

BCO Network WEBseries

5G Quality of Service measurement methodology

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Consultation link



- Please scan the QR code
- Or find the consultation here:
<https://ec.europa.eu/eusurveyrunner/5G-Quality-of-Service-mapping-methodology>

5G Mobile & FWA QoS Coverage Mapping Methodology

> Stakeholder engagement <

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Background: Scope & Objectives

- methodology for geographical mapping of 5G (mobile & FWA) quality
- build on & address gaps of existing guidelines:
 1. Article 22 BEREC Guidelines on Geographical Surveys of Network Deployments
 2. Mapping Annex of Guidelines on State Aid for Broadband Networks
- **goal:** common & fully harmonized approach to 5G broadband mapping, enabling meaningful comparison of estimated QoS of 5G mobile/FWA networks across MS
- valid for policy, regulatory, and state aid contexts, preventing burden of NRA/OCA making multiple requests for 5G mapping data towards MNOs

- **Digital Decade target:**

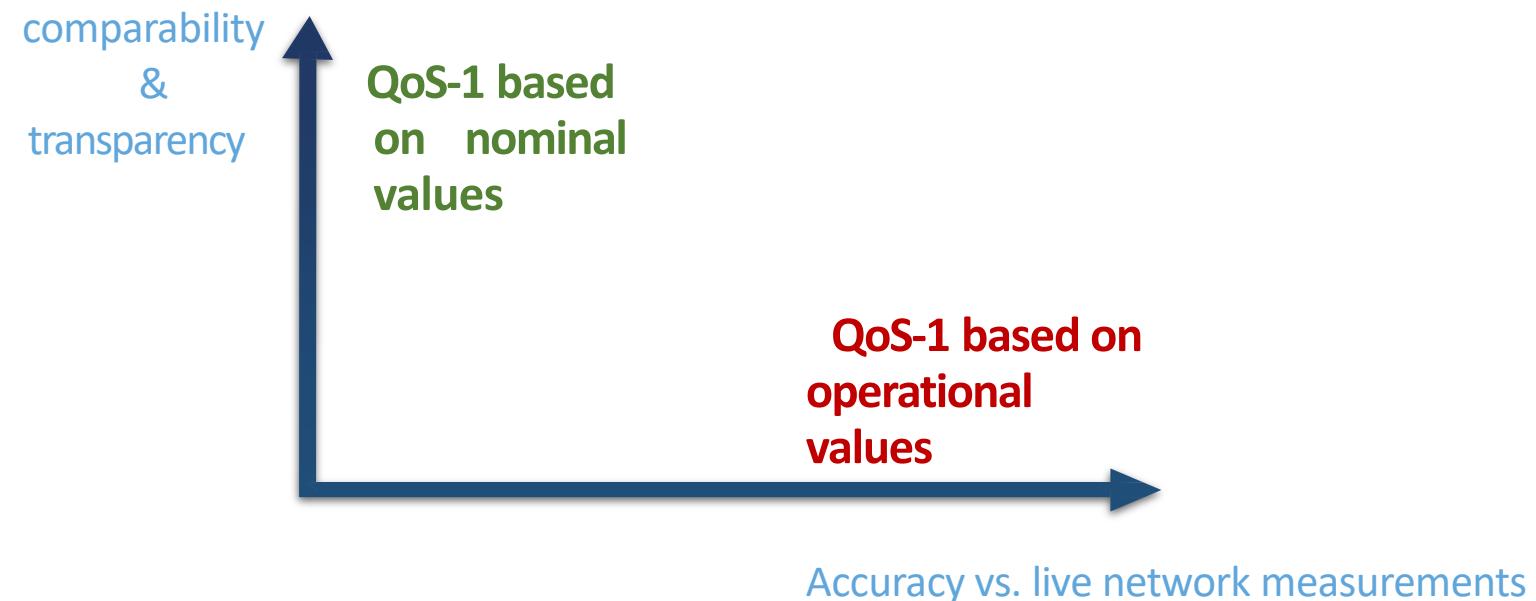
“all populated areas are covered by next-generation wireless high-speed networks with performance at least equivalent to that of 5G”

