.1. b	(b) decisions whether or not to suspend or terminate the provision of the service, in whole or in part, to the recipients;	1	20.1. b	b) decisions whether or not to suspend or terminate the provision of the service, in whole or in part, to the recipients;	F	
20.1.c	(c) decisions whether or not to suspend or terminate the recipients' account;	1	20.1.c	c) decisions whether or not to suspend or terminate the recipients' account;	F	
20.1. d	(d) decisions whether or not to suspend, terminate or otherwise restrict the ability to monetise information provided by the recipients.	1	20.1. ç	(ç) decisions whether or not to suspend, terminate or otherwise restrict the ability to monetize information provided by the recipients.	F	
20.2	The period of at least six months referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall start on the day on which the recipient of the service is informed about the decision in accordance with Article 16(5) or Article 17.	1	20.2	2.The period of at least six months referred to in point 1 of this article begins on the day on which the recipient of the service is notified of the decision in accordance with point 5 of Article 16 of this law, or with Article 17 of this law.	F	
20.3	Providers of online platforms shall ensure that their internal complaint-handling systems are easy to access, user-friendly and enable and facilitate the submission of sufficiently precise and adequately substantiated complaints.	1	20.3	3. Providers of online platform shall ensure that their internal complaint-handling systems are easily accessible, user-friendly and enable and facilitate the submission of complaints that are sufficiently precise and adequately substantiated complaints.	F	
20.4	Providers of online platforms shall handle complaints submitted through their internal complaint-handling system in a timely, non-discriminatory, diligent and non-arbitrary manner. Where a complaint contains sufficient grounds for the provider of the online platform to	1	20.4	4.Providers of online platforms shall handle complaints submitted through their internal complaint-handling system, in a timely, non-discriminatory, diligent and non-arbitrary manner. Where a complaint contains sufficient grounds for the provider of the online	F	

	consider that its decision not to act upon the notice is unfounded or that the information to which the complaint relates is not illegal and is not incompatible with its terms and conditions, or contains information indicating that the complainant's conduct does not warrant the measure taken, it shall reverse its decision referred to in paragraph 1 without undue delay.			platform to consider that its decision not to act upon the notice is unfounded or that the information to which the complaint relates is not illegal and is not incompatible with its terms and conditions, or contains information indicating that the complainant's conduct does not warrant the measure taken, it shall reverse its decision referred to in paragraph 1 without undue delay.		
20.5	Providers of online platforms shall inform complainants without undue delay of their reasoned decision in respect of the information to which the complaint relates and of the possibility of out-of-court dispute settlement provided for in Article 21 and other available possibilities for redress.	1	20.5	5. Providers of online platforms shall inform complainants without undue delay of their reasoned decision in respect of the information to which the complaint relates and of the possibility of out-of-court dispute settlement provided for in Article 21 of this law, and other available possibilities for redress.	F	
20.6	Providers of online platforms shall ensure that the decisions, referred to in paragraph 5, are taken under the supervision of appropriately qualified staff, and not solely on the basis of automated means.	1	20.6	6. Providers of online platforms shall ensure that the decisions, referred to in paragraph 5, of this article are taken under the supervision of appropriately qualified staff, and not solely on the basis of automated means.	F	
21.1	Article 21 Out-of-court dispute settlement Recipients of the service, including individuals or entities that have submitted notices, addressed by the decisions referred to in Article 20(1) shall be entitled to select any out-of-court dispute settlement body that has been certified in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article in order to resolve disputes relating to those decisions, including complaints that have not been resolved by means of the internal complaint-handling system referred to in that Article. Providers of online platforms shall ensure that information about the possibility for recipients of the service to have access to an out-of-court dispute settlement, as referred to in the first subparagraph, is easily accessible on their online interface, clear and user-friendly. The first subparagraph is without prejudice to the right of the recipient of the service concerned to initiate, at any stage, proceedings to contest those decisions by the providers of online platforms before a court in accordance with the applicable law.	1	21.1 21.2	Article 21 Out-of-court settlement of disputes 1. Recipients of the service, including individuals or entities that have submitted notices, addressed by the decisions referred to in point 1, of Article 20, of this law shall be entitled to select any out-of-court dispute settlement body that has been certified in accordance with point 3, of this Article in order to resolve disputes relating to those decisions, including complaints that have not been resolved by means of the internal complaint-handling system referred to in that Article. 2. Providers of online platforms shall ensure that information about the possibility for recipients of the service to have access to an out-of-court dispute settlement, as referred to in point 1 of this Article, is easily accessible on their online interface, clear and user-friendly. Point 1 of this Article, is without prejudice to the right of the recipient of the service concerned to initiate, at any stage, proceedings to contest those decisions by the providers of online platforms before a court in accordance with the applicable law.	F	
21.2	Both parties shall engage, in good faith, with the selected certified out-of-court dispute settlement body with a view to resolving the dispute.	1	21.3	3.Both parties shall engage, in good faith, with the selected certified out-of-court dispute settlement body with a view to resolving the dispute. Providers of online	F	

	Providers of online platforms may refuse to engage with such out-of-court dispute settlement body if a dispute has already been resolved concerning the same information and the same grounds of alleged illegality or incompatibility of content. The certified out-of-court dispute settlement body shall not have the power to impose a binding settlement of the dispute on the parties.			platforms may refuse to engage with such out-of-court dispute settlement body if a dispute has already been resolved concerning the same information and the same grounds of alleged illegality or incompatibility of content. The certified out-of-court dispute settlement body shall not have the power to impose a binding settlement of the dispute on the parties.		
21.3	The Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State where the out-of-court dispute settlement body is established shall, for a maximum period of five years, which may be renewed, certify the body, at its request, where the body has demonstrated that it meets all of the following conditions:	1	21.4	4.The Digital Services Coordinator shall, for a maximum period of five years, which may be renewed, certify the body, at its request, where the body has demonstrated that it meets all the following conditions:	F	
21.3.a	(a) it is impartial and independent, including financially independent, of providers of online platforms and of recipients of the service provided by providers of online platforms, including of individuals or entities that have submitted notices;	1	21.4.a	a) is impartial and independent, including financially independent, of providers of online platforms and of recipients of the service provided by providers of online platforms, including of individuals or entities that have submitted notices;	F	
21.3.b	(b) it has the necessary expertise in relation to the issues arising in one or more particular areas of illegal content, or in relation to the application and enforcement of terms and conditions of one or more types of online platform, allowing the body to contribute effectively to the settlement of a dispute;	1	21.4.b	b) it has the necessary expertise in relation to the issues arising in one or more particular areas of illegal content, or in relation to the application and enforcement of terms and conditions of one or more types of online platform, allowing the body to contribute effectively to the settlement of a dispute;	F	
21.3.c	(c) its members are remunerated in a way that is not linked to the outcome of the procedure;	1	21.4.c	c) its members are remunerated in a manner that is not linked to the outcome of the procedure;	F	
21.3.d	(d) the out-of-court dispute settlement that it offers is easily accessible, through electronic communications technology and provides for the possibility to initiate the dispute settlement and to submit the requisite supporting documents online;	1	21.4.ç	(ç) the out-of-court dispute settlement that it offers is easily accessible, through electronic communications technology and provides for the possibility to initiate the dispute settlement and to submit the requisite supporting documents online	F	
21.3.e	(e) it is capable of settling disputes in a swift, efficient and cost-effective manner and in at least one of the official languages of the institutions of the Union;	1	21.4.d	d) it is capable of settling disputes in a swift, efficient and cost-effective manner;	F	
21.3.f	(f) the out-of-court dispute settlement that it offers takes place in accordance with clear and fair rules of procedure that are easily and publicly accessible, and that comply with applicable law, including this Article.	1	21.4.e	e) the out-of-court dispute settlement that it offers takes place in accordance with clear and fair rules of procedure that are easily and publicly accessible, and that comply with applicable law, including this Article.	F	
21.3, p. 8	The Digital Services Coordinator shall, where applicable, specify in the certificate:	1	21.5	5.The Digital Services Coordinator, where applicable, specifies in the certificate:	F	
21.3, p. 8/a	(a) the particular issues to which the body's expertise relates, as referred to in point (b) of the first subparagraph; and	1	21.5.a	a) the particular issue to which the body's expertise relates, as referredto in letter b, of point 4, of this article,	F	

21.3, p. 8/b	(b) the official language or languages of the institutions of the Union in which the body is capable of settling disputes, as referred to in point (e) of the first subparagraph.	1	21.5.b	b)that the language of the dispute resolution procedure is Albanian .	F	
21.4	Certified out-of-court dispute settlement bodies shall report to the Digital Services Coordinator that certified them, on an annual basis, on their functioning, specifying at least the number of disputes they received, the information about the outcomes of those disputes, the average time taken to resolve them and any shortcomings or difficulties encountered. They shall provide additional information at the request of that Digital Services Coordinator.	1	21.6	6.Certified out-of-court dispute settlement bodies shall report to the Digital Services Coordinator that certified them, on an annual basis, on their functioning, specifying at least the number of disputes they received, the information about the outcomes of those disputes, the average time taken to resolve them and any shortcomings or difficulties encountered. They shall provide additional information at the request of the Digital Services Coordinator.	F	
21.4, pg.2	Digital Services Coordinators shall, every two years, draw up a report on the functioning of the out-of-court dispute settlement bodies that they certified. That report shall in particular:	1	21.7	7.Digital Services Coordinators, shall every two years, draw up a report on the functioning of the out-of-court dispute resolution bodies that they have certified. This report in particular:	F	
21.4, p. 2/a	(a) list the number of disputes that each certified out-of-court dispute settlement body has received annually;	1	21.7.a	a) lists the number of of disputes that each certified out-of-court dispute settlement body has received annually;	F	
21.4, p. 2/b	(b) indicate the outcomes of the procedures brought before those bodies and the average time taken to resolve the disputes;	1	21.7.b	b) indicate the outcomes of the procedures brought before those bodies and the average time taken to resolve the disputes;	F	
21.4, p. 2/c	(c) identify and explain any systematic or sectoral shortcomings or difficulties encountered in relation to the functioning of those bodies;	1	21.7.c	c) identifies and explains any systemic or sectoral deficiency encountered in relation to the functioning;	F	
21.4, p. 2/d	(d) identify best practices concerning that functioning;	1	21.7.d	d)identifies best practices concerning that functioning;	F	
21.4, pg.2/e	(e) make recommendations as to how to improve that functioning, where appropriate.	1	21.7.e	e) makes recommendations recommendations as to how to improve that functioning, where appropriate.	F	
21.4, p. 3	Certified out-of-court dispute settlement bodies shall make their decisions available to the parties within a reasonable period of time and no later than 90 calendar days after the receipt of the complaint. In the case of highly complex disputes, the certified out-of-court dispute settlement body may, at its own discretion, extend the 90 calendar day period for an additional period that shall not exceed 90 days, resulting in a maximum total duration of 180 days.	1	21.8	8. Certified out-of-court dispute settlement bodies shall make their decisions available to the parties within a reasonable period of time and no later than 90 calendar days after the receipt of the complaint. In the case of highly complex disputes, the certified out-of-court dispute settlement body may, at its own discretion, extend the 90-calendar day period for an additional period that shall not exceed 90 days, resulting in a maximum total duration of 180 days.	F	
21.5	If the out-of-court dispute settlement body decides the dispute in favour of the recipient of the service, including the individual or entity that has submitted a notice, the provider of the online platform shall bear all the fees charged by the out-of-court dispute settlement body, and	1	21.9; 21.10; 21.11; 21.12;	9. If the out-of-court dispute settlement body decides the dispute in favor of the recipient of the service, including the individual or entity that has submitted a notice, the provider of the online platform shall bear all the fees charged by the out-of-court dispute	F	

	shall reimburse that recipient, including the individual or entity, for any other reasonable expenses that it has paid in relation to the dispute settlement. If the out-of-court dispute settlement body decides the dispute in favour of the provider of the online platform, the recipient of the service, including the individual or entity, shall not be required to reimburse any fees or other expenses that the provider of the online platform paid or is to pay in relation to the dispute settlement, unless the out-of-court dispute settlement body finds that that recipient manifestly acted in bad faith. The fees charged by the out-of-court dispute settlement body to the providers of online platforms for the dispute settlement shall be reasonable and shall in any event not exceed the costs incurred by the body. For recipients of the service, the dispute settlement shall be available free of charge or at a nominal fee. Certified out-of-court dispute settlement bodies shall make the fees, or the mechanisms used to determine the fees, known to the recipient of the service, including to the individuals or entities that have submitted a notice, and to the provider of the online platform concerned, before engaging in the dispute settlement.			settlement body, and shall reimburse that recipient, including the individual or entity, for any other reasonable expenses that it has paid in relation to the dispute settlement. 10. If the out-of-court dispute settlement body decides the dispute in favor of the provider of the online platform, the recipient of the service, including the individual or entity, shall not be required to reimburse any fees or other expenses that the provider of the online platform paid or is to pay in relation to the dispute settlement, unless the out-of-court dispute settlement body finds that that recipient manifestly acted in bad faith. 11. The fees charged by the out-of-court dispute settlement body to the providers of online platforms for the dispute settlement shall be reasonable and shall in any event not exceed the costs incurred by the body. For recipients of the service, the dispute settlement shall be available free of charge or at a nominal fee. 12. Certified out-of-court dispute settlement bodies shall make the fees, or the mechanisms used to determine the fees, known to the recipient of the service, including to the individuals or entities that have submitted a notice, and to the provider of the online platform concerned, before engaging in the dispute settlement.		
21.6	Member States may establish out-of-court dispute settlement bodies for the purposes of paragraph 1 or support the activities of some or all out-of-court dispute settlement bodies that they have certified in accordance with paragraph 3. Member States shall ensure that any of their activities undertaken under the first subparagraph do not affect the ability of their Digital Services Coordinators to certify the bodies concerned in accordance with paragraph 3.	1	21.13	13. Out-of-court dispute settlement bodies may be established for the purposes of paragraph 1 or support the activities of some or all out-of-court dispute settlement bodies that they have certified in accordance with paragraph 4, of this article.	F	
21.7	A Digital Services Coordinator that has certified an out-of-court dispute settlement body shall revoke that certification if it determines, following an investigation either on its own initiative or on the basis of the information received by third parties, that the out-of-court dispute settlement body no longer meets the conditions set out in paragraph 3. Before revoking that certification, the Digital Services Coordinator shall afford that body an opportunity to react to the findings of its investigation and its intention to revoke the out-of-court dispute settlement body's certification.	1	21.14	14. The Digital Services Coordinator that has certified an out-of-court dispute settlement body, shall revoke that certification if it determines, following an investigation either on its own initiative or on the basis of the information received by third parties, that the out-of-court dispute settlement body no longer meets the conditions set out in point 3 of this Article. Before revoking the certification, the Digital Services Coordinator shall afford that body an opportunity to react to the findings of its investigation and its intention	F	

				to revoke the out-of-court dispute settlement body's certification.		
21.8	Digital Services Coordinators shall notify to the Commission the out-of-court dispute settlement bodies that they have certified in accordance with paragraph 3, including where applicable the specifications referred to in the second subparagraph of that paragraph, as well as the out-of-court dispute settlement bodies the certification of which they have revoked. The Commission shall publish a list of those bodies, including those specifications, on a dedicated website that is easily accessible, and keep it up to date.	1	21.15	1. 15. The Digital Services Coordinator shall publish on its website, the list of certified out-of-court dispute settlement bodies that were certified and whose certification has been revoked.		
21.9	This Article is without prejudice to Directive 2013/11/EU and alternative dispute resolution procedures and entities for consumers established under that Directive.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
22.1	Article 22 Trusted flaggers Providers of online platforms shall take the necessary technical and organisational measures to ensure that notices submitted by trusted flaggers, acting within their designated area of expertise, through the mechanisms referred to in Article 16, are given priority and are processed and decided upon without undue delay.	1	22.1	Article 22 Trusted flaggers 1. Providers of online platforms shall take the necessary technical and organisational measures to ensure that notices submitted by trusted flaggers, acting within their designated area of expertise, through the mechanisms referred to in Article 16 of this law, are handled with priority and are reviewed and decided upon without delay.	F	
22.2	The status of 'trusted flagger' under this Regulation shall be awarded, upon application by any entity, by the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State in which the applicant is established, to an applicant that has demonstrated that it meets all of the following conditions:	1	22.2	2. The status of "trusted flagger" under this law shall be awarded, upon application by any entity, by the Digital Services Coordinator to an applicant that has demonstrated that it meets all of the following conditions	F	
22.2.a	(a) it has particular expertise and competence for the purposes of detecting, identifying and notifying illegal content;	1	22.2.a	a) it has particular expertise and competence for the purposes of detecting, identifying and notifying illegal content;	F	
22.2.b	(b) it is independent from any provider of online platforms;	1	22.2.b	b) is independent from any provider of online platforms;	F	
22.2.c	(c) it carries out its activities for the purposes of submitting notices diligently, accurately and objectively.	1	22.2.c	c) it carries out its activity for the purpose of submitting notices diligently, accurately and objectively.	F	
22.3	Trusted flaggers shall publish, at least once a year easily comprehensible and detailed reports on notices submitted in accordance with Article 16 during the relevant period. The report shall list at least the number of notices categorised by:	1	22.3	3. Trusted flaggers shall publish, at least once a year, easily comprehensible and detailed reports on notices submitted in accordance with Article 16 of this law, during the relevant period. The report shall list at least the number of notices categorised by:	F	
22.3.a	(a) the identity of the provider of hosting services,	1	22.3.a	a) the identity of the hosting service provider;	F	
22.3.b	(b) the type of allegedly illegal content notified,	1	22.3.b	b) the type of allegedly illegal content notified;	F	

22.3.c	(c) the action taken by the provider.	1	22.3.c	c) the actions taken by the provider.	F	
22.3, p. 2	Those reports shall include an explanation of the procedures in place to ensure that the trusted flagger retains its independence. Trusted flaggers shall send those reports to the awarding Digital Services Coordinator, and shall make them publicly available. The information in those reports shall not contain personal data.	1	22.4	4. Those reports shall include an explanation of the procedures in place to ensure that the trusted flagger retains its independence. Trusted flaggers shall send those reports to the Digital Services Coordinator and shall make them publicly available. The information in those reports shall not contain personal data.	F	
22.4	Digital Services Coordinators shall communicate to the Commission and the Board the names, addresses and email addresses of the entities to which they have awarded the status of the trusted flagger in accordance with paragraph 2 or whose trusted flagger status they have suspended in accordance with paragraph 6 or revoked in accordance with paragraph 7.	1	22.5	5. Digital Services Coordinator shall publish on its website the names, addresses and email addresses of the entities which they have been awarded trusted flagger status in accordance with point 2 of this article, or whose trusted flaggers status they have been suspended in accordance with point 6 or revoked pursuant to point 7 of this article. The list published by the Digital Services Coordinator is sent to the European Commission for the purposes of information exchange and coordination.	F	
22.5	The Commission shall publish the information referred to in paragraph 4 in a publicly available database, in an easily accessible and machine-readable format, and shall keep the database up to date.	1	22.5	5. The list published by the Digital Services Coordinator may be sent to the European Commission for the purposes of information exchange and coordination.	F	
22.6	Where a provider of online platforms has information indicating that a trusted flagger has submitted a significant number of insufficiently precise, inaccurate or inadequately substantiated notices through the mechanisms referred to in Article 16, including information gathered in connection to the processing of complaints through the internal complaint-handling systems referred to in Article 20(4), it shall communicate that information to the Digital Services Coordinator that awarded the status of trusted flagger to the entity concerned, providing the necessary explanations and supporting documents. Upon receiving the information from the provider of online platforms, and if the Digital Services Coordinator considers that there are legitimate reasons to open an investigation, the status of trusted flagger shall be suspended during the period of the investigation. That investigation shall be carried out without undue delay.	1	22.6	6. Where a provider of online platforms has information indicating that a trusted flagger has submitted a significant number of insufficiently precise, inaccurate or inadequately substantiated notices through the mechanisms referred to in Article 16, including information gathered in connection to the processing of complaints through the internal complaint-handling systems referred to in Article 16 of this law, including information gathered in connection to the processing of complaints through the internal complaint-handling systems referred to in point 4 of Article 20 of this law, it shall communicate this information to the Digital Services Coordinator that awarded the status of trusted flagger to the entity concerned, providing the necessary explanations and supporting documents. Upon receiving the information from the provider of online platforms, and if the Digital Services Coordinator considers that there are legitimate reasons to open an investigation, the status of trusted flagger shall be suspended during the period of the investigation. That investigation shall be carried out without undue delay.	F	
22.7	The Digital Services Coordinator that awarded the status of trusted flagger to an entity shall revoke that status if it determines, following an investigation either on its own initiative or on the basis information received from third	1	22.7	7. The Digital Services Coordinator that awarded the status of trusted flagger to an entity shall revoke that status if it determines, following an investigation either on its own initiative or on the basis information	F	

	parties, including the information provided by a provider of online platforms pursuant to paragraph 6, that the entity no longer meets the conditions set out in paragraph 2. Before revoking that status, the Digital Services Coordinator shall afford the entity an opportunity to react to the findings of its investigation and its intention to revoke the entity's status as trusted flagger.			received from third parties, including the information provided by a provider of online platforms pursuant to paragraph 6, that the entity no longer meets the conditions set out in paragraph 2. Before revoking that status, the Digital Services Coordinator shall afford the entity an opportunity to react to the findings of its investigation and its intention to revoke the entity's status as trusted flagger..		
22.8	The Commission, after consulting the Board, shall, where necessary, issue guidelines to assist providers of online platforms and Digital Services Coordinators in the application of paragraphs 2, 6 and 7.	1	22.8	8. The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, in order to assist providers of online platforms in implementing paragraphs 2, 5, 6 and 7 of this Article, has the right to issue guidelines based on the guidelines relevant of the European Commission.	F	
23.1	Article 23 Measures and protection against misuse Providers of online platforms shall suspend, for a reasonable period of time and after having issued a prior warning, the provision of their services to recipients of the service that frequently provide manifestly illegal content.	1	23.1	Article 23 Measures and protection against misuse 1.Providers of online platforms shall suspend, for a reasonable period of time and after having issued a prior warning, the provision of their services to recipients of the service that frequently provide manifestly illegal content.	F	
23.2	Providers of online platforms shall suspend, for a reasonable period of time and after having issued a prior warning, the processing of notices and complaints submitted through the notice and action mechanisms and internal complaints-handling systems referred to in Articles 16 and 20, respectively, by individuals or entities or by complainants that frequently submit notices or complaints that are manifestly unfounded.	1	23.2	2.Providers of online platforms shall suspend, for a reasonable period of time and after having issued a prior warning, the processing of notices and complaints submitted through the notice, action mechanisms and internal complaint-handling systems referred to in Articles 16 and 20, of this law respectively, by individuals, entities or complainants, that frequently submit notices or complaints that are manifestly unfounded..	F	
23.3	When deciding on suspension, providers of online platforms shall assess, on a case-by-case basis and in a timely, diligent and objective manner, whether the recipient of the service, the individual, the entity or the complainant engages in the misuse referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances apparent from the information available to the provider of online platforms. Those circumstances shall include at least the following:	1	23.3	3.When deciding on the suspension, providers of online platforms assess, on a case-by-case basis and in a timely, diligent and objective manner, whether the recipient of the service, the individual, the entity or the complainant engages in the misuse referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances apparent from the information available to the provider of online platforms. Those circumstances shall include at least the following:	F	
23.3.a	(a) the absolute numbers of items of manifestly illegal content or manifestly unfounded notices or complaints, submitted within a given time frame;	1	23.3.a	a)the absolute number of items of manifestly illegal content or manifestly unfounded notices or complaints, submitted within a given time frame ;	F	

23.3.b	(b) the relative proportion thereof in relation to the total number of items of information provided or notices submitted within a given time frame;	1	23.3.b	b) the relative proportion thereof in relation to the total number of items of information provided or notices submitted within a given time frame;	F	
23.3.c	(c) the gravity of the misuses, including the nature of illegal content, and of its consequences;	1	23.3.c	c)the gravity of the misuses , including the nature of the illegal content and its consequences;	F	
23.3.d	(d) where it is possible to identify it, the intention of the recipient of the service, the individual, the entity or the complainant.	1	23.3.d	d)where it is possible to identify it, the intention of the recipient of the service, the individual, the entity or the complainant.	F	
23.4	Providers of online platforms shall set out, in a clear and detailed manner, in their terms and conditions their policy in respect of the misuse referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, and shall give examples of the facts and circumstances that they take into account when assessing whether certain behaviour constitutes misuse and the duration of the suspension.	1	23.4	4.Providers of online platforms determine, clearly and in detail, in their terms and conditions their policy regarding the abuse referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article and shall give examples of the facts and circumstances that they take into account when assessing whether certain behavior constitutes misuse and the duration of the suspension..	F	
24.1	Article 24 Transparency reporting obligations for providers of online platforms In addition to the information referred to in Article 15, providers of online platforms shall include in the reports referred to in that Article information on the following:	1	24.1	Article 24 Transparency reporting for online platforms 1. In addition to the information referred to in Article 15 of this law, providers of online platforms shall include in the reports referred to in that Article information on the following:	F	
24.1.a	(a) the number of disputes submitted to the out-of-court dispute settlement bodies referred to in Article 21, the outcomes of the dispute settlement, and the median time needed for completing the dispute settlement procedures, as well as the share of disputes where the provider of the online platform implemented the decisions of the body	1	24.1.a	a) the number of disputes submitted to the out-of-court dispute resolution bodies referred to in Article 21 of this law, the outcomes of the dispute settlement, and the median time needed for completing the dispute settlement procedures, as well as the share of disputes where the provider of the online platform implemented the decisions of the body;	F	
24.1.b	(b) the number of suspensions imposed pursuant to Article 23, distinguishing between suspensions enacted for the provision of manifestly illegal content, the submission of manifestly unfounded notices and the submission of manifestly unfounded complaints.	1	24.1.b	b) the number of suspensions imposed pursuant to Article 23, of this law, distinguishing between suspensions enacted for the provision of manifestly illegal content, the submission of manifestly unfounded notices and the submission of manifestly unfounded complaints. of clearly unfounded complaints.	F	
24.2	By 17 February 2023 and at least once every six months thereafter, providers shall publish for each online platform or online search engine, in a publicly available section of their online interface, information on the average monthly active recipients of the service in the Union, calculated as an average over the period of the past six months and in accordance with the methodology laid down in the delegated acts referred to in Article 33(3), where those delegated acts have been adopted.	1	24.2	2. At least once every six months, thereafter, providers shall publish for each online platform or online search engine, in a publicly available section of their online interface, information on the average monthly active recipients of the service in the Republic of Albania, calculated as an average over the period of the past six months and in accordance with the methodology approved by the Digital Services Coordinator in	F	

				accordance with the delegated acts referred to in point 3, of Article 33, of this law.		
24.3	Providers of online platforms or of online search engines shall communicate to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment and the Commission, upon their request and without undue delay, the information referred to in paragraph 2, updated to the moment of such request. That Digital Services Coordinator or the Commission may require the provider of the online platform or of the online search engine to provide additional information as regards the calculation referred to in that paragraph, including explanations and substantiation in respect of the data used. That information shall not include personal data.	1	24.3	3. Providers of online platforms or online search engines shall communicate to the Digital Services Coordinator, upon its request and without delay, the information referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, updated to the moment of such request. The Digital Services Coordinator may require the provider of the online platform or of the online search engine to provide additional information as regards the calculation referred to in that paragraph, including explanations and substantiation in respect of the data used. That information shall not include personal data.	F	
24.4	When the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment has reasons to consider, based the information received pursuant to paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article, that a provider of online platforms or of online search engines meets the threshold of average monthly active recipients of the service in the Union laid down in Article 33(1), it shall inform the Commission thereof.	1	24.4	4. When the Digital Services Coordinator, has reasons to consider, based the information received pursuant to paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article, that a provider of online platforms or of online search engines meets the threshold of average monthly active recipients of the service in the Union laid down in point 1 of Article 33 of this law, it shall inform the Commission thereof.	F	
24.5	Providers of online platforms shall, without undue delay, submit to the Commission the decisions and the statements of reasons referred to in Article 17(1) for the inclusion in a publicly accessible machine-readable database managed by the Commission. Providers of online platforms shall ensure that the information submitted does not contain personal data.	1	24.5	5. Providers of online platforms shall submit without undue delay to the Digital Services Coordinator the decisions and statements of reasons referred to in point 1, of Article 17, of this law. Providers of online platforms ensure that the information submitted does not contain personal data.	F	
24.6	The Commission may adopt implementing acts to lay down templates concerning the form, content and other details of reports pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 88.	1	24.6	6. The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, adopts implementing acts related to the determination of templates related to the form, content and other details of the reports according to point 1 of this article, in accordance with the practice of the European Commission.	F	
25.1	Article 25 Online interface design and organisation Providers of online platforms shall not design, organise or operate their online interfaces in a way that deceives or manipulates the recipients of their service or in a way that otherwise materially distorts or impairs the ability of the recipients of their service to make free and informed decisions.	1	25.1	Article 25 Online interface design and organisation 1. Providers of online platforms shall not design, organise or operate their online interfaces in a way that deceives or manipulates the recipients of their service, or in any otherwise materially distorts or impairs the ability of the recipients of the service to make free and informed decisions.	F	
25.2	The prohibition in paragraph 1 shall not apply to practices covered by Directive 2005/29/EC or Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	1	25.2	2. The prohibition provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article does not apply to practices covered by the legislation on the protection of personal data.	F	

25.3	The Commission may issue guidelines on how paragraph 1 applies to specific practices, notably:	1	25.3	3. The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, shall transpose the guidelines of the European Commission on the manner of implementation of paragraph 1 of this Article applies to specific practices, notably:	F	
25.3.a	(a) giving more prominence to certain choices when asking the recipient of the service for a decision;	1	25.3.a	a) giving more prominence to certain choices when asking the recipient of the service for a decision;	F	
25.3.b	(b) repeatedly requesting that the recipient of the service make a choice where that choice has already been made, especially by presenting pop-ups that interfere with the user experience;	1	25.3.b	b) repeatedly requesting that the recipient of the service make a choice, where that choice has already been made, especially by presenting “ <i>pop-up</i> ” that interfere with the user's experience;	F	
25.3.c	(c) making the procedure for terminating a service more difficult than subscribing to it.	1	25.3.c	c) making the procedure for terminating a service more difficult than subscribing to it.	F	
26.1	Article 26 Advertisements on online platforms Providers of online platforms that present advertisements on their online interfaces shall ensure that, for each specific advertisement presented to each individual recipient, the recipients of the service are able to identify, in a clear, concise and unambiguous manner and in real time, the following:	1	26.1	Article 26 Advertisements on online platforms 1. Providers of online platforms that present advertisements on their online interfaces shall ensure that, for each specific advertisement presented to each individual recipient of the service, the recipients of the service are able to identify, in a clear, concise and unambiguous manner and in real time, the following:	F	
26.1.a	(a) that the information is an advertisement, including through prominent markings, which might follow standards pursuant to Article 44;	1	26.1.a	a) that the information is an advertisement, including through prominent markings, which might follow standards pursuant to Article 44, of this law;	F	
26.1.b	(b) the natural or legal person on whose behalf the advertisement is presented;	1	26.1.b	b) the natural or legal person on whose behalf the advertisement is presented;	F	
26.1.c	(c) the natural or legal person who paid for the advertisement if that person is different from the natural or legal person referred to in point (b);	1	26.1.c	c) the natural or legal person on whose paid for the advertisement, if that person is different from the natural or legal person referred to in letter b of this point;	F	
26.1.d	(d) meaningful information directly and easily accessible from the advertisement about the main parameters used to determine the recipient to whom the advertisement is presented and, where applicable, about how to change those parameters.	1	26.1.d	d) meaningful information, directly and easily accessible from the advertisement, about the main parameters used to determine the recipient to whom the advertisement is presented and, where applicable, about how to change those parameters.	F	
26.2	Providers of online platforms shall provide recipients of the service with a functionality to declare whether the content they provide is or contains commercial communications. When the recipient of the service submits a declaration pursuant to this paragraph, the provider of online platforms shall ensure that other recipients of the service can identify in a clear and unambiguous manner and in real time, including through prominent markings, which	1	26.2	2. Providers of online platforms shall provide recipients of the service with a functionality to declare whether the content they provide constitutes or contains commercial communications. When the recipient of the service submits a declaration pursuant to this paragraph, the provider of online platforms shall ensure that other recipients of the service can identify in a clear and unambiguous manner and in real time, including through prominent markings, which might follow standards pursuant to Article 44 of this law, that the	F	

	might follow standards pursuant to Article 44, that the content provided by the recipient of the service is or contains commercial communications, as described in that declaration.			content provided by the recipient of the service is or contains commercial communications, as described in that declaration.		
26.3	Providers of online platforms shall not present advertisements to recipients of the service based on profiling as defined in Article 4, point (4), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 using special categories of personal data referred to in Article 9(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	1	26.3	3. Providers of online platforms shall not present advertisements to recipients of the service based on profiling accordance with the definitions of Law no. 124/2024 on the protection of personal data.	F	
27.1	Article 27 Recommender system transparency Providers of online platforms that use recommender systems shall set out in their terms and conditions, in plain and intelligible language, the main parameters used in their recommender systems, as well as any options for the recipients of the service to modify or influence those main parameters.	1	27.1	Article 27 Recommender systems transparency 1. Providers of online platforms that use recommender systems shall set out in their terms and conditions, in plain and intelligible language, the main parameters used in their recommender systems, as well as any options for recipients of the service, to modify or influence these main parameters.	F	
27.2	The main parameters referred to in paragraph 1 shall explain why certain information is suggested to the recipient of the service. They shall include, at least:	1	27.2	2. The main parameters referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall explain why certain information is suggested to the recipient of the service. They shall include, at least:	F	
27.2.a	(a) the criteria which are most significant in determining the information suggested to the recipient of the service;	1	27.2.a	a) the criteria which are most significant in determining the information suggested to to the recipient of the service;	F	
27.2.b	(b) the reasons for the relative importance of those parameters.	1	27.2.b	b) the reasons for the relative importance of those parameters.	F	
27.3	Where several options are available pursuant to paragraph 1 for recommender systems that determine the relative order of information presented to recipients of the service, providers of online platforms shall also make available a functionality that allows the recipient of the service to select and to modify at any time their preferred option. That functionality shall be directly and easily accessible from the specific section of the online platform's online interface where the information is being prioritised.	1	27.3	3. Where, several options are available pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article, for recommender systems that determine the relative order of information presented to recipients of the service, providers of online platforms shall also make available a functionality that allows the recipient of the service to select and to modify at any time their preferred option. That functionality shall be directly and easily accessible from the specific section of the online platform's online interface where the information is being prioritized.	F	
28.1	Article 28 Online protection of minors Providers of online platforms accessible to minors shall put in place appropriate and proportionate measures to ensure a high level of privacy, safety, and security of minors, on their service	1	28.1	Article 28 Online protection of minors 1. Providers of online platforms accessible to minors take appropriate and proportionate measures to ensure a high level of privacy, security and protection of minors on their service.	F	
28.2	Providers of online platform shall not present advertisements on their interface based on profiling as defined in Article 4, point (4), of Regulation (EU)	1	28.2	2. Providers of the online platform shall not present advertisements on their interface based on profiling as defined in the legislation on data protection, namely	F	

	2016/679 using personal data of the recipient of the service when they are aware with reasonable certainty that the recipient of the service is a minor.			Law 124/2024, using personal data of the recipient of the service when they are aware with reasonable certainty that the recipient of the service is a minor.		
28.3	Compliance with the obligations set out in this Article shall not oblige providers of online platforms to process additional personal data in order to assess whether the recipient of the service is a minor.	1	28.3	3. Compliance with the obligations set out in this Article shall not oblige providers of online platforms to process additional personal data to assess whether the recipient of the service is a minor.	F	
28.4	The Commission, after consulting the Board, may issue guidelines to assist providers of online platforms in the application of paragraph 1.	1	28.4	4. The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, adopts guidelines, to assist providers of online platforms in the implementation of paragraph 1, of this article, in accordance with the guidelines of the European Commission.	F	
29.1	Article 29 Exclusion for micro and small enterprises This Section shall not apply to providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders that qualify as micro or small enterprises as defined in Recommendation 2003/361/EC. This Section shall not apply to providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders that previously qualified for the status of a micro or small enterprise as defined in Recommendation 2003/361/EC during the 12 months following their loss of that status pursuant to Article 4(2) thereof, except when they are very large online platforms in accordance with Article 33.	1	29.1 29.2	Article 29 Exceptions for micro and small enterprises 1. This section shall not apply to providers of online platforms that allow consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders that qualify as small and micro enterprises, as defined in Law No. 43/2022 “On the development of micro, small and medium enterprises”. 2. This section shall also not apply to providers of online platforms that enable consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders that have previously had the status of small and micro enterprises, for a period of 12 months after the loss of that status.	F	
29.2	By derogation from paragraph 1 of this Article, this Section shall apply to providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders that have been designated as very large online platforms in accordance with Article 33, irrespective of whether they qualify as micro or small enterprises.	1	29.3	3. By way of derogation from the paragraph 1 of this Article, this section shall apply to providers of online platforms that allow consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders that have been designated as very large online platforms in accordance with Article 33, irrespective of whether they qualify as micro or small enterprises.	F	
30.1	Article 30 Traceability of traders Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall ensure that traders can only use those online platforms to promote messages on or to offer products or services to consumers located in the Union if, prior to the use of their services for those purposes, they have obtained the following information, where applicable to the trader:	1	30.1	Article 30 Traceability of traders 1. Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall ensure that traders can use these online platforms to promote messages on or to offer products or services to consumers located in the country if, prior to the use of their services for those purposes, they have obtained the following information, where applicable to the trader:	F	

30.1.a	(a) the name, address, telephone number and email address of the trader;	1	30.1.a	a) the name, address, telephone number and email address of the trader;	F	
30.1.b	(b) a copy of the identification document of the trader or any other electronic identification as defined by Article 3 of Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council (40);	1	30.1.b	b) a copy of the trader's identification document or any other electronic identification as defined in Article 3, of Law no. 51/2026 on electronic identification, trusted services and the digital identity wallet;	F	
30.1.c;	(c) the payment account details of the trader;	1	30.1.c;	c) the payment account details of the trader;	F	
30.1.d	(d) where the trader is registered in a trade register or similar public register, the trade register in which the trader is registered and its registration number or equivalent means of identification in that register;	1	30.1.d	d) where the trader is registered in a trade register, or similar public register, the trade register in which the trader is registered and its registration number, or the equivalent means of identification in that register;	F	
30.1.e	(e) a self-certification by the trader committing to only offer products or services that comply with the applicable rules of Union law.	1	30.1.e	e) a self-declaration by the trader, committing to only offer products or services that comply with the applicable national rules.	F	
30.2	Upon receiving the information referred to in paragraph 1 and prior to allowing the trader concerned to use its services, the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall, through the use of any freely accessible official online database or online interface made available by a Member State or the Union or through requests to the trader to provide supporting documents from reliable sources, make best efforts to assess whether the information referred to in paragraph 1, points (a) to (e), is reliable and complete. For the purpose of this Regulation, traders shall be liable for the accuracy of the information provided As regards traders that are already using the services of providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders for the purposes referred to in paragraph 1 on 17 February 2024, the providers shall make best efforts to obtain the information listed from the traders concerned within 12 months. Where the traders concerned fail to provide the information within that period, the providers shall suspend the provision of their services to those traders until they have provided all information.	1	30.2 30.3	2. Upon receiving the information referred to in paragraph 1 of this article and prior to allowing the trader concerned to use its services, the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall, through the use of any freely accessible official online database or online interface or through requests to the trader to provide supporting documents from reliable sources, make best efforts to assess whether the information referred to in letters a) to e) of point 1, of this article is reliable and complete. For the purpose of this Law, traders shall be liable for the accuracy of the information provided. 3. As regards traders who already using the services of providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders for the purposes referred to in paragraph 1, of this article, the providers shall make best efforts to obtain the information listed from the traders concerned within 12 months. Where the traders concerned fail to provide the information within that period, the providers shall suspend the provision of their services to those traders until they have provided all information.	F	
30.3	Where the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders obtains sufficient indications or has reason to believe that any item of information referred to in paragraph 1 obtained from the trader concerned is inaccurate, incomplete or not up-to-date, that provider shall request that the trader remedy that situation without delay or	1	30.4	4. Where the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders obtains sufficient indicators or has reason to believe that any item of information referred to in paragraph 1 of this article, obtained from the trader concerned is inaccurate, incomplete or not up to date, that provider shall request that the trader remedy that situation	F	

	within the period set by Union and national law. Where the trader fails to correct or complete that information, the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall swiftly suspend the provision of its service to that trader in relation to the offering of products or services to consumers located in the Union until the request has been fully complied with.		30.5	without delay, or within the period set by national legislation. 5. Where the trader fails to correct or complete that information, the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall swiftly suspend the provision of its service for that trader, in relation to the offering of products or services to consumers located in the country, until the request has been fully complied with.		
30.4	Without prejudice to Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2019/1150, if a provider of an online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders refuses to allow a trader to use its service pursuant to paragraph 1, or suspends the provision of its service pursuant to paragraph 3 of this Article, the trader concerned shall have the right to lodge a complaint as provided for in Articles 20 and 21 of this Regulation.	1	30.6	6. If a provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders refuses to allow a trader to use its service pursuant to paragraph 1, or suspends the provision of its service in accordance with paragraph 3 of this article, the trader concerned shall have the right to lodge a complaint, as provided for in Articles 20 and 21 of this law.	F	
30.5	Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall store the information obtained pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2 in a secure manner for a period of six months after the end of the contractual relationship with the trader concerned. They shall subsequently delete the information.	1	30.7	7.Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall store the information obtained pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this article, in a secure manner for a period of six months after the end of the contractual relationship with the trader concerned. They shall subsequently delete the information.	F	
30.6	Without prejudice to paragraph 2 of this Article, the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall only disclose the information to third parties where so required in accordance with the applicable law, including the orders referred to in Article 10 and any orders issued by Member States' competent authorities or the Commission for the performance of their tasks under this Regulation.	1	30.8	8.Without prejudice to paragraph 2 of this article, the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall only disclose the information to third parties where so required in accordance with the applicable law, including the orders referred to in Article 10 and any orders issued by competent authorities or the Digital Services Coordinator for the performance of their tasks under this Law.	F	
30.7	The provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall make the information referred to in paragraph 1, points (a), (d) and (e) available on its online platform to the recipients of the service in a clear, easily accessible and comprehensible manner. That information shall be available at least on the online platform's online interface where the information on the product or service is presented.	1	30.9	9.The provider of the online platform allwing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall make the information referred to in letters a, d and e, of paragraph 1, of this article, available on its online platform to the recipients of the service in a clear, easily accessible and comprehensible manner. That information shall be available at least on the online interface of the platform where the information on the product or service is presented.	F	

31.1	Article 31 Compliance by design Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall ensure that its online interface is designed and organised in a way that enables traders to comply with their obligations regarding pre-contractual information, compliance and product safety information under applicable Union law. In particular, the provider concerned shall ensure that its online interface enables traders to provide information on the name, address, telephone number and email address of the economic operator, as defined in Article 3, point (13), of Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 and other Union law.	1	31.1; 31.2	Article 31 Compliance by design 1. Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude the distance contracts with traders, shall ensure that its online interface is designed and organised in way that enables traders to comply with their obligations regarding pre-contractual information, compliance and product safety information. 2. In particular, the provider concerned shall ensure that its online interface enables traders to provide information on the name, address, telephone number and email address of the economic operator, understood as the manufacturer, authorised representative, importer, distributor, provider of logistics services or any other natural or legal person subject to obligations related to the manufacture of products, their placing on the market or putting into service, in accordance with national legislation.	F	
31.2	Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall ensure that its online interface is designed and organised in a way that it allows traders to provide at least the following:	1	31.3	3. Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall ensure that their online interface is designed and organised in such a way as to enable traders to provide at least the following:	F	
31.2.a	(a) the information necessary for the clear and unambiguous identification of the products or the services promoted or offered to consumers located in the Union through the services of the providers;	1	31.3.a	a) the information necessary for the clear and unambiguous identification of the products or services promoted, or offered to consumers located in the Republic of Albania, through the providers' services;	F	
31.2.b	(b) any sign identifying the trader such as the trademark, symbol or logo; and,	1	31.3.b	(b) any sign identifying the trader, such as the trademark, symbol or logo; and,	F	
31.2.c	(c) where applicable, the information concerning the labelling and marking in compliance with rules of applicable Union law on product safety and product compliance.	1	31.3.c	c) where applicable, the information concerning the labelling and marking in compliance with rules of of applicable Union law on product safety and product compliance.	F	
31.3	Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall make best efforts to assess whether such traders have provided the information referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 prior to allowing them to offer their products or services on those platforms. After allowing the trader to offer products or services on its online platform that allows consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders, the provider shall make reasonable efforts to randomly check in any official, freely accessible and machine-readable online	1	31.4	4.Providers of online platforms allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders shall make best efforts to assess whether such traders have provided the information referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this article prior to allowing them to offer their products or services on those platforms. After allowing the trader to offer products or services on its online platform that allows consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders, the provider shall make reasonable efforts to randomly check in any official, freely accessible and	F	

	database or online interface whether the products or services offered have been identified as illegal.			machine-readable online database or online interface whether the products or services offered have been identified as illegal.		
32.1	Article 32 Right to information Where a provider of an online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders becomes aware, irrespective of the means used, that an illegal product or service has been offered by a trader to consumers located in the Union through its services, that provider shall inform, insofar as it has their contact details, consumers who purchased the illegal product or service through its services of the following:	1	32.1	Article 32 Right to information 1. Where a provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders becomes aware, irrespective of the means used, that an illegal product or service has been offered by a trader to consumers located in the Republic of Albania through its services, that provider shall inform, insofar as it has their contact details, the consumers who purchased the illegal product or service, through its services, of the following:	F	
32.1.a	a) the fact that the product or service is illegal;	1	32.1.a	a) the fact that the product or service is illegal;	F	
32.1.b	(b) the identity of the trader and,	1	32.1.b	b) the identity of the trader; and	F	
32.1.c	(c) any relevant means of redress.	1	32.1.c	c) any relevant means of redress.		
	The obligation laid down in the first subparagraph shall be limited to purchases of illegal products or services made within the six months preceding the moment that the provider became aware of the illegality.	1	32.2	2. The obligation laid down in the paragraph 1 of this article, shall be limited to purchases of illegal products or services made within six months preceding the moment that the provider became aware of the illegality.	F	
32.2	Where, in the situation referred to in paragraph 1, the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders does not have the contact details of all consumers concerned, that provider shall make publicly available and easily accessible on its online interface the information concerning the illegal product or service, the identity of the trader and any relevant means of redress.	1	32.3	3. Where, in the situation referred to in paragraph 1, of this article, the provider of the online platform allowing consumers to conclude distance contracts with traders, does not have the contact details of all consumers concerned, that provider shall make publicly available and easily accessible on its online interface, the information concerning the illegal product or service, the identity of the trader and any relevant means of redress.	F	
33.1	Article 33 Very large online platforms and very large online search engines This Section shall apply to online platforms and online search engines which have a number of average monthly active recipients of the service in the Union equal to or higher than 45 million, and which are designated as very large online platforms or very large online search engines pursuant to paragraph 4.	1	33.1	Article 33 Very large online platforms and very large online search engines 1. This section shall apply to online platforms and online search engines which are designated as very large online platforms and very large online search engines by the European Commission, regardless of the number of active recipients of the service in the Republic of Albania, except for those that do not provide services in the territory of the Republic of Albania.	F	