- **5G QoS KPI:** 5G radio signal coverage insufficient, imperative to estimate performance of 5G networks in terms of QoS under "peak-time" conditions
- this Methodology is a prescriptive & detailed guide for quantifying:
 - **5G theoretical radio coverage**, reflecting service availability vs. RSS threshold
 - **5G QoS coverage**, in terms of estimated peak-time end-user speeds in DL/UL

Scope & Objectives

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- to estimate 5G QoS-1 end-user speeds, methodology adopts **low complexity, transparent modelling approach** and specifies nominal (rather than operational) parameter values wherever appropriate



- selected modelling approach addresses the key goals:
 - i. **straightforward comparability** of the 5G QoS mapping data across MSs
 - ii. **transparency & understandability** of 5G QoS mapping data across spectrum of potential end-users
 - iii. **applicability to both existing & planned** 5G network infrastructure deployments (in the context of state aid)

Methodology Overview

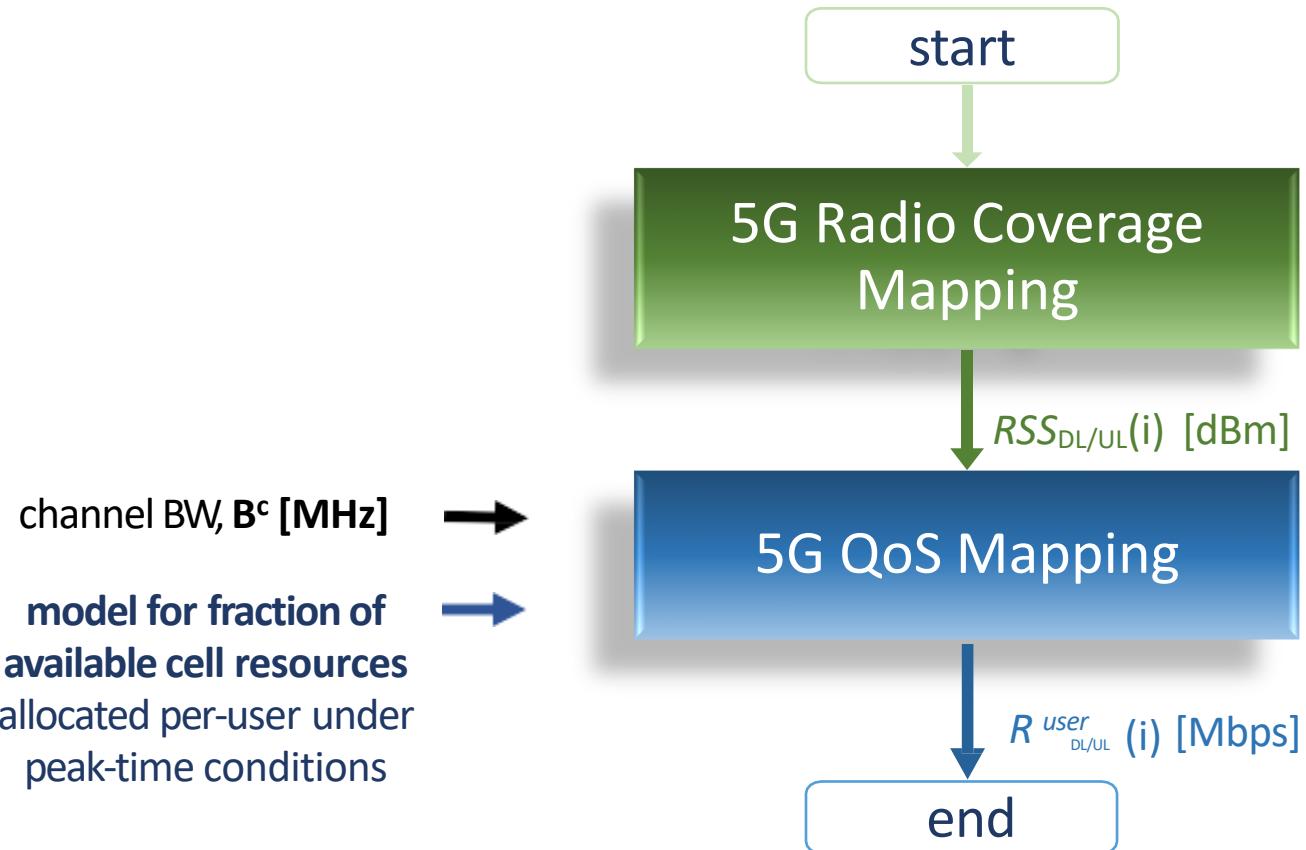
Methodology Overview

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- territorial mapping: 5G radio coverage & 5G QoS coverage data on the basis of 20 m × 20 m grid pixels* (TBD)
- MNO must calculate & report 5G mapping data to NRA per freq. band & per-pixel
- 5G wireless networks may offer:
 - (1) mobile broadband service: **5G mobile networks**
 - (2) fixed wireless access service: **5G FWA networks**
 - > methodology requires **separate mapping of mobile and FWA deployments**
 - > in case MNO using common frequency band for mobile & FWA, must declare **fixed mobile: FWA channel bandwidth partitioning ratio** and map mobile & FWA separately
- distinguish **5G-NR FR1** (sub-6 GHz) vs. **5G-NR FR2** (mm-wave)

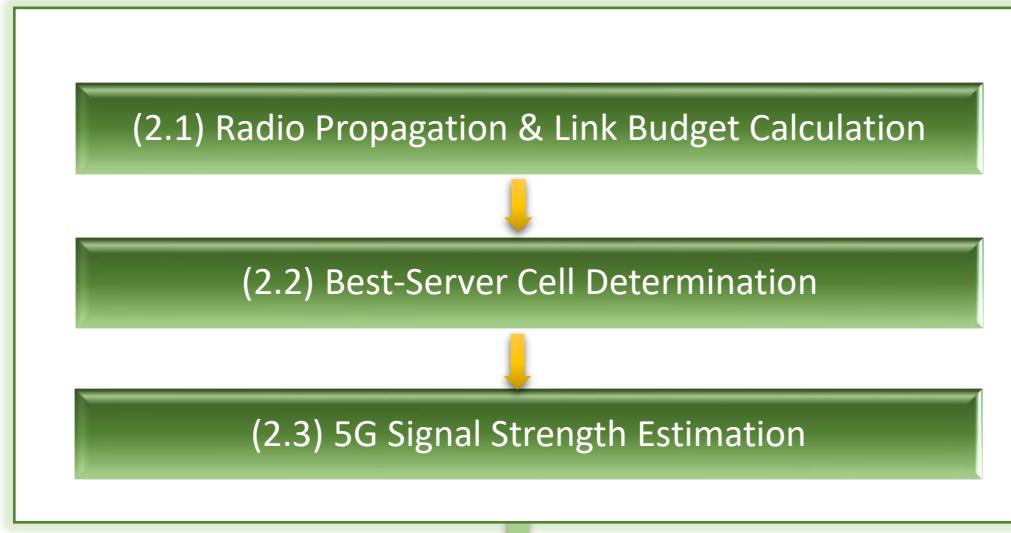
Methodology Overview

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Methodology Overview