33.2	The Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 87 to adjust the number of average monthly active recipients of the service in the Union referred to in paragraph 1, where the Union's population increases or decreases at least by 5 % in relation to its population in 2020 or its population after adjustment by means of a delegated act in the year in which the latest delegated act was adopted. In such a case, it shall adjust the number so that it corresponds to 10 % of the Union's population in the year in which it adopts the delegated act, rounded up or down to allow the number to be expressed in millions.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
33.3	The Commission may adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 87, after consulting the Board, to supplement the provisions of this Regulation by laying down the methodology for calculating the number of average monthly active recipients of the service in the Union, for the purposes of paragraph 1 of this Article and Article 24(2), ensuring that the methodology takes account of market and technological developments.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
33.4	The Commission shall, after having consulted the Member State of establishment or after taking into account the information provided by the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment pursuant to Article 24(4), adopt a decision designating as a very large online platform or a very large online search engine for the purposes of this Regulation the online platform or the online search engine which has a number of average monthly active recipients of the service equal to or higher than the number referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article. The Commission shall take its decision on the basis of data reported by the provider of the online platform or of the online search engine pursuant to Article 24(2), or information requested pursuant to Article 24(3) or any other information available to the Commission. The failure by the provider of the online platform or of the online search engine to comply with Article 24(2) or to comply with the request by the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment or by the Commission pursuant to Article 24(3) shall not prevent the Commission from designating that provider as a provider of a very large online platform or of a very large online search engine pursuant to this paragraph. Where the Commission bases its decision on other information available to the Commission pursuant to the first subparagraph of this paragraph or on the basis of additional information requested pursuant to Article 24(3), the Commission shall give the provider of the online platform or of the online search engine concerned	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	10 working days in which to submit its views on the Commission's preliminary findings and on its intention to designate the online platform or the online search engine as a very large online platform or as a very large online search engine, respectively. The Commission shall take due account of the views submitted by the provider concerned. The failure of the provider of the online platform or of the online search engine concerned to submit its views pursuant to the third subparagraph shall not prevent the Commission from designating that online platform or that online search engine as a very large online platform or as a very large online search engine, respectively, based on other information available to it.					
33.5	The Commission shall terminate the designation if, during an uninterrupted period of one year, the online platform or the online search engine does not have a number of average monthly active recipients of the service equal to or higher than the number referred to in paragraph 1.	1	33.3	3.The Digital Services Coordinator shall remove the provider of the online platform or of the online search engine from the list of very large online platforms or very large online search engines for Albania, as soon as its designation as VLOPSE in Europe is withdrawn.	F	
33.6	The Commission shall notify its decisions pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 5, without undue delay, to the provider of the online platform or of the online search engine concerned, to the Board and to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment. The Commission shall ensure that the list of designated very large online platforms and very large online search engines is published in the Official Journal of the European Union, and shall keep that list up to date. The obligations set out in this Section shall apply, or cease to apply, to the very large online platforms and very large online search engines concerned from four months after the notification to the provider concerned referred to in the first subparagraph.	1	33.2; 33.4;	2.The Digital Services Coordinator will publish a list of the very large online platforms and online search engines designated by the European Commission in its website and will immediately update it whenever the list of the Commission is amended. 4.The Digital Services Coordinator shall notify the inclusion in the list of very large online platforms or search engines for Albania pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, of this article without undue delay, to the provider of the online platform or of the online search engine concerned.	F	
34.1	Article 34 Risk assessment Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall diligently identify, analyse and assess any systemic risks in the Union stemming from the design or functioning of their service and its related systems, including algorithmic systems, or from the use made of their services. They shall carry out the risk assessments by the date of application referred to in Article 33(6), second subparagraph, and at least once every year thereafter, and in any event prior to deploying functionalities that are	1	34.1	Article 34 Risk assessment 1. Providers of very large online platforms and very large online search engines shall identify, analyse and carefully assess any systemic risk in the Republic of Albania, arising from the design or functioning of their service and systems connected to it, including algorithmic systems, or from the use of their services. They shall carry out risk assessments by the date of placement in Albania and at least once a year thereafter, as well as, in any case, before putting into use functionalities that are likely to have a critical impact on the risks	F	

	likely to have a critical impact on the risks identified pursuant to this Article. This risk assessment shall be specific to their services and proportionate to the systemic risks, taking into consideration their severity and probability, and shall include the following systemic risks:			identified in accordance with this Article. This risk assessment must be specific to their services and proportionate to the systemic risks, taking into consideration the severity and probability thereof and must include the following systemic risks:		
34.1.a	(a) the dissemination of illegal content through their services;	1	34.1.a	a) dissemination of illegal content through their services;	F	
34.1.b	(b) any actual or foreseeable negative effects for the exercise of fundamental rights, in particular the fundamental rights to human dignity enshrined in Article 1 of the Charter, to respect for private and family life enshrined in Article 7 of the Charter, to the protection of personal data enshrined in Article 8 of the Charter, to freedom of expression and information, including the freedom and pluralism of the media, enshrined in Article 11 of the Charter, to non-discrimination enshrined in Article 21 of the Charter, to respect for the rights of the child enshrined in Article 24 of the Charter and to a high-level of consumer protection enshrined in Article 38 of the Charter;	1	34.1.b	b) any actual or foreseeable adverse effect on the exercise of fundamental human rights and freedoms;	F	
34.1.c	(c) any actual or foreseeable negative effects on civic discourse and electoral processes, and public security;	1	34.1.c	c) any actual or foreseeable adverse effect on civic discourse and electoral processes, as well as public order;	F	
34.1.d	(d) any actual or foreseeable negative effects in relation to gender-based violence, the protection of public health and minors and serious negative consequences to the person's physical and mental well-being.	1	34.1.d	d) any actual or foreseeable negative effects with regard to gender-based violence, the protection of public health and minors, and serious adverse consequences for the physical and mental well-being of the person.	F	
Article 34(2)	When conducting risk assessments, providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall take into account, in particular, whether and how the following factors influence any of the systemic risks referred to in paragraph 1:	1	34.2	2. When carrying out of risk assessments, providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall take into account, in particular, whether and how any of the systemic risks referred to in paragraphs 1 is affected by the following factors:	F	
34.2.a	(a) the design of their recommender systems and any other relevant algorithmic system;	1	34.2.a	a) the design of their recommender systems and any other relevant algorithmic system;	F	
34.2.b	(b) their content moderation systems;	1	34.2.b	b) their content moderation systems;	F	
34.2.c	(c) the applicable terms and conditions and their enforcement;	1	34.2.c	c) the terms and conditions of use and ensuring their compliance;	F	
34.2.d	(d) systems for selecting and presenting advertisements;	1	34.2.d	d) their systems for the selection and presenting advertisements;	F	

34.2.e	(e) data related practices of the provider.	1	34.2.e	e) data related practices of the providera.	F	
	The assessments shall also analyse whether and how the risks pursuant to paragraph 1 are influenced by intentional manipulation of their service, including by inauthentic use or automated exploitation of the service, as well as the amplification and potentially rapid and wide dissemination of illegal content and of information that is incompatible with their terms and conditions. The assessment shall take into account specific regional or linguistic aspects, including when specific to a Member State.	1		The assessments also take into consideration whether and in what manner the risks referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article are affected by the intentional manipulation of their service, including the unauthentic use or automated exploitation of the service, as well as by the potentially rapid and widespread amplification and dissemination of illegal content and information incompatible with the terms and conditions. The specific regional or linguistic aspects must also be taken into account in the assessments.		
34.3	Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall preserve the supporting documents of the risk assessments for at least three years after the performance of risk assessments, and shall, upon request, communicate them to the Commission and to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment.	1	34.3	3. Providers of very large online platforms and very large online search engines shall retain the supporting documentation of the risk assessments for at least three years after those assessments are carried out and, upon request, shall submit it to the Digital Services Coordinator.	F	
35.1	Article 35 Mitigation of risks Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall put in place reasonable, proportionate and effective mitigation measures, tailored to the specific systemic risks identified pursuant to Article 34, with particular consideration to the impacts of such measures on fundamental rights. Such measures may include, where applicable:	1	35.1	Article 35 Mitigation of risks 1. Providers of very large online platforms and very large online search engines shall take reasonable, proportionate and effective mitigation measures, tailored according to the specific systemic risks identified in accordance with Article 34 of this law, paying particular attention to the impact of those measures on fundamental human rights. Such measures shall include, where appropriate:	F	
35.1.a	(a) adapting the design, features or functioning of their services, including their online interfaces;	1	35.1.a	a) adapting the design, characteristics or functioning of their services, including online interfaces;	F	
35.1.b	(b) adapting their terms and conditions and their enforcement;	1	35.1.b	b) adapting of he terms and conditions and ensuring their compliance;	F	
35.1.c	(c) adapting content moderation processes, including the speed and quality of processing notices related to specific types of illegal content and, where appropriate, the expeditious removal of, or the disabling of access to, the content notified, in particular in respect of illegal hate speech or cyber violence, as well as adapting any relevant decision-making processes and dedicated resources for content moderation;	1	35.1.c	c) adapting content moderation processes, including the speed and quality of processing notices, related to specific types of illegal content and where appropriate, swiftly removing or disabling access to notified content, in particular with regard to illegal hate speech or online violence, as well as adapting any relevant decision-making processes and resources dedicated to content moderation;	F	
35.1.d	(d) testing and adapting their algorithmic systems, including their recommender systems;	1	35.1.ç	ç)testing and adapting algorithmic systems, including recommender systems;	F	
35.1.e	(e) adapting their advertising systems and adopting targeted measures aimed at limiting or adjusting the	1	35.1.d	d) adapting advertising systems and adapting specific measures aimed at limiting or adjusting the	F	

	presentation of advertisements in association with the service they provide;			presentation of advertisements associated with the service they provide;		
35.1.f	(f) reinforcing the internal processes, resources, testing, documentation, or supervision of any of their activities in particular as regards detection of systemic risk;	1	35.1.dh	dh) strengthening their internal processes, resources, testing capacities, documentation or oversight of any of their activities, in particular as regards the detection of systemic risks;	F	
35.1.g	(g) initiating or adjusting cooperation with trusted flaggers in accordance with Article 22 and the implementation of the decisions of out-of-court dispute settlement bodies pursuant to Article 21;	1	35.1.e	e) initiating or adjusting cooperation with trusted flaggers in accordance with Article 22 of this law and implementing the decisions of out-of-court dispute settlement bodies pursuant to Article 21 of this law;	F	
35.1.h	(h) initiating or adjusting cooperation with other providers of online platforms or of online search engines through the codes of conduct and the crisis protocols referred to in Articles 45 and 48 respectively;	1	35.1.ë	ë) initiating or adjusting cooperation with other providers of online platforms, or online search engines, through the codes of conduct and crisis protocols referred to Articles 45 and 48, of this law respectively;	F	
35.1.i	(i) taking awareness-raising measures and adapting their online interface in order to give recipients of the service more information;	1	35.1.f	f) adopting awareness-raising measures and adapting of online interfaces to provide more information to the recipients of service;	F	
35.1.j	(j) taking targeted measures to protect the rights of the child, including age verification and parental control tools, tools aimed at helping minors signal abuse or obtain support, as appropriate;	1	35.1.g	g) adopting specific measures to protect the rights of the child, including age verification and parental control tools, or tools that help minors report abuse or obtain support, as appropriate;	F	
35.1.k	(k) ensuring that an item of information, whether it constitutes a generated or manipulated image, audio or video that appreciably resembles existing persons, objects, places or other entities or events and falsely appears to a person to be authentic or truthful is distinguishable through prominent markings when presented on their online interfaces, and, in addition, providing an easy to use functionality which enables recipients of the service to indicate such information.	1	35.1.gj	gj) ensuring that information, which may take the form of an image generated, including by artificial intelligence processes, or manipulated, or audio or video content generated, including by artificial intelligence processes, or manipulated, which substantially resembles existing persons, objects, places, or other entities or events and which is falsely appears to be authentic or true, can be distinguished by visible markings when presented on their online interfaces and, in addition, providing a user-friendly function enabling the recipients of the service to indicate such information.	F	
35.2	The Board, in cooperation with the Commission, shall publish comprehensive reports, once a year. The reports shall include the following:	1	35.2	2. The National Coordinator of Digital Services shall publish comprehensive reports once a year. The reports include the following:	F	
35.2.a	(a) identification and assessment of the most prominent and recurrent systemic risks reported by providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines or identified through other information sources, in particular those provided in compliance with Articles 39, 40 and 42;	1	35.2.a	a) identifying and assessing the most important and recurrent systemic risks reported by providers of very large online platforms and very large online search engines, or identified through other sources of information, in particular those set out in accordance with Articles 39, 40 and 42, of this law;	F	

35.2.b	(b) best practices for providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines to mitigate the systemic risks identified.	1	35.2.b	b) best practices for providers of very large online platforms and very large online search engines, to mitigate the systemic risks identified.	F	
	Those reports shall present systemic risks broken down by the Member States in which they occurred and in the Union as a whole, as applicable.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
35.3	3. The Commission, in cooperation with the Digital Services Coordinators, may issue guidelines on the application of paragraph 1 in relation to specific risks, in particular to present best practices and recommend possible measures, having due regard to the possible consequences of the measures on fundamental rights enshrined in the Charter of all parties involved. When preparing those guidelines the Commission shall organise public consultations.	1	35.3	3. The Digital Services Coordinator shall be entitled to issue guidelines on the application of paragraph 1 of this Article, with regards to specific risks, in particular in order to present best practices and recommend possible measures, taking due account of the possible consequences of the measures on the rights of all parties involved. When developing those guidelines, the Digital Services Coordinator in cooperation with competent authorities shall analyses European Union legislation and practices and organises public consultations.	F	
36.1	Article 36 Crisis response mechanism 1. Where a crisis occurs, the Commission, acting upon a recommendation of the Board may adopt a decision, requiring one or more providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines to take one or more of the following actions:	1	36.1	Article 36 Crisis response mechanism 1. In the event of a crisis situation, the Digital Services Coordinator shall have the right to issue a decision requiring one or more providers of very large online platforms or very large online search engines to carry out one or more of the following actions:	F	
36.1.a	(a) assess whether, and if so to what extent and how, the functioning and use of their services significantly contribute to a serious threat as referred to in paragraph 2, or are likely to do so;	1	36.1.a	a) assess whether and, if so, to what extent and how the operation and use of their services significantly contribute or are likely to significantly contribute to a serious threat referred to in paragraph 3, of this Article;	F	
36.1.b	(b) identify and apply specific, effective and proportionate measures, such as any of those provided for in Article 35(1) or Article 48(2), to prevent, eliminate or limit any such contribution to the serious threat identified pursuant to point (a) of this paragraph;	1	36.1.b	b) identify and apply specific, effective and proportionate measures, such as any of those provided for in point 1, of Article 35 of this law or pursuant to paragraph 2 of Article 46 of this law, to prevent, eliminate or limit any such contribution to the serious threat identified pursuant to letter a), of this point;	F	
36.1.c	(c) report to the Commission by a certain date or at regular intervals specified in the decision, on the assessments referred to in point (a), on the precise content, implementation and qualitative and quantitative impact of the specific measures taken pursuant to point (b) and on any other issue related to those assessments or those measures, as specified in the decision.	1	36.1.c	c) report to the Digital Services Coordinator, by a specific date or at regular intervals specified in the decision, on the assessments referred to in letter a) of this point, on the exact content, implementation and qualitative and quantitative impact of the specific measures taken pursuant to letter b) of this point) and on any other matter related to those assessments or measures, as specified in the judgment.	F	

36.1, pg..2	When identifying and applying measures pursuant to point (b) of this paragraph, the service provider or providers shall take due account of the gravity of the serious threat referred to in paragraph 2, of the urgency of the measures and of the actual or potential implications for the rights and legitimate interests of all parties concerned, including the possible failure of the measures to respect the fundamental rights enshrined in the Charter.	1	36.1, pg. 2	When identifying and applying measures pursuant to letter b) of point. 1, of this article the service provider shall duly take into account the seriousness of the threat referred to in point 3 of this article, the urgency of the measures and the actual or potential implications for the legitimate rights and interests of all parties involved, including the possibility that the measures may not respect fundamental human rights.	F	
36.2	For the purpose of this Article, a crisis shall be deemed to have occurred where extraordinary circumstances lead to a serious threat to public security or public health in the Union or in significant parts of it.	1	36.2	2. For the purposes of this Article, a crisis situation shall be deemed to have occurred or to be occurring where extraordinary circumstances give rise to a serious threat to public policy, electoral processes or public health in the Republic of Albania.	F	
36.3	When taking the decision referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall ensure that all of the following requirements are met:	1	36.3	3. In case of issuing a decision referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, the Digital Services Coordinator shall ensure that the following requirements are cumulatively fulfilled:	F	
36.3.a	(a) the actions required by the decision are strictly necessary, justified and proportionate, having regard in particular to the gravity of the serious threat referred to in paragraph 2, the urgency of the measures and the actual or potential implications for the rights and legitimate interests of all parties concerned, including the possible failure of the measures to respect the fundamental rights enshrined in the Charter;	1	36.3.a	a) the actions required by the judgment are strictly necessary, justified and proportionate, having regard in particular to the seriousness of the threat referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3, of this article the urgency of the measures and the actual or potential implications for the rights and legitimate interests of all parties involved, including the possibility that the measures may not respect fundamental human rights;	F	
36.3.b	(b) the decision specifies a reasonable period within which specific measures referred to in paragraph 1, point (b), are to be taken, having regard, in particular, to the urgency of those measures and the time needed to prepare and implement them;	1	36.3.b	b) the act specifies a reasonable period within which the specific measures referred to in letter b, of paragraph 1 must be taken, having regard, in particular, to the urgency of those measures and the time required for their preparation and implementation;	F	
36.3.c	(c) the actions required by the decision are limited to a period not exceeding three months.	1	36.3.c	c) the actions required by the act are limited to a period not exceeding three months.	F	
36.4	After adopting the decision referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall, without undue delay, take the following steps:	1	36.4	4. Pursuant to the act referred to in paragraph 1, of this Article, the Digital Services Coordinator, shall, without undue delay, takes the following actions:	F	
36.4.a	(a) notify the decision to the provider or providers to which the decision is addressed;	1	36.4.a	a) informs the provider about the issuance of the document;	F	
36.4.b	(b) make the decision publicly available; and	1	36.4.b	b) makes the document available to the public.	F	
36.4.c	(c) inform the Board of the decision, invite it to submit its views thereon, and keep it informed of any subsequent developments relating to the decision.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
36.5	The choice of specific measures to be taken pursuant to paragraph 1, point (b), and to paragraph 7, second	1	36.5	5. The choice of the specific measures to be adopted pursuant to letter b), of paragraph 1 and paragraph	F	

	subparagraph, shall remain with the provider or providers addressed by the Commission's decision.			9, of this Article, remains at the discretion of the provider.		
36.6	The Commission may on its own initiative or at the request of the provider, engage in a dialogue with the provider to determine whether, in light of the provider's specific circumstances, the intended or implemented measures referred to in paragraph 1, point (b), are effective and proportionate in achieving the objectives pursued. In particular, the Commission shall ensure that the measures taken by the service provider under paragraph 1, point (b), meet the requirements referred to in paragraph 3, points (a) and (c).	1	36.6	6. The Digital Services Coordinator shall have the right, on its own initiative or at the request of the provider, to enter into a dialogue with the provider in order to determine whether, having regard to the specific circumstances of the provider, the envisaged or implemented measures referred to in letter b), of paragraph 1 are effective and proportionate in order to achieve the objectives pursued. The Digital Services Coordinator shall ensure that the measures taken by the service provider pursuant to letter b), of paragraph 1, of this Article, meet the requirements referred to in letters a), and c), of paragraph 4, of this Article.	F	
36.7	The Commission shall monitor the application of the specific measures taken pursuant to the decision referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article on the basis of the reports referred to in point (c) of that paragraph and any other relevant information, including information it may request pursuant to Article 40 or 67, taking into account the evolution of the crisis. The Commission shall report regularly to the Board on that monitoring, at least on a monthly basis.	1	36.7	7. The Digital Services Coordinator monitors the application of the specific measures taken pursuant to the act referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, on the basis of the reports referred to in letter c) of that paragraph and any other relevant information, including information that it may request pursuant to Article 40 of this law, taking into account the evolution of the crisis situation.	F	
	Where the Commission considers that the intended or implemented specific measures pursuant to paragraph 1, point (b), are not effective or proportionate it may, after consulting the Board, adopt a decision requiring the provider to review the identification or application of those specific measures.	1	36.8	8. Where the Digital Services Coordinator considers that the specific measures provided for or implemented pursuant to letter b), of paragraph 1, of this Article are not effective or proportionate, he has the right to issue a new decision, requesting the provider to review the identified specific measures, or the manner of their implementation. Taking into account the evolution of the crisis situation, the Digital Services Coordinator has the right to amend the decision referred to in paragraphs 1 or 9, of this Article by:	F	
36.8	Where appropriate in view of the evolution of the crisis, the Commission, acting on the Board's recommendation, may amend the decision referred to in paragraph 1 or in paragraph 7, second subparagraph, by:	1	36.8	8... Taking into account the evolution of the crisis situation, the Digital Services Coordinator has the right to amend the decision referred to in paragraphs 1 or 9, of this Article by:	F	
36.8.a	(a) revoking the decision and, where appropriate, requiring the very large online platform or very large online search engine to cease to apply the measures identified and implemented pursuant to paragraph 1, point (b), or paragraph 7, second subparagraph, in particular where the grounds for such measures do not exist anymore;	1	36.8.a	a) revoking the decision and, where applicable, requesting the very large online platform or the very large online search engine, to cease to apply the measures identified and implemented pursuant to letter b), of paragraph 1, or paragraph 9, of this Article, in particular where the reasons for applying such measures no longer exist;	F	

36.8.b	(b) extending the period referred to paragraph 3, point (c), by a period of no more than three months;	1	36.8.b	b) extending the period referred to in letter c, of paragraph 4, of this Article, for a period not exceeding three months;	F	
36.8.c	(c) taking account of experience gained in applying the measures, in particular the possible failure of the measures to respect the fundamental rights enshrined in the Charter.	1	36.8.c	c) taking into account the experience gained in the application of the measures, in particular the possibility that the measures do not respect fundamental human rights.	F	
36.9	The requirements of paragraphs 1 to 6 shall apply to the decision and to the amendment thereof referred to in this Article.	1	36.9	9. The requirements of paragraphs 1 to 6 of this Article shall also apply to the act and its amendment, referred to in this Article.		
36.10	The Commission shall take utmost account of the recommendation of the Board issued pursuant to this Article.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
36.11	The Commission shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council on a yearly basis following the adoption of decisions in accordance with this Article, and, in any event, three months after the end of the crisis, on the application of the specific measures taken pursuant to those decisions.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
37.1	Article 37 Independent audit Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall be subject, at their own expense and at least once a year, to independent audits to assess compliance with the following:	1	37.1	Article 37 Independent audit 1. Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall be subject, at their own expense and at least once a year, to independent audits to assess compliance with the following:	F	
37.1.a	(a) the obligations set out in Chapter III;	1	37.1.a	a) obligations laid down in Chapter III, of this law;	F	
37.1.b	(b) any commitments undertaken pursuant to the codes of conduct referred to in Articles 45 and 46 and the crisis protocols referred to in Article 48.	1	37.1.b	b) any commitment under the codes of conduct referred to in Articles 45, and 46, of this law, and the crisis protocols referred to in Article 48, of this law.	F	