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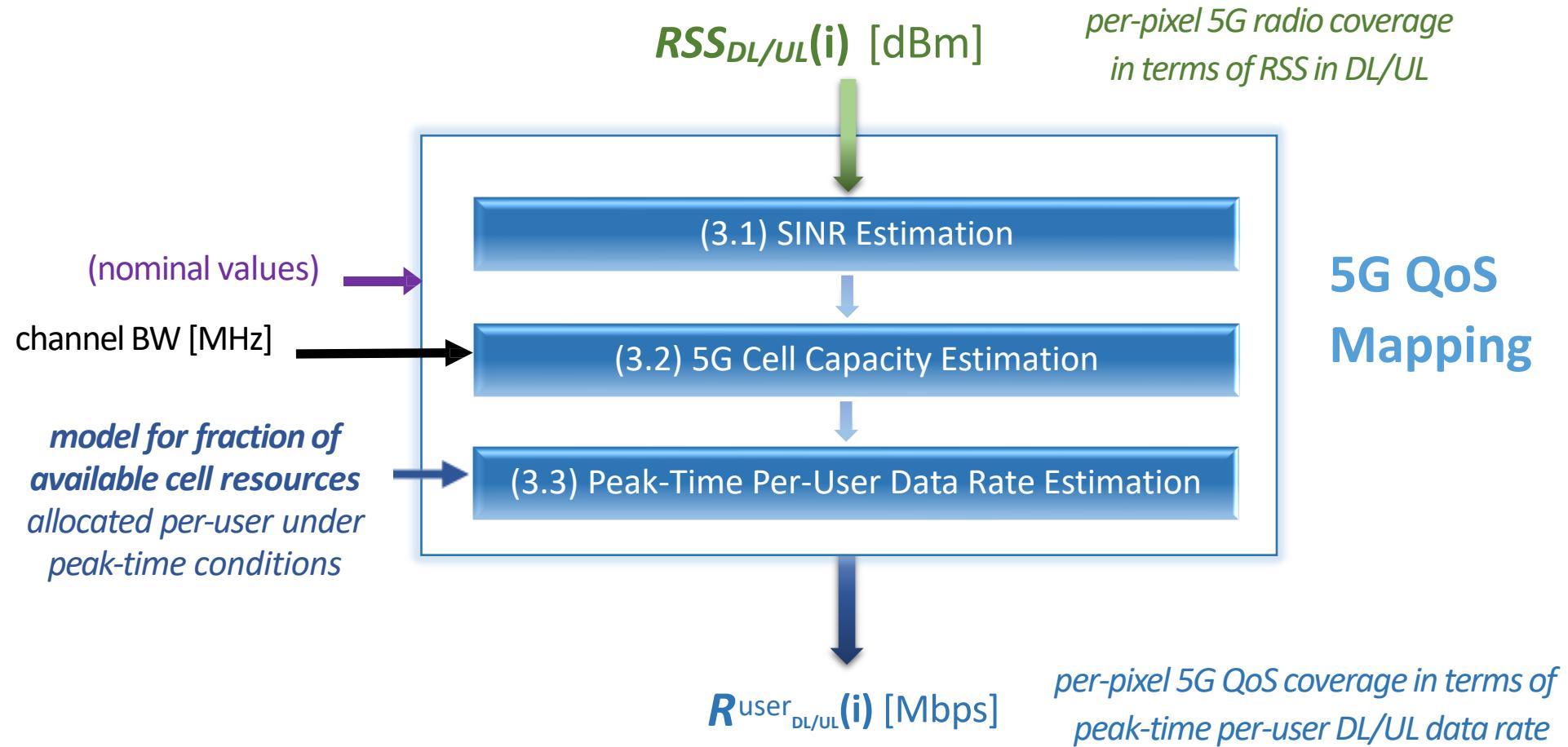


$RSS_{DL/UL}(i)$ [dBm]