37.2	2.Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall afford the organisations carrying out the audits pursuant to this Article the cooperation and assistance necessary to enable them to conduct those audits in an effective, efficient and timely manner, including by giving them access to all relevant data and premises and by answering oral or written questions. They shall refrain from hampering, unduly influencing or undermining the performance of the audit. Such audits shall ensure an adequate level of confidentiality and professional secrecy in respect of the information obtained from the providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines and third parties in the context of the audits, including after the termination of the audits. However, complying with that requirement shall not adversely affect the performance of the audits and other provisions of this Regulation, in particular those on transparency, supervision and enforcement. Where necessary for the purpose of the transparency reporting pursuant to Article 42(4), the audit report and the audit implementation report referred to in paragraphs 4 and 6 of this Article shall be accompanied with versions that do not contain any information that could reasonably be considered to be confidential.	1	37.2	2. Providers of very large online platforms and very large online search engines shall provide the entities that carry out the audits under this Article with the necessary cooperation and assistance to enable them to carry out those audits in an effective, efficient and timely manner, including by providing them with access to all relevant data and premises and by answering oral or written questions. They shall refrain from impeding, unduly influencing or undermining the performance of the audit. Audits shall ensure an appropriate level of confidentiality and professional secrecy with regard to information obtained from providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines and from third parties in the context of audits, including after the completion of audits. Compliance with this requirement shall not adversely affect the conduct of audits and other provisions of this Law, in particular the provisions on transparency, supervision and enforcement. Where necessary for the purposes of transparency reporting pursuant to point 4 of Article 42 of this law, the audit report and the report on the implementation of the audit recommended follow-up referred to in paragraphs 5 and 7 of this article shall be accompanied by versions that do not contain any information that could reasonably be considered confidential.	F	
37.3	Audits performed pursuant to paragraph 1 shall be performed by organisations which:	1	37.3	3. Audits carried out pursuant to paragraph 1 of this article shall be carried out by organisations which:	F	
37.3.a	(a) are independent from, and do not have any conflicts of interest with, the provider of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines concerned and any legal person connected to that provider; in particular:	1	37.3.a	a) are independent from, and have no conflict of interest with, the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine in question and any other legal person related to that provider, in particular:	F	
37.3.a. (i)	(i) have not provided non-audit services related to the matters audited to the provider of very large online platform or of very large online search engine concerned and to any legal person connected to that provider in the 12 months' period before the beginning of the audit and have committed to not providing them with such services in the 12 months' period after the completion of the audit;	1	37.3.a. (i)	i. they have not provided to the provider of the very large online platform or the very large online search engine concerned, or any legal person associated with that provider, with non-audit services or audited matters in the 12 months prior to the start of the audit and have undertaken not to provide such services to them in the 12 months following the completion of the audit;	F	
37.3.a. (ii)	(ii) have not provided auditing services pursuant to this Article to the provider of very large online platform or of very large online search engine concerned and any legal	1	37.3.a. (ii)	ii. they have not provided auditing services under this Article to the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or to	F	

	person connected to that provider during a period longer than 10 consecutive years;			any legal person associated with that provider for more than 10 consecutive years;		
37.3.a. (iii)	(iii) are not performing the audit in return for fees which are contingent on the result of the audit;	1	37.3.a. (iii)	iii.does not perform the audit in exchange for fees that depend on the outcome of the audit;	F	
37.3.b	(b) have proven expertise in the area of risk management, technical competence and capabilities;	1	37.3.b	b) have proven expertise in risk management, as well as technical skills and capacities;	F	
37.3.c	(c) have proven objectivity and professional ethics, based in particular on adherence to codes of practice or appropriate standards.	1	37.3.c	c)have proven objectivity and professional ethics, in particular by complying with codes of practice or appropriate standards.	F	
37.4	4. Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall ensure that the organisations that perform the audits establish an audit report for each audit. That report shall be substantiated, in writing, and shall include at least the following:	1	37.4	4. Providers of very large online platforms and very large online search engines, shall ensure that auditing organisations draw up an audit report for each audit. That report shall be justified, drawn up in writing and shall include at least the following elements:	F	
37.4.a	(a) the name, address and the point of contact of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine subject to the audit and the period covered;	1	37.4.a	a) the name, address and contact point of the provider of the very large online platform or very large online search engine subject to audit, as well as the period covered;	F	
37.4.b	(b) the name and address of the organisation or organisations performing the audit;	1	37.4.b	b)the name and address of the organisation or organisations that carry out the audit;	F	
37.4.c	(c) a declaration of interests;	1	37.4.c	c) a declaration of interest;	F	
37.4.d	(d) a description of the specific elements audited, and the methodology applied;	1	37.4.d	d)a description of the specific elements audited and the methodology applied;	F	
37.4.e	(e) a description and a summary of the main findings drawn from the audit;	1	37.4.e	e) a description and summary of the main findings of audit;	F	
37.4.f	(f) a list of the third parties consulted as part of the audit;	1	37.4.f	f) a list of the third parties consulted during the audit;	F	
37.4.g	(g) an audit opinion on whether the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine subject to the audit complied with the obligations and with the commitments referred to in paragraph 1, namely 'positive', 'positive with comments' or 'negative';	1	37.4.g	g)an audit opinion on the compliance of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine subject to the audit with the obligations and commitments referred to in paragraph 1, which may be positive, with observations or negative;	F	
37.4.h	(h) where the audit opinion is not 'positive', operational recommendations on specific measures to achieve compliance and the recommended timeframe to achieve compliance.	1	37.4.h	h) where the audit opinion is not positive, operational recommendations on specific compliance measures and the recommended timeframe for compliance.	F	
37.5	5.Where the organisation performing the audit was unable to audit certain specific elements or to express an audit opinion based on its investigations, the audit report shall include an explanation of the circumstances and the reasons why those elements could not be audited.	1	37.5	5. Where the auditing organization has been unable to audit specific items or express an audit opinion, based on its investigations, the audit report includes an explanation of the circumstances and reasons why those items could not be audited.	F	

37.6	6.Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines receiving an audit report that is not 'positive' shall take due account of the operational recommendations addressed to them with a view to take the necessary measures to implement them. They shall, within one month from receiving those recommendations, adopt an audit implementation report setting out those measures. Where they do not implement the operational recommendations, they shall justify in the audit implementation report the reasons for not doing so and set out any alternative measures that they have taken to address any instances of non-compliance identified.	1	37.6	6. Providers of very large online platforms or very large online search engines, that receive a non-positive audit report, shall take due account of the operational recommendations addressed to them with a view to taking the necessary measures to implement them. Within one month of receipt of those recommendations, those providers shall adopt a report on the implementation of the measures recommended by the audit. Where they do not implement the operational recommendations, they shall justify in the audit implementation report their reasons for not implementing the operational recommendations and outline the alternative measures they have taken to address any cases of non-compliance identified.	F	
37.7	The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 87 to supplement this Regulation by laying down the necessary rules for the performance of the audits pursuant to this Article, in particular as regards the necessary rules on the procedural steps, auditing methodologies and reporting templates for the audits performed pursuant to this Article. Those delegated acts shall take into account any voluntary auditing standards referred to in Article 44(1), point (e).	1	37.7 37.8	7. The Digital Services Coordinator shall have the right to adopt rules necessary for conduct of audits pursuant to this article, in particular as regards the necessary rules on procedural steps, audit methodologies and reporting templates for audits carried out pursuant to this article. Those rules shall take into account any voluntary auditing standards referred to in letter e), paragraph 1, of article 44, of this law. 8. The Digital Services Coordinator shall establish the characteristics of the subjects referred to in letter b), para. (1) of article 33, of this law, to which the provisions of this article shall apply.	F	
38.1	Article 38 Recommender systems In addition to the requirements set out in Article 27, providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines that use recommender systems shall provide at least one option for each of their recommender systems which is not based on profiling as defined in Article 4, point (4), of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	1	38	Article 38 Recommender systems In addition to the requirements set out in Article 27 of this law, providers of very large online platforms and very large online search engines that use recommendation systems must offer, for each of their recommendation systems, at least one option that is not based on profiling according to Article 4 of Law no. 124/2024 on the protection of personal data.	F	
39.1	Article 39 Additional online advertising transparency Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines that present advertisements on their online interfaces shall compile and make publicly available in a specific section of their online interface, through a searchable and reliable tool that allows multicriteria queries and through application	1	39.1	Article 39 Additional online advertising transparency obligations 1.Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines, that present advertisements on their online interfaces shall compile and make publicly available, in a specific section of their online interface, through a reliable and interrogatable tool,	F	

	programming interfaces, a repository containing the information referred to in paragraph 2, for the entire period during which they present an advertisement and until one year after the advertisement was presented for the last time on their online interfaces. They shall ensure that the repository does not contain any personal data of the recipients of the service to whom the advertisement was or could have been presented, and shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that the information is accurate and complete.			allowing multi-criteria searches, and through application programming interfaces, a repository containing the information referred to in paragraph 2, of this article, throughout the period during which they present the advertisement and for a period of one year after the advertisement was last presented on their online interfaces. Those providers shall ensure that the register does not contain the personal data of the recipients of the service to whom the advertisement has been or could have been presented and shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that the information is accurate and complete.		
39.2	The repository shall include at least all of the following information:	1	39.2	2.The register includes at least all of the following information:	F	
39.2.a	(a) the content of the advertisement, including the name of the product, service or brand and the subject matter of the advertisement;	1	39.2.a	a) the content of the advertisement, including the name of the product, service or trademark and the subject matter of the advertisement;	F	
39.2.b	(b) the natural or legal person on whose behalf the advertisement is presented;	1	39.2.b	b)the natural or legal person on whose behalf the advertisement is presented;	F	
39.2.c	(c) the natural or legal person who paid for the advertisement, if that person is different from the person referred to in point (b);	1	39.2.c	c)the natural or legal person who pays for the advertisement, if that person is different from the person referred to in letter “b” of this point;	F	
39.2.d	(d) the period during which the advertisement was presented;	1	39.2.d	d)the period during which the advertisement was presented;	F	
39.2.e	(e) whether the advertisement was intended to be presented specifically to one or more particular groups of recipients of the service and if so, the main parameters used for that purpose including where applicable the main parameters used to exclude one or more of such particular groups;	1	39.2.e	e) advertising targeting one or more specific groups of recipients of the service and, the main parameters used for that purpose, including, the main parameters used to exclude one or more such specific groups, where applicable;	F	
39.2.f	(f) the commercial communications published on the very large online platforms and identified pursuant to Article 26(2);	1	39.2.f	f)commercial communications published on very large online platforms and identified pursuant to paragraph 2 of Article 26, of this law;	F	
39.2.g	(g) the total number of recipients of the service reached and, where applicable, aggregate numbers broken down by Member State for the group or groups of recipients that the advertisement specifically targeted.	1	39.2.g	g)the total number of recipients of the service to whom the advertisement has been displayed and, where applicable, the total number, broken down by the group or groups of recipients to whom the advertisement has been specifically directed.	F	
39.3	As regards paragraph 2, points (a), (b) and (c), where a provider of very large online platform or of very large	1	39.3	3. As regards letters “a”, “b” and “c” of paragraph 2, where the provider of a very large online platform or	F	

	online search engine has removed or disabled access to a specific advertisement based on alleged illegality or incompatibility with its terms and conditions, the repository shall not include the information referred to in those points. In such case, the repository shall include, for the specific advertisement concerned, the information referred to in Article 17(3), points (a) to (e), or Article 9(2), point (a)(i), as applicable. The Commission may, after consultation of the Board, the relevant vetted researchers referred to in Article 40 and the public, issue guidelines on the structure, organisation and functionalities of the repositories referred to in this Article.			of a very large online search engine has removed or blocked access to a specific advertising communication on the basis of an alleged illegality or non-compliance with the terms and conditions, the register shall not include the information referred to in those points. In such a case, the register shall include, for the specific advertising communication in question, the information referred to in points “a”-“e” of paragraph 3 of Article 17 of this law, or in the first subparagraph of point “a” of paragraph 2 of Article 9, of this law, as the case may be. The Digital Services Coordinator has the right to issue guidelines on the structure, organisation and functions of the registers referred to in this Article.		
40.1	Article 40 Data access and scrutiny Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall provide the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment or the Commission, at their reasoned request and within a reasonable period specified in that request, access to data that are necessary to monitor and assess compliance with this Regulation.	1	40.1	Article 40 Data access and scrutiny 1. Providers of very large online platforms, or of very large online search engines, shall provide the Digital Services Coordinator, upon its reasoned request and within a reasonable period indicated in that request, with access to the data necessary to monitor and assess compliance with this Law.	F	
40.2	2. Digital Services Coordinators and the Commission shall use the data accessed pursuant to paragraph 1 only for the purpose of monitoring and assessing compliance with this Regulation and shall take due account of the rights and interests of the providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines and the recipients of the service concerned, including the protection of personal data, the protection of confidential information, in particular trade secrets, and maintaining the security of their service.	1	40.2	2. The Digital Services Coordinator shall use the data accessed pursuant to paragraph 1 of this article, only for the purpose of monitoring and evaluating compliance with this Law while respecting the rights and interests of the providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines and of the recipients of the service concerned, ensuring the protection of personal data, the protection of confidential information, in particular trade secrets, and the maintenance of the security of their services.	F	
40.3	3. For the purposes of paragraph 1, providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall, at the request of either the Digital Service Coordinator of establishment or of the Commission, explain the design, the logic, the functioning and the testing of their algorithmic systems, including their recommender systems.	1	40.3	3. Pursuant to paragraph 1, of this article providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall, at the request of the Digital Service Coordinator, provide explanations on the design, logic, operation and testing of their algorithmic systems, including their recommender systems.	F	

40.4	Upon a reasoned request from the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment, providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall, within a reasonable period, as specified in the request, provide access to data to vetted researchers who meet the requirements in paragraph 8 of this Article, for the sole purpose of conducting research that contributes to the detection, identification and understanding of systemic risks in the Union, as set out pursuant to Article 34(1), and to the assessment of the adequacy, efficiency and impacts of the risk mitigation measures pursuant to Article 35.	1	40.4	4. Upon reasoned request of the Digital Services Coordinator, providers of very large online platforms, or of very large online search engines ensure, within a reasonable period specified in request, access to data for approved researchers who meet the requirements of paragraph 8, solely for the purpose of carrying out research that contributes to the detection, identification and understanding of systemic risks for the Republic of Albania, as defined in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 34, of this law, as well as in the assessment of the suitability, effectiveness and impact of risk mitigation measures under Article 35, of this law.	F	
40.5	5. Within 15 days following receipt of a request as referred to in paragraph 4, providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines may request the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment, to amend the request, where they consider that they are unable to give access to the data requested because one of following two reasons:	1	40.5	5. Within 15 days of receipt of a request referred to in paragraph 4, of this article providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines may request the Digital Services Coordinator to amend the request, where they consider that they are unable to grant access to the requested data for one of the following two reasons: 5.	F	
40.5.a	a) they do not have access to the data;	1	40.5.a	a) they do not have access to the data;	F	
40.5.b	(b) giving access to the data will lead to significant vulnerabilities in the security of their service or the protection of confidential information, in particular trade secrets.	1	40.5.b	b) granting access to data shall lead to significant vulnerabilities to the security of their service or to the protection of confidential information, in particular trade secrets.	F	
40.6	Requests for amendment pursuant to paragraph 5 shall contain proposals for one or more alternative means through which access may be provided to the requested data or other data which are appropriate and sufficient for the purpose of the request. The Digital Services Coordinator of establishment shall decide on the request for amendment within 15 days and communicate to the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine its decision and, where relevant, the amended request and the new period to comply with the request.	1	40.6	6. Requests for amendment pursuant to paragraph 5 of this article, shall contain proposals for one or more alternative means by which access to the requested data or other data which are appropriate and sufficient for the purpose of the request may be granted. The Digital Services Coordinator shall decide on the request for amendment within 15 days and communicate to the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine its decision and, where applicable, the amended request and the new deadline to comply with the request.	F	
40.7	Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall facilitate and provide access to data pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 4 through appropriate interfaces specified in the request, including online databases or application programming interfaces.	1	40.7	7. Providers of very large online platforms, or of very large online search engines, shall provide and facilitate access to data pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 4 of this Article, through appropriate interfaces specified in the request, including online databases or application programming interfaces (API).	F	
40.8	Upon a duly substantiated application from researchers, the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment shall grant such researchers the status of ‘vetted researchers’	1	40.8	8. Upon duly justified request from researchers, the Digital Services Coordinator shall grant those researchers the status of vetted researcher in	F	

	for the specific research referred to in the application and issue a reasoned request for data access to a provider of very large online platform or of very large online search engine pursuant to paragraph 4, where the researchers demonstrate that they meet all of the following conditions:			respect of specific research referred to in the request and issues a reasoned request for access to the data of the provider of a very large online platform, or a very large online search engine, pursuant to paragraph 4 of this Article, when the researchers demonstrate that they meet all of the following conditions:		
40.8.a	a) they are affiliated to a research organisation as defined in Article 2, point (1), of Directive (EU) 2019/790;	1	40.8.a	a) are affiliated with a research organisation which, for the purposes of this Article, is a university, including its libraries, or another research institute or entity, the principal objective of which is to carry out scientific research or to develop educational activities that also include the carrying out of scientific research without profit-making purposes or that reinvests all profits in scientific research, or is carried out on the basis of a mission in the public interest, in such a way that an undertaking exercising decisive influence over that organisation does not benefit preferentially from access to the results generated by that scientific research;	F	
40.8.b	(b) they are independent from commercial interests;	1	40.8.b	b) they do not have commercial interests;	F	
40.8.c	(c) their application discloses the funding of the research;	1	40.8.c	c) their request indicates the source of funding for the research;	F	
40.8.d	(d) they are capable of fulfilling the specific data security and confidentiality requirements corresponding to each request and to protect personal data, and they describe in their request the appropriate technical and organisational measures that they have put in place to this end;	1	40.8.ç	ç) be able to comply with the specific data security and confidentiality requirements corresponding to each request and to protect personal data, and describe in their request the appropriate technical and organizational measures they have put in place for this purpose;	F	
40.8.e	(e) their application demonstrates that their access to the data and the time frames requested are necessary for, and proportionate to, the purposes of their research, and that the expected results of that research will contribute to the purposes laid down in paragraph 4;	1	40.8.d	d) their request demonstrates that their access to the data and the periods for which they request access are necessary and proportionate to the purposes of their research and that the expected results of the research will contribute to the purposes set out in paragraph 4, of this Article;	F	
40.8.f	(f) the planned research activities will be carried out for the purposes laid down in paragraph 4;	1	40.8.dh	(dh) the planned research activities shall be carried out for the purposes set out in paragraph 4 of this Article;	F	
40.8.g	(g) they have committed themselves to making their research results publicly available free of charge, within a reasonable period after the completion of the research, subject to the rights and interests of the recipients of the service concerned, in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	1	40.8.e	e) have undertaken to make the results of the research available to the public, free of charge, within a reasonable time after the completion of the research, subject to the rights and interests of the recipients of the service concerned, in compliance with the legislation on the protection of personal data.	F	
40.8.h	Upon receipt of the application pursuant to this paragraph, the Digital Services Coordinator of	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	establishment shall inform the Commission and the Board.					
40.9	Researchers may also submit their application to the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State of the research organisation to which they are affiliated. Upon receipt of the application pursuant to this paragraph the Digital Services Coordinator shall conduct an initial assessment as to whether the respective researchers meet all of the conditions set out in paragraph 8. The respective Digital Services Coordinator shall subsequently send the application, together with the supporting documents submitted by the respective researchers and the initial assessment, to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment. The Digital Services Coordinator of establishment shall take a decision whether to award a researcher the status of ‘vetted researcher’ without undue delay. While taking due account of the initial assessment provided, the final decision to award a researcher the status of ‘vetted researcher’ lies within the competence of Digital Services Coordinator of establishment, pursuant to paragraph 8.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
40.10	10.The Digital Services Coordinator that awarded the status of vetted researcher and issued the reasoned request for data access to the providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines in favour of a vetted researcher shall issue a decision terminating the access if it determines, following an investigation either on its own initiative or on the basis of information received from third parties, that the vetted researcher no longer meets the conditions set out in paragraph 8, and shall inform the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned of the decision. Before terminating the access, the Digital Services Coordinator shall allow the vetted researcher to react to the findings of its investigation and to its intention to terminate the access.	1	40.9	9. The Digital Services Coordinator shall revoke the status of vetted researcher if it determines, following an investigation either on its own initiative or on the basis of information received from third parties, that the vetted researcher no longer meets the conditions set out in paragraph 8, of this article and shall inform the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned of the decision. Before terminating the access, the Digital Services Coordinator shall allow the vetted researcher to react to the findings of its investigation and to its intention to terminate the access.		
40.11	Digital Services Coordinators of establishment shall communicate to the Board the names and contact information of the natural persons or entities to which they have awarded the status of ‘vetted researcher’ in accordance with paragraph 8, as well as the purpose of the research in respect of which the application was made or, where they have terminated the access to the data in accordance with paragraph 10, communicate that information to the Board.	1	40.10	10.The Digital Services Coordinator shall publish in its website the list of the names and contact information of the natural persons or entities to which they have awarded the status of ‘vetted researcher’ in accordance with paragraph 8, of this article, as well as the purpose of the research in respect of which the application was made.	P	

40.12	12.Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall give access without undue delay to data, including, where technically possible, to real-time data, provided that the data is publicly accessible in their online interface by researchers, including those affiliated to not for profit bodies, organisations and associations, who comply with the conditions set out in paragraph 8, points (b), (c), (d) and (e), and who use the data solely for performing research that contributes to the detection, identification and understanding of systemic risks in the Union pursuant to Article 34(1).	1	40.11	11.Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines provide access to data without undue delay, including, where technically possible, to real-time data, provided that the data is publicly accessible in their online interface by researchers, including those affiliated to not for profit bodies, organisations and associations, who comply with the conditions set out in letters b), c), d) and e), of point 8, of this article, and who use the data solely for performing research that contributes to the detection, identification and understanding of systemic risks pursuant to point 1 of Article 34, of this law.	P	
40.13	13.The Commission shall, after consulting the Board, adopt delegated acts supplementing this Regulation by laying down the technical conditions under which providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines are to share data pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 4 and the purposes for which the data may be used. Those delegated acts shall lay down the specific conditions under which such sharing of data with researchers can take place in compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679, as well as relevant objective indicators, procedures and, where necessary, independent advisory mechanisms in support of sharing of data, taking into account the rights and interests of the providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines and the recipients of the service concerned, including the protection of confidential information, in particular trade secrets, and maintaining the security of their service.	1	40.12	12.The Digital Services Coordinator approves the technical conditions according to which providers of very large online platforms or very large online search engines provide access to data in accordance with points 1 and 4 of this Article, as well as the purposes for which these data may be used, in accordance with the relevant implementing acts adopted by the European Commission.	P	
41.1	Article 41 Compliance function Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall establish a compliance function, which is independent from their operational functions and composed of one or more compliance officers, including the head of the compliance function. That compliance function shall have sufficient authority, stature and resources, as well as access to the management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine to monitor the compliance of that provider with this Regulation.	1	41.1	Article 41 Compliance function 1. Providers of very large online platforms, or of very large online search engines, shall introduce a compliance function, which shall be independent from the operational functions and composed of one or more compliance officers, including the head of the compliance function. That compliance function shall have sufficient authority, status and resources, as well as access to the management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine to monitor that provider's compliance with this Law.	F	
41.2	The management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine	1	41.2	2.The management body of the provider of the very large online platform, or of the very large online search	F	

	shall ensure that compliance officers have the professional qualifications, knowledge, experience and ability necessary to fulfil the tasks referred to in paragraph 3. The management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine shall ensure that the head of the compliance function is an independent senior manager with distinct responsibility for the compliance function. The head of the compliance function shall report directly to the management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine, and may raise concerns and warn that body where risks referred to in Article 34 or non-compliance with this Regulation affect or may affect the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned, without prejudice to the responsibilities of the management body in its supervisory and managerial functions. The head of the compliance function shall not be removed without prior approval of the management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine.			engine, shall ensure that compliance officers have the professional qualifications, knowledge, experience and capacity necessary to perform the tasks referred to in paragraph 3 of this article. The management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine shall ensure that the chief compliance officer is an independent senior management with distinct responsibilities for the compliance function. The head of the compliance function shall report directly to the management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine, independent from senior management, and may raise concerns and warn the management body where risks referred to in Article 34 of this law, or non-compliance with this Law affect or may affect the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned, without prejudice to the responsibilities of the management body with regard to its supervisory and management functions. The head of the compliance function may not be dismissed without the prior approval of the management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine.		
41.3	Compliance officers shall have the following tasks:	1	41.3	3.Compliance officers have the following tasks:	F	
41.3.a	(a) cooperating with the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment and the Commission for the purpose of this Regulation;	1	41.3.a	a)cooperation with the Digital Services Coordinator for the purposes of this law	F	
41.3.b	(b) ensuring that all risks referred to in Article 34 are identified and properly reported on and that reasonable, proportionate and effective risk-mitigation measures are taken pursuant to Article 35;	1	41.3.b	b)ensuring that all the risks referred to in Article 34 of this law are identified and reported and taking reasonable, proportionate and effective measures for risk mitigation in accordance with Article 35 of this law;	F	
41.3.c	(c) organising and supervising the activities of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine relating to the independent audit pursuant to Article 37;	1	41.3.c	c) organizing and supervising the activities of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine related to the independent audit pursuant to Article 37 of this law;	F	
41.3.d	(d) informing and advising the management and employees of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine about relevant obligations under this Regulation;	1	41.3.ç	(ç) informing and advising the management and employees of the provider of the very large online platform, or the very large online search engine, on the relevan obligations under this law;	F	