*per-pixel 5G radio coverage
in terms of RSS in DL/UL*

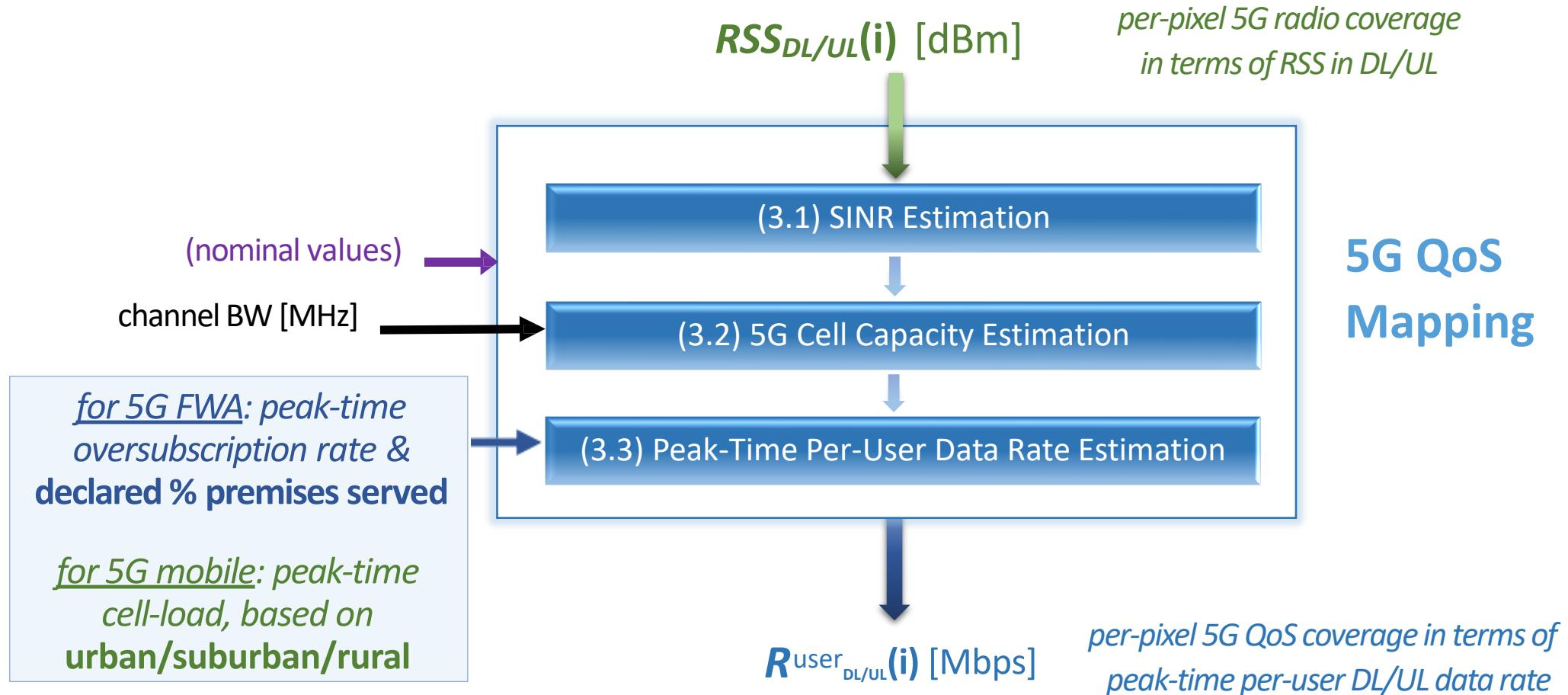
Methodology Overview

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Methodology Overview

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Collection & Aggregation of 5G QoS Mapping Data

Collection of 5G QoS Mapping Data

- 5G QoS mapping data to be reported by MNO to NRA, for each of its 5G-NR operating bands (per-pixel, over target network area):
 - classification of 5G service offered in the operating band f_c : *mobile* or *FWA*;
 - channel bandwidth B^c in the operating band f_c
 - 5G radio coverage in terms of RSS in DL/UL: $RSS_{DL/UL}(i)$ [dBm]
 - 5G QoS coverage in terms of peak-time per-user DL/UL data rate: $R_{user,DL/UL}(i)$ [Mbps]
 - for FWA: the declared percentage of premises λ served at the reported 5G QoS level
- additional data may need to be disclosed by MNO for basic/in-depth verification purposes (at request of NRA)

Aggregation of 5G QoS Mapping Data

- upon receiving the **5G mobile and FWA mapping data** from each MNO, the NRA/OCA shall aggregate the data to **produce composite national maps**
- depending on the regulatory objective, one or more method may be used:
 - **minimum per location**: taking the lowest QoS value reported by any MNO for each pixel: suitable for identifying under-served areas where no operator delivers the required performance (e.g. for state-aid screening)
 - **market-share-weighted average per location**: calculating a weighted average of the QoS values reported by all MNOs for each pixel, using each MNO's national market share for the weighting factors: **provides an estimate of the typical end-user experience**
 - **maximum per location**: taking the highest QoS value reported by any MNO for each pixel: reflects areas that are served by at least one operator at the given QoS level, **suitable for coverage reporting under the Digital Decade targets or for public transparency maps**

Thank you!
Questions?