41.3.e	(e) monitoring the compliance of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine with its obligations under this Regulation;	1	41.3.d	d) monitoring compliance by the provider of the very large online platform, or the very large online search engine, with its obligations under this law.	F	
41.3.f	(f) where applicable, monitoring the compliance of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine with commitments made under the codes of conduct pursuant to Articles 45 and 46 or the crisis protocols pursuant to Article 48.	1	41.3.dh	dh)where applicable, monitoring the compliance of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine with the commitments undertaken in the framework of codes of conduct pursuant to Article 45, of this law or crisis protocols pursuant to Article 46, of this law.	F	
41.4	Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall communicate the name and contact details of the head of the compliance function to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment and to the Commission.	1	41.4	4. Providers of very large online platforms, or very large online search engines, shall communicate the name and contact details of the chief compliance officer to the Digital Services Coordinator.	F	
41.5	The management body of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine shall define, oversee and be accountable for the implementation of the provider's governance arrangements that ensure the independence of the compliance function, including the division of responsibilities within the organisation of the provider of very large online platform or of very large online search engine, the prevention of conflicts of interest, and sound management of systemic risks identified pursuant to Article 34.	1	41.5	5. The management body of the provider of the very large online platform, or the very large online search engine, shall define, supervise and be responsible for the implementation of the governance arrangements of the provider ensuring the independence of the service ensuring the compliance function, including the division of responsibilities within the organization of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine, the prevention of conflicts of interest and the sound management of systemic risks identified pursuant to Article 34 of this law.	F	
41.6	The management body shall approve and review periodically, at least once a year, the strategies and policies for taking up, managing, monitoring and mitigating the risks identified pursuant to Article 34 to which the very large online platform or the very large online search engine is or might be exposed to.	1	41.6	6. The management body shall approve and regularly review, at least annually, strategies and policies to consider, manage, monitor and mitigate the risks identified pursuant to Article 34 of this law to which the very large online platform or the very large online search engine is or might be exposed.	F	
41.7	The management body shall devote sufficient time to the consideration of the measures related to risk management. It shall be actively involved in the decisions related to risk management, and shall ensure that adequate resources are allocated to the management of the risks identified in accordance with Article 34.	1	41.7	7. The management body shall allow sufficient time for the review of risk management measures. It shall actively participate in decision-making related to risk management and ensure that adequate resources are allocated to managing the risks identified in accordance with Article 34 of this law.	F	
42.1	Article 42 Transparency reporting obligations	1	42.1	Article 42 Transparency reporting obligations	F	

	Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall publish the reports referred to in Article 15 at the latest by two months from the date of application referred to in Article 33(6), second subparagraph, and thereafter at least every six months.			1. Providers of very large online platforms, or of very large online search engines, shall publish the reports referred to in Article 15, of this law no later than two months after the date of application of the designation and at least every six months after that date.		
42.2	The reports referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article published by providers of very large online platforms shall, in addition to the information referred to in Article 15 and Article 24(1), specify:	1	42.2	2. The reports referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, published by providers of very large online platforms, shall, in addition to the information referred to in Article 15 of this law and point 1 of Article 24 of this law, specify:	F	
42.2.a	(a) the human resources that the provider of very large online platforms dedicates to content moderation in respect of the service offered in the Union, broken down by each applicable official language of the Member States, including for compliance with the obligations set out in Articles 16 and 22, as well as for compliance with the obligations set out in Article 20;	1	42.2.a	a) the human resources that the provider of very large online platforms dedicates to content moderation in relation to the service offered in the Republic of Albania, including for compliance with the obligations set out in Articles 16 and 22 of this law, as well as for compliance with the obligations set out in Article 20 of this law;	F	
42.2.b	(b) the qualifications and linguistic expertise of the persons carrying out the activities referred to in point (a), as well as the training and support given to such staff;	1	42.2.b	b) the qualifications and language skills of the persons carrying out the activities referred to in letter a) of this point and the training and support provided to such staff;	F	
42.2.c	(c) the indicators of accuracy and related information referred to in Article 15(1), point (e), broken down by each official language of the Member States.	1	42.2.c	c) the accuracy indicators and related information referred to in letter e) of Article point 1 of article 15 of this law.	F	
42.2.d	The reports shall be published in at least one of the official languages of the Member States.	1	42.2.d	d) the reports shall be published at least in one of the official languages of the Member States.	F	
42.3	In addition to the information referred to in Articles 24(2), the providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall include in the reports referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article the information on the average monthly recipients of the service for each Member State.	1	42.3	3. In addition to the information referred to in paragraph 2 of article 24 of this law, providers of very large online platforms, or of very large online search engines, shall include in the reports referred to in paragraph 1 of this article information on the average monthly number of recipients of the service in the Republic of Albania.	F	
42.4	4. Providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines shall transmit to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment and the Commission, without undue delay upon completion, and make publicly available at the latest three months after the receipt of each audit report pursuant to Article 37(4):	1	42.4	4. Providers of very large online platforms, or of very large online search engines, shall, without undue delay after completion, submit to the Digital Services Coordinator and make publicly available, at the latest three months after receipt of each audit report in accordance with Article point 4 of 37of this law:	F	

42.4.a	(a) a report setting out the results of the risk assessment pursuant to Article 34;	1	42.4.a	a) a report presenting the results of the risk analysis according to Article 34, of this law;	F	
42.4.b	(b) the specific mitigation measures put in place pursuant to Article 35(1);	1	42.4.b	b) specific risk mitigation measures identified and implemented in accordance with paragraph 1 of Article 35, of this law;	F	
42.4.c	(c) the audit report provided for in Article 37(4);	1	42.4.c	c) the audit report referred to in paragraph 4, of Article 37, of this law;	F	
42.4.d	(d) the audit implementation report provided for in Article 37(6);	1	42.4.d	d) the report on the implementation of the measures recommended by the audit referred to in paragraph 6 of Article 37, of this law;	F	
42.4.e	(e) where applicable, information about the consultations conducted by the provider in support of the risk assessments and design of the risk mitigation measures.	1	42.4.e	e) where applicable, information on the consultations carried out by the provider in support of risk assessments and the design of risk mitigation measures.	F	
42.5	Where a provider of very large online platform or of very large online search engine considers that the publication of information pursuant to paragraph 4 might result in the disclosure of confidential information of that provider or of the recipients of the service, cause significant vulnerabilities for the security of its service, undermine public security or harm recipients, the provider may remove such information from the publicly available reports. In that case, the provider shall transmit the complete reports to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment and the Commission, accompanied by a statement of the reasons for removing the information from the publicly available reports.	1	42.5	5. Where a provider of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines considers that the publication of information pursuant to paragraph 4 of this article could result in the disclosure of confidential information of that provider or of recipients of the service, cause significant vulnerabilities to the security of its service, undermine public order or harm recipients, the provider shall be entitled to remove such information from publicly available reports. In that case, the provider shall submit the complete reports to the Digital Services Coordinator, accompanied by a justification for the deletions of information from the publicly available reports.	F	
43.1	Article 43 Supervisory fee 1. The Commission shall charge providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines an annual supervisory fee upon their designation pursuant to Article 33.	1	43.1	Article 43 Supervisory fee 1. During the period within which it is tasked with the enforcement of articles 33 to 42, of this law, in line with article 60 of this law, the Digital Services Coordinator may apply an annual supervisory fee to providers of very large online platforms and very large online search engines designated pursuant to Article 33 of this law and delivering services to recipients in the Republic of Albania.	F	

43.2	The overall amount of the annual supervisory fees shall cover the estimated costs that the Commission incurs in relation to its supervisory tasks under this Regulation, in particular costs related to the designation pursuant to Article 33, to the set-up, maintenance and operation of the database pursuant to Article 24(5) and to the information sharing system pursuant to Article 85, to referrals pursuant to Article 59, to supporting the Board pursuant to Article 62 and to the supervisory tasks pursuant to Article 56 and Section 4 of Chapter IV.	1	43.2	2. The total amount of annual supervisory fees covers the estimated costs that the Digital Services Coordinator incurs in connection with its supervisory duties under this law.	F	
43.3	The providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall be charged annually a supervisory fee for each service for which they have been designated pursuant to Article 33. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts establishing the amount of the annual supervisory fee in respect of each provider of very large online platform or of very large online search engine. When adopting those implementing acts, the Commission shall apply the methodology laid down in the delegated act referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article and shall respect the principles set out in paragraph 5 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 88.	1	43.3	3.Providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines shall be subject to an annual supervisory fee in relation to each service for which they have been designated pursuant to Article 33 of this law. The Digital Services Coordinator shall set the amount of the annual supervisory fees for each provider of very large online platforms and very large online search engines for the following year, in accordance with the methodology referred to in par. (4) of this article.	F	
43.4	The Commission shall adopt delegated acts, in accordance with Article 87, laying down the detailed methodology and procedures for:	1	43.4	4. The Digital Services Coordinator issues, in accordance with the principles set out in paragraph 5 of this Article, the methodology and detailed procedures for:	F	
43.4.a	(a) the determination of the estimated costs referred to in paragraph 2;	1	43.4.a	a) determining the estimated costs referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article;	F	
43.4.b	(b) the determination of the individual annual supervisory fees referred to in paragraph 5, points (b) and (c);	1	43.4.b	b) the setting of individual annual supervisory fees referred to in lettersb) and c) of paragraph 5 of this article	F	
43.4.c	(c) the determination of the maximum overall limit defined in paragraph 5, point (c); and	1	43.4.c	c) the fixing of the maximum overall limit defined in in letter c), of point 5, of this article and	F	
43.4.d	(d) the detailed arrangements necessary to make payments.	1	43.4.ç	(ç) the detailed arrangements necessary for making payments.	F	
	When adopting those delegated acts, the Commission shall respect the principles set out in paragraph 5 of this Article.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

43.5	5. The implementing act referred to in paragraph 3 and the delegated act referred to in paragraph 4, shall respect the following principles:	1	43.5	5. Acts issued pursuant to paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article shall comply with the following principles:	F	
43.5.a	(a) the estimation of the overall amount of the annual supervisory fee takes into account the costs incurred in the previous year;	1	43.5.a	a) the estimate of the total amount of the annual supervisory fee shall take into account the costs incurred in the previous year;	F	
43.5.b	(b) the annual supervisory fee is proportionate to the number of average monthly active recipients in the Union of each very large online platform or each very large online search engine designated pursuant to Article 33;	1	43.5.b	b) the annual supervisory fee is proportionate to the average monthly active recipients in the Republic of Albania of each very large online platform or very large online search engine designated pursuant to Article 33 of this law;	F	
43.5.c	(c) the overall amount of the annual supervisory fee charged on a given provider of very large online platform or very large search engine does not, in any case, exceed 0,05 % of its worldwide annual net income in the preceding financial year.	1	43.5.c	c) the total amount of the annual supervisory fee levied on a given provider of a very large online platform or a very large search engine shall in no case exceed 0.5% of its annual net revenue from the provision of services offered in the national territory in the preceding financial year.	F	
43.6	The individual annual supervisory fees charged pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article shall constitute external assigned revenue in accordance with Article 21(5) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 of the European Parliament and of the Council (41).	1	43.6	6. The individual annual supervisory fees levied pursuant to paragraph 1, of this article shall be transferred to the budget of the Digital Services Coordinator.		
43.7	The Commission shall report annually to the European Parliament and to the Council on the overall amount of the costs incurred for the fulfilment of the tasks under this Regulation and the total amount of the individual annual supervisory fees charged in the preceding year.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
44.1	Article 44 Standards The Commission shall consult the Board, and shall support and promote the development and implementation of voluntary standards set by relevant European and international standardisation bodies, at least in respect of the following:	1	44.1	SECTION 6 OTHER PROVISIONS RELATED TO DUE DILIGENCE OBLIGATIONS Article 44 Standards 1. The Digital Services Coordinator shall support and promote the development and implementation of voluntary standards set by relevant European and international standardization bodies, at least in respect of the following:	F	

44.1.a	(a) electronic submission of notices under Article 16;	1	44.1.a	a) electronic submission of notices under Article 16 of this law;	F	
44.1.b	(b) templates, design and process standards for communicating with the recipients of the service in a user-friendly manner on restrictions resulting from terms and conditions and changes thereto;	1	44.1.b	b) templates, design and process standards for communicating with the recipients of the service in a user-friendly manner on restrictions resulting from terms and conditions and changes thereto;	F	
44.1.c	(c) electronic submission of notices by trusted flaggers under Article 22, including through application programming interfaces;	1	44.1.c	c) electronic submission of notices by trusted flaggers under Article 22 of this law, including through application programming interfaces;	F	
4.1.d	(d) specific interfaces, including application programming interfaces, to facilitate compliance with the obligations set out in Articles 39 and 40;	1	4.1.d	d) specific interfaces, including application programming interfaces, to facilitate compliance with the obligations set out in Articles 39 and 40 of this law;	F	
44.1.e	(e) auditing of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines pursuant to Article 37;	1	44.1.e	e) auditing of very large online platforms and very large online search engines pursuant to Article 37 of this law;	F	
44.1.f	(f) interoperability of the advertisement repositories referred to in Article 39(2);	1	44.1.f	f) interoperability of the advertisement repositories referred to in point 2 of Article 39 of this law;	F	
44.1.g	(g) transmission of data between advertising intermediaries in support of transparency obligations pursuant to Article 26(1), points (b), (c) and (d);	1	44.1.g	g) transmission of data between advertising intermediaries in support of transparency obligations pursuant to point 1, letters b, c, and d, of Article 26 of this law;	F	
44.1.h	(h) technical measures to enable compliance with obligations relating to advertising contained in this Regulation, including the obligations regarding prominent markings for advertisements and commercial communications referred to in Article 26;	1	44.1.h	h) technical measures to enable compliance with the obligations related to advertising contained in this law, including the obligations regarding prominent markings for advertisements and commercial communications referred to in Article 26 of this law;	F	
44.1.i	(i) choice interfaces and presentation of information on the main parameters of different types of recommender systems, in accordance with Articles 27 and 38;	1	44.1.i	i) choice interfaces and presentation of information on the main parameters of different types of recommender systems, in accordance with Articles 27 and 38 of this law;	F	
44.1.j	(j) standards for targeted measures to protect minors online.	1	44.1.j	j) standards for targeted measures to protect minors online.	F	
44.2	The Commission shall support the update of the standards in the light of technological developments and the behaviour of the recipients of the services in question. The relevant information regarding the update of the standards shall be publicly available and easily accessible.	1	44.2	2. The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, supports the updating of standards, in line with technological developments and the behavior of the recipients of the services in question. The relevant information on the updating of the standards shall be made publicly available and shall be easily accessible.	F	

45.1	Article 45 Codes of conduct 1. The Commission and the Board shall encourage and facilitate the drawing up of voluntary codes of conduct at Union level to contribute to the proper application of this Regulation, taking into account in particular the specific challenges of tackling different types of illegal content and systemic risks, in accordance with Union law in particular on competition and the protection of personal data.	1	45.1	Article 45 Codes of conduct 1.The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, shall support and facilitate the development of voluntary codes of conduct to contribute to the proper application of this Law, taking into account in particular the specific challenges arising from different types of illegal content and systemic risks, in particular as regards competition and the protection of personal data.	F	
45.2	2. Where significant systemic risk within the meaning of Article 34(1) emerge and concern several very large online platforms or very large online search engines, the Commission may invite the providers of very large online platforms concerned or the providers of very large online search engines concerned, and other providers of very large online platforms, of very large online search engines, of online platforms and of other intermediary services, as appropriate, as well as relevant competent authorities, civil society organisations and other relevant stakeholders, to participate in the drawing up of codes of conduct, including by setting out commitments to take specific risk mitigation measures, as well as a regular reporting framework on any measures taken and their outcomes.	1	45.2	2.Where a significant systemic risk arises within the meaning of paragraph 1, of Article 34, of this law, arises affecting several very large online platforms or very large online search engines, the Digital Services Coordinator in cooperation with competent authorities may invite providers of the online platforms concerned or providers of very large online search engines concerned and other providers of very large online platforms, very large online search engines, online platforms and other intermediary services, as appropriate, as well as relevant competent authorities, civil society organizations and other stakeholders to participate in the drawing up of codes of conduct, including by setting out commitments to undertake specific risk mitigation measures as well as a regular reporting framework on any measures taken and their outcomes.	F	
45.3	When giving effect to paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission and the Board, and where relevant other bodies, shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct clearly set out their specific objectives, contain key performance indicators to measure the achievement of those objectives and take due account of the needs and interests of all interested parties, and in particular citizens, at Union level. The Commission and the Board shall also aim to ensure that participants report regularly to the Commission and their respective Digital Services Coordinators of establishment on any measures taken and their outcomes, as measured against the key performance indicators that they contain. Key performance indicators and reporting commitments shall take into account differences in size and capacity between different participants.	1	45.3	3.When giving effect to paragraphs 1 of this article the Digital Services Coordinator in cooperation with competent authorities, and where relevant other bodies, shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct clearly set out their specific objectives, contain key performance indicators to measure the achievement of those objectives and take due account of the needs and interests of all interested parties, and in particular citizens. The Digital Services Coordinator in cooperation with competent authorities shall also aim to ensure that participants report regularly their respective Digital Services Coordinators of establishment on any measures taken and their outcomes, as measured against the key performance indicators that they contain. Key performance indicators and reporting commitments shall take into account differences in size and capacity between different participants.	F	
45.4	The Commission and the Board shall assess whether the codes of conduct meet the aims specified in paragraphs 1	1	45.4	4.The Digital Services Coordinator in cooperation with competent authorities shall assess whether the codes of	F	

	and 3, and shall regularly monitor and evaluate the achievement of their objectives, having regard to the key performance indicators that they might contain. They shall publish their conclusions. The Commission and the Board shall also encourage and facilitate regular review and adaptation of the codes of conduct. In the case of systematic failure to comply with the codes of conduct, the Commission and the Board may invite the signatories to the codes of conduct to take the necessary action.			conduct meet the aims specified in paragraphs 1 and 3, of this article and shall regularly monitor and evaluate the achievement of their objectives, having regard to the key performance indicators that they might contain. They shall publish their conclusions. The Digital Services Coordinator in cooperation with competent authorities shall also encourage and facilitate regular review and adaptation of the codes of conduct. In the case of systematic failure to comply with the codes of conduct, the DSC in cooperation with competent authorities may invite the signatories to the codes of conduct to take the necessary action.		
46.1	Article 46 Codes of conduct for online advertisements The Commission shall encourage and facilitate the drawing up of voluntary codes of conduct at Union level by providers of online platforms and other relevant service providers, such as providers of online advertising intermediary services, other actors involved in the programmatic advertising value chain, or organisations representing recipients of the service and civil society organisations or relevant authorities to contribute to further transparency for actors in the online advertising value chain beyond the requirements of Articles 26 and 39.	1	46.1	Article 46 Codes of conduct for online advertisements 1. The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, shall encourage and facilitate the drawing up of voluntary codes of conduct by providers of online platforms and other relevant service providers, such as providers of online advertising intermediary services, other actors involved in the programmatic advertising value chain, or organizations representing recipients of the service and civil society organizations or relevant authorities to contribute to further transparency for actors in the online advertising value chain beyond the requirements of Articles 26 and 39 of this law.	F	
46.2	The Commission shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct pursue an effective transmission of information that fully respects the rights and interests of all parties involved, as well as a competitive, transparent and fair environment in online advertising, in accordance with Union and national law, in particular on competition and the protection of privacy and personal data. The Commission shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct at least address the following:	1	46.2	2. The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct pursue an effective transmission of information that fully respects the rights and interests of all parties involved, as well as a competitive, transparent and fair environment in online advertising, in accordance with Union and national law, in particular on competition and the protection of privacy and personal data. The Digital Services Coordinator shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct at least address the following:	F	
46.2.a	(a) the transmission of information held by providers of online advertising intermediaries to recipients of the service concerning the requirements set in Article 26(1), points (b), (c) and (d);	1	46.2.a	a) the transmission of the information held providers of online advertising intermediaries to recipients of the service concerning the requirements set in letters b), c) and ç), of point 1, of Article 26, of this law;	F	

46.2.b	(b) the transmission of information held by providers of online advertising intermediaries to the repositories pursuant to Article 39;	1	46.2.b	b) the transmission of information held by providers of online advertising intermediaries to the repositories pursuant to Article 39 of this law.	F	
46.2.c	(c) meaningful information on data monetisation.	1	46.2.c	c) meaningful information on data monetization.	F	
46.3	3.The Commission shall encourage the development of the codes of conduct by 18 February 2025 and their application by 18 August 2025.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
46.4	4.The Commission shall encourage all the actors in the online advertising value chain referred to in paragraph 1 to endorse the commitments stated in the codes of conduct, and to comply with them.	1	46.3	3.The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, shall encourage all the actors in the online advertising value chain referred to in paragraph 1 of this article to endorse the commitments stated in the codes of conduct, and to comply with them.	F	
47.1	Article 47 Codes of conduct for accessibility The Commission shall encourage and facilitate the drawing up of codes of conduct at Union level with the involvement of providers of online platforms and other relevant service providers, organisations representing recipients of the service and civil society organisations or relevant authorities to promote full and effective, equal participation, by improving access to online services that, through their initial design or subsequent adaptation, address the particular needs of persons with disabilities.	1	47.1	Article 47 Codes of conduct for accessibility 1.The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with the competent authorities, shall encourage and facilitate the drawing up of codes of conduct with the involvement of providers of online platforms and other relevant service providers, organizations representing recipients of the service and civil society organizations or relevant authorities to promote full and effective, equal participation, by improving access to online services that, through their initial design or subsequent adaptation, address the particular needs of persons with disabilities.	F	
47.2	The Commission shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct pursue the objective of ensuring that those services are accessible in compliance with Union and national law, in order to maximise their foreseeable use by persons with disabilities. The Commission shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct address at least the following objectives:	1	47.2	2.The Digital Services Coordinator, in coordination with competent authorities shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct pursue the objective of ensuring that those services are accessible in compliance with national law, in order to maximize their foreseeable use by persons with disabilities. The DSC, in coordination with competent authorities shall aim to ensure that the codes of conduct address at least the following objectives:	F	
47.2.a	(a) designing and adapting services to make them accessible to persons with disabilities by making them perceivable, operable, understandable and robust;	1	47.2.a	a) designing and adapting services to make them accessible to persons with disabilities, by making them perceptible, operable, understandable and robust;	F	
47.2.b	(b) explaining how the services meet the applicable accessibility requirements and making this information available to the public in an accessible manner for persons with disabilities;	1	47.2.b	b) explaining how the services meet the applicable accessibility requirements and making this information available to the public in an accessible manner for persons with disabilities;	F	

47.2.c	(c) making information, forms and measures provided pursuant to this Regulation available in such a manner that they are easy to find, easy to understand, and accessible to persons with disabilities.	1	47.2.c	c)making information, forms and measures provided pursuant to this law available in such a manner that they are easy to find, easy to understand, and accessible to persons with disabilities.	F	
47.3	The Commission shall encourage the development of the codes of conduct by 18 February 2025 and their application by 18 August 2025.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
48.1	Article 48 Crisis protocols The Board may recommend that the Commission initiate the drawing up, in accordance with paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, of voluntary crisis protocols for addressing crisis situations. Those situations shall be strictly limited to extraordinary circumstances affecting public security or public health.	1	48.1	Article 48 Crisis protocols 1.The Digital Services Coordinator may foster the drawing up, in accordance with paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, of this article, of voluntary crisis protocols for addressing crisis situations. Those situations shall be strictly limited to extraordinary circumstances affecting public security or public health.	F	
48.2	2. The Commission shall encourage and facilitate the providers of very large online platforms, of very large online search engines and, where appropriate, the providers of other online platforms or of other online search engines, to participate in the drawing up, testing and application of those crisis protocols. The Commission shall aim to ensure that those crisis protocols include one or more of the following measures:	1	48.2	2. The Digital Services Coordinator shall support and facilitate the participation of providers of online platforms or online search engines in the development, testing and application of those crisis protocols. Crisis protocols shall include one or more of the following measures:	F	
48.2.a	(a) prominently displaying information on the crisis situation provided by Member States' authorities or at Union level, or, depending on the context of the crisis, by other relevant reliable bodies;	1	48.2.a	a) prominently displaying information on the crisis situation provided by public authorities or, depending on the context of the crisis situation, by other relevant entities;	F	
48.2.b	(b) ensuring that the provider of intermediary services designates a specific point of contact for crisis management; where relevant, this may be the electronic point of contact referred to in Article 11 or, in the case of providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines, the compliance officer referred to in Article 41;	1	48.2.b	b)ensuring that the provider of intermediary services designates a specific contact point for crisis management; where applicable, it may be the electronic point of contact referred to in Article 11, of this law in the case of providers of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines, the compliance officer referred to in Article 41, of this law;	F	
48.2.c	(c) where applicable, adapt the resources dedicated to compliance with the obligations set out in Articles 16, 20, 22, 23 and 35 to the needs arising from the crisis situation.	1	48.2.c	c)where appropriate, adapt the resources dedicated to complying with the obligations set out in Articles 16, 20, 22, 23 and 35 of this law to the needs arising from the crisis situation.	F	
48.3	The Commission shall, as appropriate, involve Member States' authorities, and may also involve Union bodies, offices and agencies in drawing up, testing and supervising the application of the crisis protocols. The	1	48.3	3.The Digital Services Coordinator, shall, as appropriate, involve other authorities and bodies, offices and agencies in drawing up, testing and supervising the application of the crisis protocols. The Digital Services	F	

	Commission may, where necessary and appropriate, also involve civil society organisations or other relevant organisations in drawing up the crisis protocols.			Coordinator may, where necessary and appropriate, also involve civil society organizations or other relevant organizations in drawing up the crisis protocols.		
48.4	The Commission shall aim to ensure that the crisis protocols set out clearly all of the following:	1	48.4	4.The Digital Services Coordinator shall aim to ensure that the crisis protocols set out clearly all of the following:	F	
48.4.a	(a) the specific parameters to determine what constitutes the specific extraordinary circumstance the crisis protocol seeks to address and the objectives it pursues;	1	48.4.a	a) the specific parameters to determine what constitutes the specific extraordinary circumstance the crisis protocol seeks to address and the objectives it pursues;	F	
48.4.b	(b) the role of each participant and the measures they are to put in place in preparation and once the crisis protocol has been activated;	1	48.4.b	b)the role of each participant and the measures that they are to put in place in preparation and once the crisis protocol has been activated;	F	
48.4.c	(c) a clear procedure for determining when the crisis protocol is to be activated;	1	48.4.c	c)a clear procedure for determining the crisis protocol is to be activated	F	
48.4.d	(d) a clear procedure for determining the period during which the measures to be taken once the crisis protocol has been activated are to be taken, which is strictly limited to what is necessary for addressing the specific extraordinary circumstances concerned;	1	48.4.d	d)a clear procedure for determining the period during which the measures to be taken once the crisis protocol has been activated are to be taken, which is strictly limited to what is necessary for addressing the specific extraordinary circumstances concerned;	F	
48.4.e	(e) safeguards to address any negative effects on the exercise of the fundamental rights enshrined in the Charter, in particular the freedom of expression and information and the right to non-discrimination;	1	48.4.e	e) safeguards to address any negative effects on the exercise of the fundamental rights enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of Albania and in the European Charter of Human Rights, in particular the freedom of expression and information and the right to non-discrimination;	F	
48.4.f	(f) a process to publicly report on any measures taken, their duration and their outcomes, upon the termination of the crisis situation.	1	48.4.f	f)a a process to publicly report on any measures taken, their duration and their outcomes, upon the termination of the crisis situation.	F	
48.5	If the Commission considers that a crisis protocol fails to effectively address the crisis situation, or to safeguard the exercise of fundamental rights as referred to in paragraph 4, point (e), it shall request the participants to revise the crisis protocol, including by taking additional measures.	1	48.5	5. If the Digital Services Coordinator considers that a crisis protocol fails to effectively address the crisis situation, or to safeguard the exercise of the fundamental rights as referred to in letter “e”, of paragraph 4, of this article, it shall request the participants to revise the crisis protocol, including the taking additional measures.	F	

49.1	Article 49 Competent authorities and Digital Services Coordinators Member States shall designate one or more competent authorities to be responsible for the supervision of providers of intermediary services and enforcement of this Regulation ('competent authorities').	1	49.1	Article 49 The competent authorities and the Digital Services Coordinator 1. The Albanian competent authorities, for the purposes of this law responsible for the supervision of intermediary service providers and the implementation of this law, are: a) Audiovisual Media Authority, the regulatory body for the media sector; b) Electronic and Postal Communications Authority, the regulatory body for the electronic communications sector; c) The Commissioner for the Right to Information and Protection of Personal Data, for the protection of personal data; ç) Competition Authority; d) Consumer Protection Agency; - dh) National Authority for Cyber Security; 1.1 In addition to the authorities specified in point 1 of this article, the following institutions are competent administrative bodies for the issuance of orders according to the provisions in Articles 9 and 10 of this law: a) The ministry responsible for the implementation of the legal provisions against terrorism and incitement to terrorism; b) The ministry responsible for implementing the legal provisions on copyright on the internet.	F	
49.2	Member States shall designate one of the competent authorities as their Digital Services Coordinator. The Digital Services Coordinator shall be responsible for all matters relating to supervision and enforcement of this Regulation in that Member State, unless the Member State concerned has assigned certain specific tasks or sectors to other competent authorities. The Digital Services Coordinator shall in any event be responsible for ensuring coordination at national level in respect of those matters and for contributing to the effective and consistent supervision and enforcement of this Regulation throughout the Union. For that purpose, Digital Services Coordinators shall cooperate with each other, other national competent authorities, the Board and the Commission, without prejudice to the possibility for Member States to provide	1	49.2 49.3	2. Digital Services Coordinator, is defined AKEP, the regulatory body for electronic communications sector from the list of competent authorities specified in point 1 of this article.. The Digital Services Coordinator is responsible for the coordination at national level of the implementation of this law and contributes to the effective and consistent implementation of its provisions, including cooperation with other public or private entities, at national or international level. 3. The Digital Services Coordinator shall cooperate with every public administrative and judicial authority in the performance of their tasks, for the purposes of this law. The authorities referred to in point 1 of this article shall, where necessary,	F	

	for cooperation mechanisms and regular exchanges of views between the Digital Services Coordinator and other national authorities where relevant for the performance of their respective tasks. Where a Member State designates one or more competent authorities in addition to the Digital Services Coordinator, it shall ensure that the respective tasks of those authorities and of the Digital Services Coordinator are clearly defined and that they cooperate closely and effectively when performing their tasks.			cooperate with each other in working groups and through the exchange of information. The Digital Services Coordinator has the right to establish working groups for the purpose of fulfilling duties under this law.		
49.3	Member States shall designate the Digital Services Coordinators by 17 February 2024. Member States shall make publicly available, and communicate to the Commission and the Board, the name of their competent authority designated as Digital Services Coordinator and information on how it can be contacted. The Member State concerned shall communicate to the Commission and the Board the name of the other competent authorities referred to in paragraph 2, as well as their respective tasks.	1				
49.4	The provisions applicable to Digital Services Coordinators set out in Articles 50, 51 and 56 shall also apply to any other competent authorities that the Member States designate pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article.	1	49.4	4. The provisions applicable to Digital Services Coordinators, set out in Articles 50, 51 and 56 of this law, shall also apply to any other competent authority designated pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article.	F	
50.1	Article 50 Requirements for Digital Services Coordinators Member States shall ensure that their Digital Services Coordinators perform their tasks under this Regulation in an impartial, transparent and timely manner. Member States shall ensure that their Digital Services Coordinators have all necessary resources to carry out their tasks, including sufficient technical, financial and human resources to adequately supervise all providers of intermediary services falling within their competence. Each Member State shall ensure that its Digital Services Coordinator has sufficient autonomy in managing its budget within the budget's overall limits, in order not to adversely affect the independence of the Digital Services Coordinator.	1	50.1	Article 50 Requirements for Digital Services Coordinators 1. The Digital Services Coordinators shall perform its tasks under this Law in an impartial, transparent and timely manner. The Digital Services Coordinators shall have all necessary resources to carry out its tasks, including sufficient technical, financial and human resources to adequately supervise all providers of intermediary services falling within its competence. The Digital Services Coordinator shall have sufficient autonomy in managing its budget within the budget's overall limits, in order not to adversely affect its independence.	F	
50.2	When carrying out their tasks and exercising their powers in accordance with this Regulation, the Digital Services Coordinators shall act with complete independence. They shall remain free from any external influence, whether direct or indirect, and shall neither seek nor take instructions from any other public authority or any private party.	1	50.2	2. When carrying out their tasks and exercising their powers in accordance with this Regulation, the Digital Services Coordinators shall act with complete independence. It shall remain free from any external influence, whether direct or indirect, and shall neither seek nor take instructions from any other public authority or any private party.	F	

50.3	Paragraph 2 of this Article is without prejudice to the tasks of Digital Services Coordinators within the system of supervision and enforcement provided for in this Regulation and the cooperation with other competent authorities in accordance with Article 49(2). Paragraph 2 of this Article shall not prevent the exercise of judicial review and shall also be without prejudice to proportionate accountability requirements regarding the general activities of the Digital Services Coordinators, such as financial expenditure or reporting to national parliaments, provided that those requirements do not undermine the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation.	1	50.3	3.Paragraph 2 of this Article is without prejudice without prejudice to the tasks of Digital Services Coordinators within the system of supervision and enforcement provided for in this Law and the cooperation with other competent authorities. Paragraph 2 of this Article shall not prevent the exercise of judicial review and shall also be without prejudice to proportionate accountability requirements regarding the general activities of the Digital Services Coordinators, such as financial expenditure or reporting to national parliaments, provided that those requirements do not undermine the achievement of the objectives of this Law..	F	
51.1	Article 51 Powers of the Digital Services Coordinators Where needed in order to carry out their tasks under this Regulation, Digital Services Coordinators shall have the following powers of investigation, in respect of conduct by providers of intermediary services falling within the competence of their Member State:	1	51.1	Article 51 Powers of the Digital Services Coordinators 1. The Digital Services Coordinator shall have the following powers of investigation, in respect of conduct by providers of intermediary services falling within its competence: :	F	
51.1.a	(a) the power to require those providers, as well as any other persons acting for purposes related to their trade, business, craft or profession that may reasonably be aware of information relating to a suspected infringement of this Regulation, including organisations performing the audits referred to in Article 37 and Article 75(2), to provide such information without undue delay;	1	51.1.a	a) the power to require those providers, as well as any other persons acting for purposes related to their trade, business, craft or profession that may reasonably be aware of information relating to a suspected infringement of this Law, including organisations performing the audits referred to in Article 37 of this law, to provide such information without undue delay;	F	
51.1.b	(b) the power to carry out, or to request a judicial authority in their Member State to order, inspections of any premises that those providers or those persons use for purposes related to their trade, business, craft or profession, or to request other public authorities to do so, in order to examine, seize, take or obtain copies of information relating to a suspected infringement in any form, irrespective of the storage medium;	1	51.1.b	b) the power to carry out, or to request a judicial authority to order, inspections in any premises that those providers or those persons use for purposes related to their trade, business, craft or profession, or to request other public authorities to do so, in order to examine, seize, take or obtain copies of information relating to a suspected infringement in any form, irrespective of the storage medium;	F	
51.1.c	(c) the power to ask any member of staff or representative of those providers or those persons to give explanations in respect of any information relating to a suspected infringement and to record the answers with their consent by any technical means.	1	51.1.c	c) the power to ask any member of staff or representative of those providers, or those persons, to give explanations in respect of any information relating to a suspected infringement and to record the answers with their consent by any technical means.	F	
51.2	Where needed for carrying out their tasks under this Regulation, Digital Services Coordinators shall have the following enforcement powers, in respect of providers of	1	51.2	2. The Digital Services Coordinator shall have the following enforcement powers, in respect of providers of intermediary services falling within its competence:	F	

	intermediary services falling within the competence of their Member State;					
51.2.a	a)the power to accept the commitments offered by those providers regarding their compliance with this Regulation and to make those commitments binding;	1	51.2.a	a) the power to accept the commitments offered by those suppliers as regards their compliance with this Law and to make those commitments binding;	F	
51.2.b	b)the power to order the cessation of infringements and, where appropriate, to impose remedies proportionate to the infringement and necessary to bring the infringement effectively to an end, or to request a judicial authority in their Member State to do so;	1	51.2.b	b) the power to order the cessation of infringements and, where appropriate, to impose remedies proportionate to the infringement and necessary to bring it effectively to an end, or to request a judicial authority to do so;	F	
51.2.c	c)the power to impose fines, or to request a judicial authority in their Member State to do so, in accordance with Article 52 for non-implementation of this Regulation, including any of the investigative orders issued pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article;	1	51.2.c	c) the power to impose fines, or to request a judicial authority to do so, in accordance with Article 52, of this law, for failure to comply with this law, including with any of investigative orders issued pursuant to paragraph 1, of this Article;	F	
51.2.d	(d) the power to impose a periodic penalty payment, or to request a judicial authority in their Member State to do so, in accordance with Article 52 to ensure that an infringement is terminated in compliance with an order issued pursuant to point (b) of this subparagraph or for failure to comply with any of the investigative orders issued pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article;	1	51.2.ç	(ç)the power to impose periodic penalty payments, or to request a judicial authority to do so, in accordance with Article 52, of this law, to ensure the cessation of the infringement in accordance with an order issued under letter “b” of this paragraph, or for non-compliance with investigative orders under paragraph 1, of this Article;	F	
51(2)(e)	(e) the power to adopt interim measures or to request the competent national judicial authority in their Member State to do so, to avoid the risk of serious harm.	1	51.2.d	d) the power to adopt interim measures, or to request the competent judicial authority to do so, to avoid the risk of serious harm.	F	
51.2, pg. 2	As regards the first subparagraph, points (c) and (d), Digital Services Coordinators shall also have the enforcement powers set out in those points in respect of the other persons referred to in paragraph 1 for failure to comply with any of the orders issued to them pursuant to that paragraph. They shall only exercise those enforcement powers after providing those other persons in good time with all relevant information relating to such orders, including the applicable period, the fines or periodic payments that may be imposed for failure to comply and the possibilities for redress.	1	51.3	3. As regards to letter (c) and (d) of the point 2 of this article, the Digital Services Coordinator shall have also the enforcement powers set out in those points in respect of the other persons referred to in paragraph 1, of this article for failure to comply with any of the orders issued to them pursuant to that paragraph. It shall only exercise those enforcement powers after providing those other persons in good time with all relevant information relating to such orders, including the applicable period, the fines or periodic payments that may be imposed for failure to comply and the possibilities for redress.	F	
51.3	Where needed for carrying out their tasks under this Regulation, Digital Services Coordinators shall, in respect of providers of intermediary services falling within the competence of their Member State, where all other powers pursuant to this Article to bring about the cessation of an infringement have been exhausted and the	1	51.4	4.Where needed for carrying out their tasks under this Law, the Digital Services Coordinators shall, in respect of providers of intermediary services falling within its competence where all other powers pursuant to this Article to bring about the cessation of an infringement have been exhausted and the infringement has not been	F	

	infringement has not been remedied or is continuing and is causing serious harm which cannot be avoided through the exercise of other powers available under Union or national law, also have the power to take the following measures:			remedied or is continuing and is causing serious harm which cannot be avoided through the exercise of other powers available under national law, also have the power to take the following measures:		
51.3.a	a)to require the management body of these providers, without undue delay, to review the situation, adopt and submit an action plan setting out the measures necessary to cease the infringement, ensure that the provider takes these measures and report on the measures taken;	1	51.4.a	a) to require the management body of those providers without undue delay, to examine the situation, adopt and submit an action plan setting out the necessary measures to terminate the infringement, ensure that the provider takes those measures, and report on the measures taken;	F	
51.3.b	(b) where the Digital Services Coordinator considers that a provider of intermediary services has not sufficiently complied with the requirements referred to in point (a), that the infringement has not been remedied or is continuing and is causing serious harm, and that that infringement entails a criminal offence involving a threat to the life or safety of persons, to request that the competent judicial authority of its Member State order the temporary restriction of access of recipients to the service concerned by the infringement or, only where that is not technically feasible, to the online interface of the provider of intermediary services on which the infringement takes place.	1	51.4.b	b) where the Digital Services Coordinator considers that a provider of intermediary services has not sufficiently complied with the requirements referred to in point (a), that the infringement has not been remedied or is continuing and is causing serious harm, and that that infringement entails a criminal offence involving a threat to the life or safety of persons, to request that the competent judicial authority order the temporary restriction of access of recipients to the service concerned by the infringement or, only where that is not technically feasible, to the online interface of the provider of intermediary services on which the infringement takes place.	F	
	The Digital Services Coordinator shall, except where it acts upon the Commission's request referred to in Article 82, prior to submitting the request referred to in the first subparagraph, point (b), of this paragraph invite interested parties to submit written observations within a period that shall not be less than two weeks, describing the measures that it intends to request and identifying the intended addressee or addressees thereof. The provider of intermediary services, the intended addressee or addressees and any other third party demonstrating a legitimate interest shall be entitled to participate in the proceedings before the competent judicial authority. Any measure ordered shall be proportionate to the nature, gravity, recurrence and duration of the infringement, without unduly restricting access to lawful information by recipients of the service concerned.	1	51.5	5. The Digital Services Coordinator shall, prior to submitting the request referred to in the first subparagraph, letter b) of point 3, of this article, invite interested parties to submit written observations within a period that shall not be less than two weeks, describing the measures that it intends to request and identifying the intended addressee or addressees thereof. The provider of intermediary services, the intended addressee or addressees and any other third party demonstrating a legitimate interest shall be entitled to participate in the proceedings before the competent judicial authority. Any measure ordered shall be proportionate to the nature, gravity, recurrence and duration of the infringement, without unduly restricting access to lawful information by recipients of the service concerned.	F	
	The restriction of access shall be for a period of four weeks, subject to the possibility for the competent judicial authority, in its order, to allow the Digital Services Coordinator to extend that period for further periods of the same lengths, subject to a maximum	1	51.6	6. The restriction of access shall be for a period of four weeks, subject to the possibility for the competent judicial authority, in its order, to allow the Digital Services Coordinator to extend that period for further periods of the same lengths, subject to a	F	

	number of extensions set by that judicial authority. The Digital Services Coordinator shall only extend the period where, having regard to the rights and interests of all parties affected by that restriction and all relevant circumstances, including any information that the provider of intermediary services, the addressee or addressees and any other third party that demonstrated a legitimate interest may provide to it, it considers that both of the following conditions have been met:			maximum number of extensions set by that judicial authority. The Digital Services Coordinator shall only extend the period where, having regard to the rights and interests of all parties affected by that restriction and all relevant circumstances, including any information that the provider of intermediary services, the addressee or addressees and any other third party that demonstrated a legitimate interest may provide to it, it considers that both of the following conditions have been met:		
51.3.a	(a) the provider of intermediary services has failed to take the necessary measures to terminate the infringement;	1	51.6.a	a) the provider of intermediary services has failed to take the necessary measures to terminate the infringement;		
51.3.b	(b) the temporary restriction does not unduly restrict access to lawful information by recipients of the service, having regard to the number of recipients affected and whether any adequate and readily accessible alternatives exist.	1	51.6.b	b) the temporary restriction does not unduly restrict access to lawful information by the recipient of the service, , having regard to the number of recipients affected and whether any adequate and readily accessible alternatives exist.		
	Where the Digital Services Coordinator considers that the conditions set out in the third subparagraph, points (a) and (b), have been met but it cannot further extend the period pursuant to the third subparagraph, it shall submit a new request to the competent judicial authority, as referred to in the first subparagraph, point (b).	1	51.7	7. Where the Digital Services Coordinator considers that the conditions set out in letters a) and b), of point 5, of this Article, have been met but it cannot further extend the period pursuant to the third subparagraph, it shall submit a new request to the competent judicial authority, as referred to letter b) of point 1, of this Article.		
51.4	The powers listed in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall be without prejudice to Section 3.	1				
51.5	The measures taken by the Digital Services Coordinators in the exercise of their powers listed in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall be effective, dissuasive and proportionate, having regard, in particular, to the nature, gravity, recurrence and duration of the infringement or suspected infringement to which those measures relate, as well as the economic, technical and operational capacity of the provider of the intermediary services concerned where relevant.	1	51.8	8.The measures taken by the Digital Services Coordinators in the exercise of their its powers listed in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, of this article shall be effective, dissuasive and proportionate, having regard, in particular, to the nature, gravity, recurrence and duration of the infringement or suspected infringement to which those measures relate, as well as the economic, technical and operational capacity of the provider of the intermediary services concerned where relevant.		
51.6	Member States shall lay down specific rules and procedures for the exercise of the powers pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 and shall ensure that any exercise of those powers is subject to adequate safeguards laid down in the applicable national law in compliance with the Charter and with the general principles of Union law. In particular, those measures shall only be taken in accordance with the right to respect for private life and the rights of defence, including the rights to be heard and	1	51.9	9. In the exercise of the powers under points 1, 2 and 3 of this article, the Digital Services Coordinator shall ensure respecting of fundamental rights and the general principles of law, laid down in the Constitution of the Republic of Albania and the relevant international conventions to which Albania has acceded, in particular with regard to respect for private life, and the rights of defence including the rights to be heard and to access and, subject to the law,		

	of access to the file, and subject to the right to an effective judicial remedy of all affected parties.			to an effective legal remedy of all affected parties. The rules and procedures for the exercise of the powers under points 1, 2 and 3 of this article are determined by law and by the acts relevant bylaws.		
52.1	Article 52 Penalties Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Regulation by providers of intermediary services within their competence and shall take all the necessary measures to ensure that they are implemented in accordance with Article 51.	1	52.1	Article 52 Penalties 1. The Digital Services Coordinator shall have to power to apply penalties in case of infringements to this Law by providers of intermediary services within its competence and shall take all the necessary measures to ensure that they are implemented in accordance with Article 51, of this law.		
52.2	Penalties shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive. Member States shall notify the Commission of those rules and of those measures and shall notify it, without delay, of any subsequent amendments affecting them.	1	52.2	2. Penalties shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.		
52.3	Member States shall ensure that the maximum amount of fines that may be imposed for a failure to comply with an obligation laid down in this Regulation shall be 6 % of the annual worldwide turnover of the provider of intermediary services concerned in the preceding financial year. Member States shall ensure that the maximum amount of the fine that may be imposed for the supply of incorrect, incomplete or misleading information, failure to reply or rectify incorrect, incomplete or misleading information and failure to submit to an inspection shall be 1 % of the annual income or worldwide turnover of the provider of intermediary services or person concerned in the preceding financial year.	1	52.3	3. The maximum amount of fines that may be imposed for a failure to comply with an obligation laid down in this Law shall be 6% of the annual worldwide turnover of the provider of intermediary services concerned in the preceding financial year. The maximum amount of the fine that may be imposed for the supply of incorrect, incomplete or misleading information, failure to reply or rectify incorrect, incomplete or misleading information and failure to submit to an inspection shall be 1 % of the annual income or worldwide turnover of the provider of intermediary services or person concerned in the preceding financial year.		
52.4	Member States shall ensure that the maximum amount of a periodic penalty payment shall be 5 % of the average daily worldwide turnover or income of the provider of intermediary services concerned in the preceding financial year per day, calculated from the date specified in the decision concerned.	1	52.4	4. The maximum amount of a periodic penalty payment is 5 % of the average daily worldwide turnover or income of the provider of intermediary services concerned in the preceding financial year per day, calculated from the date specified in the decision concerned.		
53	Article 53 Right to lodge a complaint Recipients of the service and any body, organisation or association mandated to exercise the rights conferred by this Regulation on their behalf shall have the right to lodge a complaint against providers of intermediary services alleging an infringement of this Regulation with the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State	1	53	Article 53 The right to lodge a complaint Recipients of the service and any body, organization, or association mandated to exercise the rights conferred by this Law on their behalf shall have the right to lodge a complaint against providers of intermediary services alleging an infringement of this Law with the Digital Services Coordinator. The Digital Services Coordinator		

	where the recipient of the service is located or established. The Digital Services Coordinator shall assess the complaint and, where appropriate, transmit it to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment, accompanied, where considered appropriate, by an opinion. Where the complaint falls under the responsibility of another competent authority in its Member State, the Digital Services Coordinator receiving the complaint shall transmit it to that authority. During these proceedings, both parties shall have the right to be heard and receive appropriate information about the status of the complaint, in accordance with national law.			shall assess the complaint. Where the complaint falls under the responsibility of another competent authority the Digital Services Coordinator receiving the complaint shall transmit it to that authority. During these proceedings, both parties shall have the right to be heard and receive appropriate information about the status of the complaint, in accordance with national legislation.		
54	Article 54 Compensation Recipients of the service shall have the right to seek, in accordance with Union and national law, compensation from providers of intermediary services, in respect of any damage or loss suffered due to an infringement by those providers of their obligations under this Regulation.	1	54	Article 54 Compensation Recipients of the service have the right to seek, in accordance with national legislation, compensation from providers of intermediary services in respect of any damage or loss suffered due to an infringement by those providers of their obligations under this Law.		
55.1	Article 55 Activity reports Digital Services Coordinators shall draw up annual reports on their activities under this Regulation, including the number of complaints received pursuant to Article 53 and an overview of their follow-up. The Digital Services Coordinators shall make the annual reports available to the public in a machine-readable format, subject to the applicable rules on the confidentiality of information pursuant to Article 84, and shall communicate them to the Commission and to the Board.	1	55.1	Article 55 Activity reports 1. The Digital Services Coordinators shall, by 31 January of the year following the reporting year and then every 12 months, draw up annual reports on their its activities under this law, including the number of complaints received pursuant to Article 53 of this law and an overview of their follow-up. The Digital Services Coordinators shall make the annual reports available to the public in a machine-readable format, subject to the applicable rules on the confidentiality of information pursuant to Article 56 of this law, and shall publish them in its website.		
55.2	The annual report shall also include the following information:	1	55.2	2. The annual report shall also include the following information:		
55.2.a	(a) the number and subject matter of orders to act against illegal content and orders to provide information issued in accordance with Articles 9 and 10 by any national judicial or administrative authority of the Member State of the Digital Services Coordinator concerned;	1	55.2.a	a) the number and subject matter of the law of orders to act against illegal content and of orders to provide information issued in accordance with Articles 9 and 10 of this law, by any national judicial or administrative authority;		

55.2.b	(b) the effects given to those orders, as communicated to the Digital Services Coordinator pursuant to Articles 9 and 10.	1	55.2.b	b) the effects that have been given to those orders, as communicated to the Digital Services Coordinator in accordance with Articles 9 and 10 of this law.		
55.3	Where a Member State has designated several competent authorities pursuant to Article 49, it shall ensure that the Digital Services Coordinator draws up a single report covering the activities of all competent authorities and that the Digital Services Coordinator receives all relevant information and support needed to that effect from the other competent authorities concerned.	1	55.3	3. The Digital Services Coordinator shall draw up a single report covering the activities of all competent authorities and shall receive all relevant information and support necessary for that purpose from the other competent authorities in question.		
56.1	Article 56 Competences The Member State in which the main establishment of the provider of intermediary services is located shall have exclusive powers to supervise and enforce this Regulation, except for the powers provided for in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	Article 56 of Regulation 2022/2065/EU determines the competences of the European Commission;
56.2	The Commission shall have exclusive powers to supervise and enforce Section 5 of Chapter III.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
56.3	The Commission shall have powers to supervise and enforce this Regulation, other than those laid down in Section 5 of Chapter III thereof, against providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
56.4	Where the Commission has not initiated proceedings for the same infringement, the Member State in which the main establishment of the provider of very large online platform or of very large online search engine is located shall have powers to supervise and enforce the obligations under this Regulation, other than those laid down in Section 5 of Chapter III, with respect to those providers.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
56.5	Member States and the Commission shall supervise and enforce the provisions of this Regulation in close cooperation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
56.6	Where a provider of intermediary services does not have an establishment in the Union, the Member State where its legal representative resides or is established or the Commission shall have powers, as applicable, in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 4 of this Article, to supervise and enforce the relevant obligations under this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
56.7	Where a provider of intermediary services fails to appoint a legal representative in accordance with Article 13, all Member States and, in case of a provider of a very large online platform or very large online search engine, the Commission shall have powers to supervise and enforce	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	in accordance with this Article. Where a Digital Services Coordinator intends to exercise its powers under this paragraph, it shall notify all other Digital Services Coordinators and the Commission, and ensure that the applicable safeguards afforded by the Charter are respected, in particular to avoid that the same conduct is sanctioned more than once for the infringement of the obligations laid down in this Regulation. Where the Commission intends to exercise its powers under this paragraph, it shall notify all other Digital Services Coordinators of that intention. Following the notification pursuant to this paragraph, other Member States shall not initiate proceedings for the same infringement as that referred to in the notification.					
57.1	Article 57 Mutual assistance Digital Services Coordinators and the Commission shall cooperate closely and provide each other with mutual assistance in order to apply this Regulation in a consistent and efficient manner. Mutual assistance shall include, in particular, exchange of information in accordance with this Article and the duty of the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment to inform all Digital Services Coordinators of destination, the Board and the Commission about the opening of an investigation and the intention to take a final decision, including its assessment, in respect of a specific provider of intermediary services.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
57.2	For the purpose of an investigation, the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment may request other Digital Services Coordinators to provide specific information in their possession as regards a specific provider of intermediary services or to exercise their investigative powers referred to in Article 51(1) with regard to specific information located in their Member State. Where appropriate, the Digital Services Coordinator receiving the request may involve other competent authorities or other public authorities of the Member State in question.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
57.3	The Digital Services Coordinator receiving the request pursuant to paragraph 2 shall comply with such request and inform the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment about the action taken, without undue delay and no later than two months after its receipt, unless:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
57.3.a	(a) the scope or the subject matter of the request is not sufficiently specified, justified or proportionate in view of the investigative purposes; or	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

57.3.b	(b) neither the requested Digital Service Coordinator nor other competent authority or other public authority of that Member State is in possession of the requested information nor can have access to it; or	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
57.3.c	(c) the request cannot be complied with without infringing Union or national law.		N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
	The Digital Services Coordinator receiving the request shall justify its refusal by submitting a reasoned reply, within the period set out in the first subparagraph.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
58.1	Article 58 Cross-border cooperation among Digital Services Coordinators Unless the Commission has initiated an investigation for the same alleged infringement, where a Digital Services Coordinator of destination has reason to suspect that a provider of an intermediary service has infringed this Regulation in a manner negatively affecting the recipients of the service in the Member State of that Digital Services Coordinator, it may request the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment to assess the matter and to take the necessary investigatory and enforcement measures to ensure compliance with this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
58.2	Unless the Commission has initiated an investigation for the same alleged infringement, and at the request of at least three Digital Services Coordinators of destination that have reason to suspect that a specific provider of intermediary services infringed this Regulation in a manner negatively affecting recipients of the service in their Member States, the Board may request the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment to assess the matter and take the necessary investigatory and enforcement measures to ensure compliance with this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
58.3	A request pursuant to paragraph 1 or 2 shall be duly reasoned, and shall at least indicate:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
58.3.a	(a) the point of contact of the provider of the intermediary services concerned as provided for in Article 11;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
58.3.b	(b) a description of the relevant facts, the provisions of this Regulation concerned and the reasons why the Digital Services Coordinator that sent the request, or the Board, suspects that the provider infringed this Regulation, including the description of the negative effects of the alleged infringement;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
58.3.c	(c) any other information that the Digital Services Coordinator that sent the request, or the Board, considers relevant, including, where appropriate, information	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	gathered on its own initiative or suggestions for specific investigatory or enforcement measures to be taken, including interim measures.					
58.4	The Digital Services Coordinator of establishment shall take utmost account of the request pursuant to paragraphs 1 or 2 of this Article. Where it considers that it has insufficient information to act upon the request and has reasons to consider that the Digital Services Coordinator that sent the request, or the Board, could provide additional information, the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment may either request such information in accordance with Article 57 or, alternatively, may launch a joint investigation pursuant to Article 60(1) involving at least the requesting Digital Services Coordinator. The period laid down in paragraph 5 of this Article shall be suspended until that additional information is provided or until the invitation to participate in the joint investigation is refused.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
58.5	The Digital Services Coordinator of establishment shall, without undue delay and in any event not later than two months following receipt of the request pursuant to paragraph 1 or 2, communicate to the Digital Services Coordinator that sent the request, and the Board, the assessment of the suspected infringement and an explanation of any investigatory or enforcement measures taken or envisaged in relation thereto to ensure compliance with this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
59.1	Article 59 Referral to the Commission In the absence of a communication within the period laid down in Article 58(5), in the case of a disagreement of the Board with the assessment or the measures taken or envisaged pursuant to Article 58(5) or in the cases referred to in Article 60(3), the Board may refer the matter to the Commission, providing all relevant information. That information shall include at least the request or recommendation sent to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment, the assessment by that Digital Services Coordinator, the reasons for the disagreement and any additional information supporting the referral.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
59.2	The Commission shall assess the matter within two months following the referral of the matter pursuant to paragraph 1, after having consulted the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
59.3	Where, pursuant to paragraph 2 of this Article, the Commission considers that the assessment or the	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	investigatory or enforcement measures taken or envisaged pursuant to Article 58(5) are insufficient to ensure effective enforcement or otherwise incompatible with this Regulation, it shall communicate its views to the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment and the Board and request the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment to review the matter. The Digital Services Coordinator of establishment shall take the necessary investigatory or enforcement measures to ensure compliance with this Regulation, taking utmost account of the views and request for review by the Commission. The Digital Services Coordinator of establishment shall inform the Commission, as well as the requesting Digital Services Coordinator or the Board that took action pursuant to Article 58(1) or (2), about the measures taken within two months from that request for review.					
60.1	Article 60 Joint investigations The Digital Services Coordinator of establishment may launch and lead joint investigations with the participation of one or more other Digital Services Coordinators concerned:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
60.1.a	(a) at its own initiative, to investigate an alleged infringement of this Regulation by a given provider of intermediary services in several Member States; or	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
60.1.b	(b) upon recommendation of the Board, acting on the request of at least three Digital Services Coordinators alleging, based on a reasonable suspicion, an infringement by a given provider of intermediary services affecting recipients of the service in their Member States.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
60.2	Any Digital Services Coordinator that proves that it has a legitimate interest in participating in a joint investigation pursuant to paragraph 1 may request to do so. The joint investigation shall be concluded within three months from its launch, unless otherwise agreed amongst the participants. The Digital Services Coordinator of establishment shall communicate its preliminary position on the alleged infringement no later than one month after the end of the deadline referred to in the first subparagraph to all Digital Services Coordinators, the Commission and the Board. The preliminary position shall take into account the views of all other Digital Services Coordinators participating in the joint investigation. Where applicable, this preliminary position shall also set out the enforcement measures envisaged.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

60.3	The Board may refer the matter to the Commission pursuant to Article 59, where:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
60.3.a	(a) the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment failed to communicate its preliminary position within the deadline set out in paragraph 2;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
60.3.b	(b) the Board substantially disagrees with the preliminary position communicated by the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment; or	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
60.3.c	(c) the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment failed to initiate the joint investigation promptly following the recommendation by the Board pursuant to paragraph 1, point (b).	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
60.4	In carrying out the joint investigation, the participating Digital Services Coordinators shall cooperate in good faith, taking into account, where applicable, the indications of the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment and the Board's recommendation. The Digital Services Coordinators of destination participating in the joint investigation shall be entitled, at the request of or after having consulted the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment, to exercise their investigative powers referred to in Article 51(1) in respect of the providers of intermediary services concerned by the alleged infringement, with regard to information and premises located within their territory.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
61.1	Article 61 European Board for Digital Services An independent advisory group of Digital Services Coordinators on the supervision of providers of intermediary services named 'European Board for Digital Services' ('Board') is established.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
61.2	The Board shall advise the Digital Services Coordinators and the Commission in accordance with this Regulation to achieve the following objectives:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
61.2.a	(a) contributing to the consistent application of this Regulation and effective cooperation of the Digital Services Coordinators and the Commission with regard to matters covered by this Regulation;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
61.2.b	(b) coordinating and contributing to guidelines and analysis of the Commission and Digital Services Coordinators and other competent authorities on emerging issues across the internal market with regard to matters covered by this Regulation;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

61.2.c	(c) assisting the Digital Services Coordinators and the Commission in the supervision of very large online platforms.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
62.1	Article 62 Structure of the Board The Board shall be composed of Digital Services Coordinators who shall be represented by high-level officials. The failure by one or more Member States to designate a Digital Services Coordinator shall not prevent the Board from performing its tasks under this Regulation. Where provided for by national law, other competent authorities entrusted with specific operational responsibilities for the application and enforcement of this Regulation alongside the Digital Services Coordinator may participate in the Board. Other national authorities may be invited to the meetings, where the issues discussed are of relevance for them.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
62.2	The Board shall be chaired by the Commission. The Commission shall convene the meetings and prepare the agenda in accordance with the tasks of the Board pursuant to this Regulation and in line with its rules of procedure. When the Board is requested to adopt a recommendation pursuant to this Regulation, it shall immediately make the request available to other Digital Services Coordinators through the information sharing system set out in Article 85.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
62.3	Each Member State shall have one vote. The Commission shall not have voting rights. The Board shall adopt its acts by simple majority. When adopting a recommendation to the Commission referred to in Article 36(1), first subparagraph, the Board shall vote within 48 hours after the request of the Chair of the Board.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
62.4	The Commission shall provide administrative and analytical support for the activities of the Board pursuant to this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
62.5	The Board may invite experts and observers to attend its meetings, and may cooperate with other Union bodies, offices, agencies and advisory groups, as well as external experts as appropriate. The Board shall make the results of this cooperation publicly available.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
62.6	The Board may consult interested parties, and shall make the results of such consultation publicly available.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

62.7	The Board shall adopt its rules of procedure, following the consent of the Commission.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
63.1	Article 63 Tasks of the Board Where necessary to meet the objectives set out in Article 61(2), the Board shall in particular:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
63.1.a	(a) support the coordination of joint investigations;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
63.1.b	(b) support the competent authorities in the analysis of reports and results of audits of very large online platforms or of very large online search engines to be transmitted pursuant to this Regulation;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
63.1.c	(c) issue opinions, recommendations or advice to Digital Services Coordinators in accordance with this Regulation, taking into account, in particular, the freedom to provide services of the providers of intermediary service;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
63.1.d	(d) advise the Commission on the measures referred to in Article 66 and, adopt opinions concerning very large online platforms or very large online search engines in accordance with this Regulation;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
63.1.e	(e) support and promote the development and implementation of European standards, guidelines, reports, templates and code of conducts in cooperation with relevant stakeholders as provided for in this Regulation, including by issuing opinions or recommendations on matters related to Article 44, as well as the identification of emerging issues, with regard to matters covered by this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
63.2	Digital Services Coordinators and, where applicable, other competent authorities that do not follow the opinions, requests or recommendations addressed to them adopted by the Board shall provide the reasons for this choice, including an explanation on the investigations, actions and the measures that they have implemented, when reporting pursuant to this Regulation or when adopting their relevant decisions, as appropriate.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
64.1	Article 64 Development of expertise and capabilities The Commission, in cooperation with the Digital Services Coordinators and the Board, shall develop Union expertise and capabilities, including, where appropriate, through the secondment of Member States' personnel.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
64.2	In addition, the Commission, in cooperation with the Digital Services Coordinators and the Board, shall	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	coordinate the assessment of systemic and emerging issues across the Union in relation to very large online platforms or very large online search engines with regard to matters covered by this Regulation.					
64.3	The Commission may ask the Digital Services Coordinators, the Board and other Union bodies, offices and agencies with relevant expertise to support the assessment of systemic and emerging issues across the Union under this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
64.4	Member States shall cooperate with the Commission, in particular through their respective Digital Services Coordinators and other competent authorities, where applicable, including by making available their expertise and capabilities.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
65.1	Article 65 Enforcement of obligations of providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines For the purposes of investigating compliance of providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines with the obligations laid down in this Regulation, the Commission may exercise the investigatory powers laid down in this Section even before initiating proceedings pursuant to Article 66(2). It may exercise those powers on its own initiative or following a request pursuant to paragraph 2 of this Article.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
65.2	Where a Digital Services Coordinator has reason to suspect that a provider of a very large online platform or of a very large online search engine has infringed the provisions of Section 5 of Chapter III or has systemically infringed any of the provisions of this Regulation in a manner that seriously affects recipients of the service in its Member State, it may send, through the information sharing system referred to in Article 85, a request to the Commission to assess the matter.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
65.3	A request pursuant to paragraph 2 shall be duly reasoned and at least indicate:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
65.3.a	(a) the point of contact of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned as provided for in Article 11;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
65.3.b	(b) a description of the relevant facts, the provisions of this Regulation concerned and the reasons why the Digital Services Coordinator that sent the request suspects that the provider of the very large online platforms or of the very large online search engine	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	concerned infringed this Regulation, including a description of the facts that show that the suspected infringement is of a systemic nature;					
65.3.c	(c) any other information that the Digital Services Coordinator that sent the request considers relevant, including, where appropriate, information gathered on its own initiative.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
66.1	Article 66 Initiation of proceedings by the Commission and cooperation in investigation The Commission may initiate proceedings in view of the possible adoption of decisions pursuant to Articles 73 and 74 in respect of the relevant conduct by the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine that the Commission suspect of having infringed any of the provisions of this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
66.2	Where the Commission decides to initiate proceedings pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article, it shall notify all Digital Services Coordinators and the Board through the information sharing system referred to in Article 85, as well as the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned. The Digital Services Coordinators shall, without undue delay after being informed of initiation of the proceedings, transmit to the Commission any information they hold about the infringement at stake. The initiation of proceedings pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article by the Commission shall relieve the Digital Services Coordinator, or any competent authority where applicable, of its powers to supervise and enforce provided for in this Regulation pursuant to Article 56(4).	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
66.3	In the exercise of its powers of investigation under this Regulation the Commission may request the individual or joint support of any Digital Services Coordinators concerned by the suspected infringement, including the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment. The Digital Services Coordinators that have received such a request, and, where involved by the Digital Services Coordinator, any other competent authority, shall cooperate sincerely and in a timely manner with the Commission and shall be entitled to exercise their investigative powers referred to in Article 51(1) in respect of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine at stake, with regard to information, persons and premises located	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	within the territory of their Member State and in accordance with the request.					
66.4	The Commission shall provide the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment and the Board with all relevant information about the exercise of the powers referred to in Articles 67 to 72 and its preliminary findings referred to in Article 79(1). The Board shall submit its views on those preliminary findings to the Commission within the period set pursuant to Article 79(2). The Commission shall take utmost account of any views of the Board in its decision.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
67.1	Article 67 Requests for information In order to carry out the tasks assigned to it under this Section, the Commission may, by simple request or by decision, require the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned, as well as any other natural or legal person acting for purposes related to their trade, business, craft or profession that may be reasonably aware of information relating to the suspected infringement, including organisations performing the audits referred to in Article 37 and Article 75(2), to provide such information within a reasonable period.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
67.2	When sending a simple request for information to the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or other person referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, the Commission shall state the legal basis and the purpose of the request, specify what information is required and set the period within which the information is to be provided, and the fines provided for in Article 74 for supplying incorrect, incomplete or misleading information.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
67.3	Where the Commission requires the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or other person referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article to supply information by decision, it shall state the legal basis and the purpose of the request, specify what information is required and set the period within which it is to be provided. It shall also indicate the fines provided for in Article 74 and indicate or impose the periodic penalty payments provided for in Article 76. It shall further indicate the right to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

67.4	The providers of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or other person referred to in paragraph 1 or their representatives and, in the case of legal persons, companies or firms, or where they have no legal personality, the persons authorised to represent them by law or by their constitution shall supply the information requested on behalf of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or other person referred to in paragraph 1. Lawyers duly authorised to act may supply the information on behalf of their clients. The latter shall remain fully responsible if the information supplied is incomplete, incorrect or misleading.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
67.5	At the request of the Commission, the Digital Services Coordinators and other competent authorities shall provide the Commission with all necessary information to carry out the tasks assigned to it under this Section.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
67.6	The Commission shall, without undue delay after sending the simple request or the decision referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, send a copy thereof to the Digital Services Coordinators, through the information sharing system referred to in Article 85.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
68.1	Article 68 Power to take interviews and statements In order to carry out the tasks assigned to it under this Section, the Commission may interview any natural or legal person who consents to being interviewed for the purpose of collecting information, relating to the subject-matter of an investigation, in relation to the suspected infringement. The Commission shall be entitled to record such interview by appropriate technical means.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
68.2	If the interview referred to in paragraph 1 is conducted on other premises than those of the Commission, the Commission shall inform the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State in the territory of which the interview takes place. If so requested by that Digital Services Coordinator, its officials may assist the officials and other accompanying persons authorised by the Commission to conduct the interview.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.1	Article 69 Power to conduct inspections	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	In order to carry out the tasks assigned to it under this Section, the Commission may conduct all necessary inspections at the premises of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or of another person referred to in Article 67(1).					
69.2	The officials and other accompanying persons authorised by the Commission to conduct an inspection shall be empowered to:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.2.a	(a) enter any premises, land and means of transport of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or of the other person concerned;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.2.b	(b) examine the books and other records related to the provision of the service concerned, irrespective of the medium on which they are stored;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.2.c	(c) take or obtain in any form copies of or extracts from such books or other records;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.2.d	(d) require the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine or the other person concerned to provide access to and explanations on its organisation, functioning, IT system, algorithms, data-handling and business practices and to record or document the explanations given;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.2.e	(e) seal any premises used for purposes related to the trade, business, craft or profession of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine or of the other person concerned, as well as books or other records, for the period and to the extent necessary for the inspection;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.2.f	(f) ask any representative or member of staff of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine or the other person concerned for explanations on facts or documents relating to the subject-matter and purpose of the inspection and to record the answers;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.2.g	(g) address questions to any such representative or member of staff relating to the subject-matter and purpose of the inspection and to record the answers.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.3	Inspections may be carried out with the assistance of auditors or experts appointed by the Commission pursuant to Article 72(2), and of Digital Services Coordinator or other competent national authorities of the Member State in the territory of which the inspection is conducted.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.4	Where the production of required books or other records related to the provision of the service	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	concerned is incomplete or where the answers to questions asked under paragraph 2 of this Article are incorrect, incomplete or misleading, the officials and other accompanying persons authorised by the Commission to conduct an inspection shall exercise their powers upon production of a written authorisation specifying the subject matter and purpose of the inspection and the penalties provided for in Articles 74 and 76. In good time before the inspection, the Commission shall inform the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State in the territory in which the inspection is to be conducted thereof.					
69.5	During inspections, the officials and other accompanying persons authorised by the Commission, the auditors and experts appointed by the Commission, the Digital Services Coordinator or the other competent authorities of the Member State in the territory of which the inspection is conducted may require the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine or other person concerned to provide explanations on its organisation, functioning, IT system, algorithms, data-handling and business conducts, and may address questions to its key personnel.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.6	The provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine or other natural or legal person concerned shall be required to submit to an inspection ordered by decision of the Commission. The decision shall specify the subject matter and purpose of the inspection, set the date on which it is to begin and indicate the penalties provided for in Articles 74 and 76 and the right to have the decision reviewed by the Court of Justice of the European Union. The Commission shall consult the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State on territory of which the inspection is to be conducted prior to taking that decision.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.7	Officials of, and other persons authorised or appointed by, the Digital Services Coordinator of the Member State on the territory of which the inspection is to be conducted shall, at the request of that Digital Services Coordinator or of the Commission, actively assist the officials and other accompanying persons authorised by the Commission in relation to the inspection. To this end, they shall have the powers listed in paragraph 2.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.8	Where the officials and other accompanying persons authorised by the Commission find that the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	online search engine or the other person concerned opposes an inspection ordered pursuant to this Article, the Member State in the territory of which the inspection is to be conducted shall, at the request of those officials or other accompanying persons and in accordance with the national law of the Member State, afford them necessary assistance, including, where appropriate under that national law, in the form of coercive measures taken by a competent law enforcement authority, so as to enable them to conduct the inspection.					
69.9	If the assistance provided for in paragraph 8 requires authorisation from a national judicial authority in accordance with the national law of the Member State concerned, such authorisation shall be applied for by the Digital Services Coordinator of that Member State at the request of the officials and other accompanying persons authorised by the Commission. Such authorisation may also be applied for as a precautionary measure.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
69.10	Where the authorisation referred to in paragraph 9 is applied for, the national judicial authority before which a case has been brought shall verify that the Commission decision ordering the inspection is authentic and that the coercive measures envisaged are neither arbitrary nor excessive having regard to the subject matter of the inspection. When conducting such verification, the national judicial authority may ask the Commission, directly or through the Digital Services Coordinators of the Member State concerned, for detailed explanations, in particular those concerning the grounds on which the Commission suspects an infringement of this Regulation, concerning the seriousness of the suspected infringement and concerning the nature of the involvement of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine or of the other person concerned. However, the national judicial authority shall not call into question the necessity for the inspection nor demand information from the case file of the Commission. The lawfulness of the Commission decision shall be subject to review only by the Court of Justice of the European Union.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
70.1	Article 70 Interim measures In the context of proceedings which may lead to the adoption of a decision of non-compliance pursuant to Article 73(1), where there is an urgency due to the	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	risk of serious damage for the recipients of the service, the Commission may, by decision, order interim measures against the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned on the basis of a prima facie finding of an infringement.					
70.2	A decision under paragraph 1 shall apply for a specified period of time and may be renewed in so far this is necessary and appropriate.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
71.1	Article 71 Commitments If, during proceedings under this Section, the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned offers commitments to ensure compliance with the relevant provisions of this Regulation, the Commission may by decision make those commitments binding on the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned and declare that there are no further grounds for action.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
71.2	The Commission may, upon request or on its own initiative, reopen the proceedings:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
71.2.a	(a) where there has been a material change in any of the facts on which the decision was based;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
71.2.b	(b) where the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned acts contrary to its commitments; or	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
71.2.c	(c) where the decision was based on incomplete, incorrect or misleading information provided by the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or other person referred to in Article 67(1).	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
71.3	Where the Commission considers that the commitments offered by the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned are unable to ensure effective compliance with the relevant provisions of this Regulation, it shall reject those commitments in a reasoned decision when concluding the proceedings.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
72.1	Article 72 Monitoring actions For the purposes of carrying out the tasks assigned to it under this Section, the Commission may take the necessary actions to monitor the effective implementation and compliance with this Regulation by providers of the very large online platform and of	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	the very large online search engines. The Commission may order them to provide access to, and explanations relating to, its databases and algorithms. Such actions may include, imposing an obligation on the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine to retain all documents deemed to be necessary to assess the implementation of and compliance with the obligations under this Regulation.					
72.2	The actions pursuant to paragraph 1 may include the appointment of independent external experts and auditors, as well as experts and auditors from competent national authorities with the agreement of the authority concerned, to assist the Commission in monitoring the effective implementation and compliance with the relevant provisions of this Regulation and to provide specific expertise or knowledge to the Commission.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
73.1	Article 73 Non-compliance The Commission shall adopt a non-compliance decision where it finds that the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned does not comply with one or more of the following:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
73.1.a	(a) the relevant provisions of this Regulation;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
73.1.b	(b) interim measures ordered pursuant to Article 70;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
73.1.c	(c) commitments made binding pursuant to Article 71.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
73.2	Before adopting the decision pursuant to paragraph 1, the Commission shall communicate its preliminary findings to the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned. In the preliminary findings, the Commission shall explain the measures that it considers taking, or that it considers that the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned should take, in order to effectively address the preliminary findings.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
73.3	In the decision adopted pursuant to paragraph 1 the Commission shall order the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned to take the necessary measures to ensure compliance with the decision pursuant to paragraph 1 within a reasonable period specified therein and to provide information on the measures that	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	that provider intends to take to comply with the decision.					
73.4	The provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned shall provide the Commission with a description of the measures it has taken to ensure compliance with the decision pursuant to paragraph 1 upon their implementation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
73.5	Where the Commission finds that the conditions of paragraph 1 are not met, it shall close the investigation by a decision. The decision shall apply with immediate effect.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.1	Article 74 Fines In the decision referred to in Article 73, the Commission may impose on the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned fines not exceeding 6 % of its total worldwide annual turnover in the preceding financial year where it finds that the provider, intentionally or negligently:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	This article applies to the fines imposed by the Commission
74.1.a	(a) infringes the relevant provisions of this Regulation;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.1.b	(b) fails to comply with a decision ordering interim measures under Article 70; or	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.1.c	(c) fails to comply with a commitment made binding by a decision pursuant to Article 71.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.2	The Commission may adopt a decision imposing on the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or on another natural or legal person referred to in Article 67(1) fines not exceeding 1 % of the total annual income or worldwide turnover in the preceding financial year, where they intentionally or negligently:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.2.a	(a) supply incorrect, incomplete or misleading information in response to a simple request or request by a decision pursuant to Article 67;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.2.b	(b) fail to reply to the request for information by decision within the set period;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.2.c	(c) fail to rectify within the period set by the Commission, incorrect, incomplete or misleading information given by a member of staff, or fail or refuse to provide complete information;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.2.d	(d) refuse to submit to an inspection pursuant to Article 69;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.2.e	(e) fail to comply with the measures adopted by the Commission pursuant to Article 72; or	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

74.2.f	(f) fail to comply with the conditions for access to the Commission's file pursuant to Article 79(4).	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.3	Before adopting the decision pursuant to paragraph 2 of this Article, the Commission shall communicate its preliminary findings to the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or to another person referred to in Article 67(1).	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
74.4	In fixing the amount of the fine, the Commission shall have regard to the nature, gravity, duration and recurrence of the infringement and, for fines imposed pursuant to paragraph 2, the delay caused to the proceedings.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
75.1	Article 75 Enhanced supervision of remedies to address infringements of obligations laid down in Section 5 of Chapter III When adopting a decision pursuant to Article 73 in relation to an infringement by a provider of a very large online platform or of a very large online search engine of any of the provisions of Section 5 of Chapter III, the Commission shall make use of the enhanced supervision system laid down in this Article. When doing so, it shall take utmost account of any opinion of the Board pursuant to this Article.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
75.2	In the decision referred to in Article 73, the Commission shall require the provider of a very large online platform or of a very large online search engine concerned to draw up and communicate, within a reasonable period specified in the decision, to the Digital Services Coordinators, the Commission and the Board an action plan setting out the necessary measures which are sufficient to terminate or remedy the infringement. Those measures shall include a commitment to perform an independent audit in accordance with Article 37(3) and (4) on the implementation of the other measures, and shall specify the identity of the auditors, as well as the methodology, timing and follow-up of the audit. The measures may also include, where appropriate, a commitment to participate in a relevant code of conduct, as provided for in Article 45.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
75.3	Within one month following receipt of the action plan, the Board shall communicate its opinion on the action plan to the Commission. Within one month following receipt of that opinion, the Commission shall decide whether the measures set out in the action plan are	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	sufficient to terminate or remedy the infringement, and shall set a reasonable period for its implementation. The possible commitment to adhere to relevant codes of conduct shall be taken into account in that decision. The Commission shall subsequently monitor the implementation of the action plan. To that end, the provider of a very large online platform or of a very large online search engine concerned shall communicate the audit report to the Commission without undue delay after it becomes available, and shall keep the Commission up to date on steps taken to implement the action plan. The Commission may, where necessary for such monitoring, require the provider of a very large online platform or of a very large online search engine concerned to provide additional information within a reasonable period set by the Commission. The Commission shall keep the Board and the Digital Services Coordinators informed about the implementation of the action plan, and about its monitoring thereof.					
75.4	The Commission may take necessary measures in accordance with this Regulation, in particular Article 76(1), point (e), and Article 82(1), where:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
75.4.a	(a) the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned fails to provide any action plan, the audit report, the necessary updates or any additional information required, within the applicable period;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
75.4.b	(b) the Commission rejects the proposed action plan because it considers that the measures set out therein are insufficient to terminate or remedy the infringement; or	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
75.4.c	(c) the Commission considers, on the basis of the audit report, any updates or additional information provided or any other relevant information available to it, that the implementation of the action plan is insufficient to terminate or remedy the infringement.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
76.1	Article 76 Periodic penalty payments The Commission may adopt a decision, imposing on the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or other person referred to in Article 67(1), as applicable, periodic penalty payments not exceeding 5 % of the average daily income or worldwide annual turnover in the preceding financial year per day, calculated from	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	the date appointed by the decision, in order to compel them to:					
76.1.a	(a) supply correct and complete information in response to a decision requiring information pursuant to Article 67;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
76.1.b	(b) submit to an inspection which it has ordered by decision pursuant to Article 69;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
76.1.c	(c) comply with a decision ordering interim measures pursuant to Article 70(1);	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
76.1.d	(d) comply with commitments made legally binding by a decision pursuant to Article 71(1);	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
76.1.e	(e) comply with a decision pursuant to Article 73(1), including where applicable the requirements it contains relating to the action plan referred to in Article 75.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
Art.76.2	Where the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or other person referred to in Article 67(1) has satisfied the obligation which the periodic penalty payment was intended to enforce, the Commission may fix the definitive amount of the periodic penalty payment at a figure lower than that under the original decision.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
77.1	Article 77 Limitation period for the imposition of penalties The powers conferred on the Commission by Articles 74 and 76 shall be subject to a limitation period of five years.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
77.2	Time shall begin to run on the day on which the infringement is committed. However, in the case of continuing or repeated infringements, time shall begin to run on the day on which the infringement ceases.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
77.3	Any action taken by the Commission or by the Digital Services Coordinator for the purpose of the investigation or proceedings in respect of an infringement shall interrupt the limitation period for the imposition of fines or periodic penalty payments. Actions which interrupt the limitation period shall include, in particular, the following:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
77.3.a	(a) requests for information by the Commission or by a Digital Services Coordinator;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
77.3.b	(b) inspection;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
77.3.c	(c) the opening of a proceeding by the Commission pursuant to Article 66(1).	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
77.4	Each interruption shall start time running afresh. However, the limitation period for the imposition of fines or periodic penalty payments shall expire at the	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	latest on the day on which a period equal to twice the limitation period has elapsed without the Commission having imposed a fine or a periodic penalty payment. That period shall be extended by the time during which the limitation period has been suspended pursuant to paragraph 5.					
77.5	The limitation period for the imposition of fines or periodic penalty payments shall be suspended for as long as the decision of the Commission is the subject of proceedings pending before the Court of Justice of the European Union.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
78.1	Article 78 Limitation period for the enforcement of penalties The power of the Commission to enforce decisions taken pursuant to Articles 74 and 76 shall be subject to a limitation period of five years.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
78.2	Time shall begin to run on the day on which the decision becomes final.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
78.3	The limitation period for the enforcement of penalties shall be interrupted:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
78.3.a	(a) by notification of a decision varying the original amount of the fine or periodic penalty payment or refusing an application for variation;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
78.3.b	(b) by any action of the Commission, or of a Member State acting at the request of the Commission, designed to enforce payment of the fine or periodic penalty payment.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
78.4	Each interruption shall start time running afresh.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
78.5	The limitation period for the enforcement of penalties shall be suspended for so long as:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
78.5.a	(a) time to pay is allowed;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
78.5.b	(b) enforcement of payment is suspended pursuant to a decision of the Court of Justice of the European Union or to a decision of a national court.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
79.1	Article 79 Right to be heard and access to the file Before adopting a decision pursuant to Article 73(1), Article 74 or 76, the Commission shall give the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or other person referred to in Article 67(1) the opportunity of being heard on:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
79.1.a	(a) preliminary findings of the Commission, including any matter to which the Commission has taken objections; and	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

79.1.b	(b) measures that the Commission may intend to take in view of the preliminary findings referred to point (a).	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
79.2	The provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned or other person referred to in Article 67(1) may submit its observations on the Commission's preliminary findings within a reasonable period set by the Commission in its preliminary findings, which may not be less than 14 days.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
79.3	The Commission shall base its decisions only on objections on which the parties concerned have been able to comment.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
79.4	The rights of defence of the parties concerned shall be fully respected in the proceedings. They shall be entitled to have access to the Commission's file under the terms of a negotiated disclosure, subject to the legitimate interest of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine or other person concerned in the protection of their business secrets. The Commission shall have the power to adopt decisions setting out such terms of disclosure in case of disagreement between the parties. The right of access to the file of the Commission shall not extend to confidential information and internal documents of the Commission, the Board, Digital Service Coordinators, other competent authorities or other public authorities of the Member States. In particular, the right of access shall not extend to correspondence between the Commission and those authorities. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the Commission from disclosing and using information necessary to prove an infringement.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
79.5	The information collected pursuant to Articles 67, 68 and 69 shall be used only for the purpose of this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
80.1	Article 80 Publication of decisions The Commission shall publish the decisions it adopts pursuant to Article 70(1), Article 71(1) and Articles 73 to 76. Such publication shall state the names of the parties and the main content of the decision, including any penalties imposed.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
80.2	The publication shall have regard to the rights and legitimate interests of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned, any other person referred to	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	in Article 67(1) and any third parties in the protection of their confidential information.					
81.1	Article 81 Review by the Court of Justice of the European Union In accordance with Article 261 TFEU, the Court of Justice of the European Union has unlimited jurisdiction to review decisions by which the Commission has imposed fines or periodic penalty payments. It may cancel, reduce or increase the fine or periodic penalty payment imposed.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
82.1	Article 82 Requests for access restrictions and cooperation with national courts Where all powers pursuant to this Section to bring about the cessation of an infringement of this Regulation have been exhausted, the infringement persists and causes serious harm which cannot be avoided through the exercise of other powers available under Union or national law, the Commission may request the Digital Services Coordinator of establishment of the provider of the very large online platform or of the very large online search engine concerned to act pursuant to Article 51(3). Prior to making such request to the Digital Services Coordinator, the Commission shall invite interested parties to submit written observations within a period that shall not be less than 14 working days, describing the measures it intends to request and identifying the intended addressee or addressees thereof.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
82.2	Where the coherent application of this Regulation so requires, the Commission, acting on its own initiative, may submit written observations to the competent judicial authority referred to Article 51(3). With the permission of the judicial authority in question, it may also make oral observations. For the purpose of the preparation of its observations only, the Commission may request that judicial authority to transmit or ensure the transmission to it of any documents necessary for the assessment of the case.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
82.3	When a national court rules on a matter which is already the subject matter of a decision adopted by the Commission under this Regulation, that national court shall not take any decision which runs counter to that Commission decision. National courts shall also avoid taking decisions which could conflict with a decision contemplated by the Commission in proceedings it has	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

	initiated under this Regulation. To that effect, a national court may assess whether it is necessary to stay its proceedings. This is without prejudice to Article 267 TFEU.					
83.1	Article 83 Implementing acts relating to Commission intervention In relation to the Commission intervention covered by this Section, the Commission may adopt implementing acts concerning the practical arrangements for:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
83.1.a	(a) the proceedings pursuant to Articles 69 and 72;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
83.1.b	(b) the hearings provided for in Article 79;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
83.1.c	(c) the negotiated disclosure of information provided for in Article 79.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
83.2	Before the adoption of any measures pursuant to the first paragraph of this Article, the Commission shall publish a draft thereof and invite all interested parties to submit their comments within the period set out therein, which shall not be less than one month. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 88.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
84.1	SECTION 5 — COMMON PROVISIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION Article 84 Professional secrecy Without prejudice to the exchange and to the use of information referred to in this Chapter, the Commission, the Board, Member States' competent authorities and their respective officials, servants and other persons working under their supervision, and any other natural or legal person involved, including auditors and experts appointed pursuant to Article 72(2), shall not disclose information acquired or exchanged by them pursuant to this Regulation and of the kind covered by the obligation of professional secrecy.	1	56	Article 56 Professional secrecy Without prejudice to the exchange and use of the information referred to in this Section, the Digital Services Coordinator, the competent authorities and their officials, employees and other persons working under their supervision, as well as any other natural or legal person involved, such as auditors and experts, shall not disclose the information received, or exchanged by them, in accordance with this law as well as any information, which is covered by the obligation of professional secrecy.	F	
85.1	Article 85 Information sharing system The Commission shall establish and maintain a reliable and secure information sharing system supporting communications between Digital Services Coordinators, the Commission and the Board. Other competent authorities may be granted access to this	1	57	Article 57 Information sharing system The Digital Services Coordinator shall establish and maintains a reliable and secure information sharing system , which supports its communications with other competent authorities.	F	

	system where necessary for them to carry out the tasks conferred to them in accordance with this Regulation.					
85.2	The Digital Services Coordinators, the Commission and the Board shall use the information sharing system for all communications pursuant to this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
85.3	The Commission shall adopt implementing acts laying down the practical and operational arrangements for the functioning of the information sharing system and its interoperability with other relevant systems. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 88.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
86.1	Article 86 Representation Without prejudice Directive (EU) 2020/1828 or to any other type of representation under national law, recipients of intermediary services shall at least have the right to mandate a body, organisation or association to exercise the rights conferred by this Regulation on their behalf, provided the body, organisation or association meets all of the following conditions:	1	58.1	Article 58 Representation 1.Recipients of intermediary services shall have the right to mandate a body, organisation or association to exercise the rights conferred by this law on their behalf, provided that the body, organisation or association meets all of the following conditions:	F	
86.1.a	(a) it operates on a not-for-profit basis;	1	58.1.a	a)it operates on a non-profit basis;	F	
86.1.b	(b) it has been properly constituted in accordance with the law of a Member State;	1	58.1.b	b)be established in accordance with national law;	F	
86.1.c	(c) its statutory objectives include a legitimate interest in ensuring that this Regulation is complied with.	1	58.1.c	c)its statutory objectives include a legitimate interest in ensuring that this law is complied with.	F	
86.2	Providers of online platforms shall take the necessary technical and organisational measures to ensure that complaints submitted by bodies, organisations or associations referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article on behalf of recipients of the service through the mechanisms referred to in Article 20(1) are processed and decided upon with priority and without undue delay.	1	58.2	2.Providers of online platforms shall take the necessary technical and organisational measures to ensure that complaints submitted by the bodies, organisations or associations referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, on behalf of recipients of the service through the mechanisms referred to in paragraph 1 of Article 20 of this law, are processed and decided upon with priority without undue delay.	F	
87.1	SECTION 6 DELEGATED AND IMPLEMENTING ACTS Article 87 Exercise of delegation The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

87.2	The delegation of power referred to in Articles 24, 33, 37, 40 and 43 shall be conferred on the Commission for five years starting from 16 November 2022. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the five-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
87.3	The delegation of power referred to in Articles 24, 33, 37, 40 and 43 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision of revocation shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
87.4	Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
87.5	As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
87.6	A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 24, 33, 37, 40 and 43 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed by either the European Parliament or the Council within a period of three months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by three months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
88.1	Article 88 Committee procedure The Commission shall be assisted by a committee ('the Digital Services Committee'). That Committee shall be a Committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
88.2	Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 4 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

89	CHAPTER IV FINAL PROVISIONS Amendments to Directive 2000/31/EC Articles 12 to 15 of Directive 2000/31/EC are deleted. References to Articles 12 to 15 of Directive 2000/31/EC shall be construed as references to Articles 4, 5, 6 and 8 of this Regulation, respectively.	2	4			This article is approximated with Article 4, of the draft law on some additions and amendments to Law no. 10128/2009 on electronic commerce;
90	Article 90 Amendment of Directive (EU) 2020/1828 In Annex I to Directive (EU) 2020/1828, the following point is added: ‘(68) Regulation (EU) 2022/2065 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 October 2022 on a Single Market for Digital Services and amending Directive 2000/31/EC (Digital Services Act) (OJ L 277, 27.10.2022, p. 1).’.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.1	Article 91 Review 1 By 18 February 2027, the Commission shall evaluate and report to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee on the potential effect of this Regulation on the development and economic growth of small and medium-sized enterprises.	1	59	Article 59 Review	F	
	By 17 November 2025, the Commission shall evaluate and report to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee on:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.1.a	(a) the application of Article 33, including the scope of providers of intermediary services covered by the obligations set out in Section 5 of Chapter III of this Regulation;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.1.b	(b) the way that this Regulation interacts with other legal acts, in particular the acts referred to in Article 2(3) and (4).	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.2	By 17 November 2027, and every five years thereafter, the Commission shall evaluate this Regulation, and report to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee. This report shall address in particular:	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.2.a	(a) the application of paragraph 1, second subparagraph, points (a) and (b);	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	

91.2.b	(b) the contribution of this Regulation to the deepening and efficient functioning of the internal market for intermediary services, in particular as regards the cross-border provision of digital services;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.2.c	(c) the application of Articles 13, 16, 20, 21, 45 and 46;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.2.d	(d) the scope of the obligations on small and micro enterprises;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.2.e	(e) the effectiveness of the supervision and enforcement mechanisms;	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.2.f	(f) the impact on the respect for the right to freedom of expression and information.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.3	Where appropriate, the report referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be accompanied by a proposal for amendment of this Regulation.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.4	The Commission shall, in the report referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, also evaluate and report on the annual reports on their activities by the Digital Services Coordinators provided to the Commission and the Board pursuant to Article 55(1).	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.5	For the purpose of paragraph 2, Member States and the Board shall send information on the request of the Commission.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.6	In carrying out the evaluations referred to in paragraph 2, the Commission shall take into account the positions and findings of the European Parliament, the Council, and other relevant bodies or sources, and shall pay specific attention to small and medium-sized enterprises and the position of new competitors.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
91.7	By 18 February 2027, the Commission, after consulting the Board, shall carry out an assessment of the functioning of the Board and of the application of Article 43, and shall report it to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee, taking into account the first years of application of the Regulation. On the basis of the findings and taking utmost account of the opinion of the Board, that report shall, where appropriate, be accompanied by a proposal for amendment of this Regulation with regard to the structure of the Board.	1	N.a	N.a	Not applicable	
92	Article 92 Anticipated application to providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search engines This Regulation shall apply to providers of very large online platforms and of very large online search	1	60.1 60.2 60.3	Article 60 Phased implementation of the provisions of this law 1. Articles 16 to 32, of Chapter III, concerning the additional provisions applicable to providers of hosting services, including online platforms, the	F	

	engines designated pursuant to Article 33(4) from four months after the notification to the provider concerned referred to in Article 33(6) where that date is earlier than 17 February 2024.			additional provisions applicable to providers of online platforms and the additional applicable provisions, as well as Articles 44 to 48, of this law, which define “Other provisions concerning due diligence obligations”, shall enter into force 6 months after the publication of this Law in the Official Gazette. 2. Articles 33 to 48 of this law, for very large online platforms and all references to very large online platforms and search engines in the law, in Article 14, points 5 and 6, Article 19, points 1 and 2, Article 24, points 2 and 3, Article 29, point 2, Article 44, point 1, letter e), Article 45, point 2, Article 46, point 2, letter b, Article 48, point 2, letter b, Article 51, shall enter into force 12 months after the publication of this Law in the Official Gazette. 3. Articles 33 to 48 of this law on very large online platforms, are repealed from the moment of entry into force of the treaty of accession of the Republic of Albania to the European Union.		
93	Article 93 Entry into force and application This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union. This Regulation shall apply from 17 February 2024. However, Article 24(2), (3) and (6), Article 33(3) to (6), Article 37(7), Article 40(13), Article 43 and Sections 4, 5 and 6 of Chapter IV shall apply from 16 November 2022.	1		Article 61 Entry into force This law enters into force 15 days after publication in the Official Gazette.		